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## GEORGE R.

EEORGE the Second, by the Grace of God, King of Great Britain, France and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, \&c. To all to whon thefe Prefents fhall come, Greeting. Whereas Fames Buckland. Fames Waugh, Fobn Ward, Thornas Longman, and Eiwnid Dilly, Citizens and Bookfellers of our City of London, have by their Petition humbly reprefented unto Us, that they have pur chafed the Copy-Right of the Whole. Works of the late Doctor Isaac Watts, and that they are now printing and preparing for the Prefs new Editions with Improvements of feveral of the feparate Pieces of the faid Doctor Ifaac Watts. They have therefore mot humbly prayed Us, that We would be gracioufly pleafed to grant threm our Royal Licence and Protection for the fole printing. publifhing, and vending the faid Works, in as a mple Manner and Form as has been done in Cales of the like Nature; We being willing to give all due Encouragement to Works of this Nature, which may be of public Ufe and Benefit, are gracioufly pleafed to condefcend to their Requeft, and do therefore by thefe Prefents, as far as may be agreeable to the Statute in that Behalf made and provided grant unto them, the faid Fames Buikland, Fames Waugh, Jobn Ward, Thomas Longman, and Edzoara Dilly, their Executors, Adminiftrators, and Affigns, our Royal Privilege and Licence, for the fole printing, publifhing, and vending the faid Works for the Term of fourteen Years, to be computed from the Date hereof, Aritzly forbidding and prohibiting all our Subjects within our Kingdoms and Dominions, to reprint, abridge, or trannlate the fame, either in the like, or any other Volume or Volumes whatfoever, or to import, buy, vend, utter, or diftribute any Copies thereof reprinted beyond the Seas, during the aforefaid Term of fourteen Years, without the Confent and Approbation of the faid Fames Buckland, Fames Waugh, Jobn Ward, Thomas Longman, and Edzuard Dilly. their Executors, Adminiftrators and Affigns, by Writing under their Hands and Seals firft had and obtained, as they and every of them offending herein, will anfwer the contrary at their Peril, whereof the Commiffioners and other Officers of our Cufloms, the Mafter, Wardens, and Company of Stationers of our City of London, and allother our Officers and Minifters, whom it may concern, are to take Notice, that due Obedience be rendered to our Pleafure herein fignified.


## HORELYRIC风.

## P O E <br> CHIEFLY OF THE

L YR I CK I N D.
In THREE BOOKS.
SACRED
I. To Devotion and Piety.
II. To Virtue, Honour, and Friendship.
III. To the Memory of the Dead.

By $I$. $W A \mathcal{T} \mathcal{T} S, \quad$ D. D.
-_Si non Uraniê Loran
Gceleflent cohibct, nee Polyhymnia Humanum refugit tender Barbiton.

Hor. Od. I. imitate.

 Tés te KaraxGovíes. Pythag. Aura. Car.

## LO N D ON:

Printed for J. Buckland and T. Longman, in Paternofter-Row; C. Dilly, in the Poultry; and T. Field, in Leadenhall-Street. M DEC LXXIX.


## T H E

## PREFACE.

T has been a long Complaint of the virtuous and refined World, that Poefy, whofe Original is Divine, fhould be ennaved to Vice and Profanenefs; that an Art infpired from Heaven, fhould have fo far loft the Memory of its Birth-place, as to be engaged in the Interefts of Hell. How unhappily is it perverted from its moft glorious Defign! How bafely has it been driven away from its proper Station in the Temple of GoD, and abufed to much Difhonour! The Iniquity of Men has conftrained it to ferve their vileft Purpofes, while the Sons of Piety mourn the Sacrilege and the Shame.

The eldeft Song which Hiftory has brought down to our Ears, was a noble Act of Worßhip paid to the God of I/rael, when his right Hand became giorious in Power; when thy right Hand, O Lord, dafsed in Pieces the Enemy: The Chariots of Pbaraob and his Hofts were caft ints the Red-Sea; thou didft

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blow with thy Wind, the Deep covered them, and they fank as Lead in the mighty Waters, Exod. xv. This Art was maintained facred through the following Ages of the Church, and employed by Kings and Prophets, by David, Solomon, and Isaiah, in defcribing the Nature and the Glories of God, and in conveying Grace or Vengeance to the Hearts of Men. By this Method, they brought fo much of Heaven down to this lower World, as the Darknefs of that Difpenfation would admit: And now and then a divine and poetic Rapture lifted their Souls far above the Level of that Oeconomy of Shadows, bore them away far into a brighter Region, and gave them a Glimpfe of evangelic Day. The Life of Angels was harmonioufly breathed into the Children of ADAM, and their Minds raifed near to Heaven in Melody and Devotion at once.

In the younger Days of Heathenifm, the Mufes were devoted to the fame Service: The Language in which old Hesiod addreffes them is this :



Pierian Mujes, fam'd for beav'nly Lays, Defcend, and fing the God your Fatber's Praife.

And he purfues the Subject in ten pious Lines, which I could not forbear to tranfcribe, if the Arpect and sound of fo much Greek were not terrifying to a nice Reader.

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But fome of the latter Poets of the Pagan World have debafed this divine Gift; and many of the Writers of the firft Rank, in this our Age of National Cbriftians, have, to their eternal Shame, furpaffed the vileft of the Gentiles. They have not only difrobed Religion of all the Ornaments of Verfe, bue have employed their Pens in impious Mifchief, to deform her native Beauty, and defile her Honours. They have expofed her moft facred Character to Drollery, and dreffed her up in a moft vile and ridiculous Difguife, for the Scorn of the ruder. Herd of Mankind. The Vices have been painted like fo many Goddeffes, the Charms of Wit have been added to Debauchery, and the Temptation heightened where Nature needs the ftrongeft Reffraints. With Sweetnefs of Sound, and Delicacy of Exprefion, they have given a Relifh to Blafphemies of the harfhet Kind; and when they rant at their Maker in fonorous Numbers, they fancy themfelves to have acted the Hero well.

Thus almof in vain have the Throne and the Pulpit cried Reformation; while the Stage and licentious Poems have waged open War with the pious Defign of Church and State. The Prefs has fpread the Poifon far, and fcattered wide the mortal Infection : Unthinking Youth have been enticed to Sin beyond the vicious Propenfities of Nature, plungel early into Difeafes and Death, and funk down to Damnation in Multitudes. Was it for this that Poefy was endued with all thofe Allurements that

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lead the Mind away in a pleafing Captivity? Was it for this, fhe was furnifhed with fo many intellectual Charms, that fhe might feduce the Heart from GOD, the original Beauty, and the moft lovely of Beings ? Can I ever be perfuaded, that thofe fweet and refiftlefs Forces of Metaphor, Wit, Sound and Number, were given with this Defign, that they thould be all ranged under the Banner of the great malicious Spirit, to invade the Rights of Heaven, and to bring fwift and everlafting Deftruction upon Men? How will thefe Allies of the nether World, the lewd and profane Verfifiers ftand aghaft before the great Judge, when the Blood of many Souls, whom they never faw, fhall be laid to the Charge of their Writings, and be dreadfully required at their Hands? The Reverend Mr Collier has fet this awful Scene before them in juft and flaming Colours. If the Application were not too rude and uncivil, that noble Stanza of my Lord Roscommon, on P falm cxlviii. might be addreffed to them:

Ye Dragons, whofe contagious Breath,
Peoples the dark Retreats of Death,
Cbange your dire ITifings into beavenly Songs, And praife your Maker with your forked Tongues.

This Profanation and Debafement of fo divine an Art, has tempted fome weaker Chriftians to imagine that Poetry and Vice are naturally akin; or at leaft, that Verfe is fit only to recommend Trifles, and entertain our loofer Hours, but it is too light and trivial a Method to treat any Thing that is ferious

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and facred. They fubmit, indeed, to ufe it in divine Pfalmody, but they love the drieft Tranflation of the Pfalm beft. They will venture to fing a dull Hymn or two at Church, in Tunes of equal Dulnefs; but ftill they perfuade themfelves, and their Children, that the Beauties of Poefy are vain and dangerous. All that arifes a Degree above Mr Sternhold is too airy for Worfhip, and hardly efcapes the Sentence of unclean and abominable. It is ftrange, that Perfons that have the Bible in their Hands, thould be led away by thoughtlefs Prejudices to fo wild and rafh an Opinion. Let me entreat them not to indulge this four, this cenforious Humour too far, left the facred Writers fall under the Lafh of their unlimited and unguarded Reproaches. Let me entreat them to look into their Bibles, and remember the Style and Way of Writing that is ufed by the ancient Prophets. Have they forgot; or were they never told, that many Parts of the Old Teftament are Hebrew Verfe? And the Figures are ftronger, and the Metaphors bolder, and the Images more furprifing and ftrange than ever I read in any profane Writer. When Deboraf fings her Praifes to the GO1) of Ifrael, while he marched from the Field of Edom, the fets the Eartb a trembling, the Heavens drop, and the Mountains diffolve from before the Lord. They fought from Heaven, the Stars in their Courjes fought againft Sifera: When the River of Kibbon fivept them away, that ancient River, the River Kighon. $O$ my Soul, Thou biat

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trodden down Strength, Judg. v. E*c. When EiIphaz, in the Book of Job, fpeaks his Senfe of the Holinefs of God, he introduces a Machine in a Vifion: Fear came upon me, Trembling on all my Bones, the Hair of my Fleh flood up; a Spirit paljed by and fiood fill, but its Form was undifcernible; an Image before mine Eyes, and Silence; then I beard a Voice, faying, Sball mortal Man be more juft than God? \&c. Job iv. When he defcribes the Safety of the Righteous, he bides him from the Scourge of the Tongue, he makes him laugh at Deffruction and Famine, he brings the Stones of the Field into Lengue with bim, and makes the Brute Animals enter into a Covenant of Peace, $\mathcal{F}$ ob v. 21, \&c. When Јов fpeaks of the Grave, how melancholy is the Gloom that he fpreads over it! it is a Region to which I muft fhortly go, and whence I fall not return; it is a Land of Darknefs, it is Darkness itfelf, the Land of the Sbadow of Death; all Confufion and Diforder, and where the Light is as Darknefs. This is my Houfe, there bave I made niy Bed: I bave faid to Corruption, Thou art my Father, and to the Worm, Thou art my Mother and my Sifter: As for my Hope, who Ball See it? I and my Hope go down together to the Bars of the Pit, Job x. 21. and xvii. 13. When he humbles himfelf in Complainings before the Almightinefs of GOD, what contemptible and feeble Images doth he ufe? Wilt thou break a Leaf driven to and fro? Wilt thous purfue the dry Stubble? I confume away like a rotten Thing, a Garment eaten by the Moth, Job xiii. 25, sic. Thoulifteft me as to the Wind, thou coufeft me

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to ride upon it, and difolveft my Subfance, Job xxiii. 22. Can any Man invent more defpicable Ideas to reprefent the Scoundrel Herd and Refufe of Mankind, than thofe which Job ufes? Chap. xxx. and thereby he aggravates his own Sorrows and Reproaches to Amazement: They that are younger than I have me in Derifion, whofe Fathers I would bave difdained to bave fet with the Dogs of my Flock: For Want and Famine they were folitary; fleeing into the Wilderne/s defolate and wafte: They cut up Mallows by the Bu/bes, and Funiper-roots for their Meat: They were driven forth from among Men, (they cried nfier them as afte. a Thief) to dwell in the Cliffs of the Valleys, in the Cives of the Earth, and in Rocks: Among the Bublies they brayed, under the Nettles they were gathered together ; they were the Children of Fools, yea, Cbildren of bafe Men; they were viler than the Earth: And now am I their Song, yea, I am their By-word, \&re. How mournful and dejected is the Language of his own Sorrows! Terrors are turned upon him, they purfue his Sul as the Wind, and his Welfare pafjes away as a Cloud; bis Bonies are pierced within bim, and bis Soul is poured out; be goes mourning zuitbout the Sun, a Brotber to Dragons, and a Companion to Owis; zubile bis Harp and Organ are turned into the Voice of theri that weep. I muft tranferibe one half of this holy Book, if I would fhew the Grandeur, the Variety, and the Juftnefs of his Ideas, or the Pomp and Betauty of his Expreffion: I muft copy out a good part of the Writings of David and Isarah, if I. would reprefent the poetical Excellencies of their

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Thoughts and Style : Nor is the Language of the leffer Prophets, efpecially in fome Paragraphs, much inferior to thefe.

Now while they paint human Nature in its various Forms and Circumftances, if their Defigning be fo juft and noble, their Difpofition fo artful, and their Colouring fo bright, beyond the moft famed human Writers, how much more muft their Defcriptions of God and Heaven exceed all that is poffible to be faid by a meaner Tongue? When they fpeak of the Dwelling-place of G O D, He inbabits Eternity, and fits upon the Throne of bis Holiness, in the midft of Light inacceffible. When his Holinefs is mentioned, The Heavens are not clean in his Sight, be charges bis Angels with Folly: He looks to the Moon, and it Bineth not, and the Stars are not pure before his Eyes: He is a jealous God, and a confuming Fire. If we fpeak of Strength, Behold, be is frong : He removes the Mountains, and they know it not, 'He overturns them in bis Anger: He bakes the Earth from ber Place, and ber Pillars tremble: He makes a Path tbrough the mighty Waters, be difcovers the Foundations of the World: The Pillars of Heaven are aftonibed at his Reproof. And after all, Thefe are but a Portion of bis Ways: The Thunder of bis Power, who can underftand? His Sovereignty, his Knowledge, and his Widdom, are revealed to us in Language vaftly fuperior to all the poetical Accounts of Heathen Divinity. Let the Potherds Arive with the Pot/berds of the Earth; but Ball the Clay fay to bim that faßbioneth it, What makeft thou? He bids the Heavens drop down from above, and

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-let the Skies pour down Rigbteoufne/s. He commards the Sun, and it rifeth not, and be Sealeth up the Stars. It is be that faith to the Deep, Be dry, and be drieth up the Rivers. Woe to them that feek deep to bide their Counfel from the Lord; bis Eyes are upon all their Ways, be underfands their Thougbts afar off. Hell is naked before bim, and Deffruction bath no Covering. He calls out all the Stars by their Names, be fruftrateth the Tokens of the Liars, and makes the Diviners mad: He turns wife Men backward, and their Knowledge becomes foolifh. His tranfcendent Eminence above all Things is moft nobly reprefented, when he fits upon the Circle of the Earth, and the Inbabitants thereof are as Grajhoppers: All Nations before bim are as the Drop of a Bucket, and as the frall Duft of the Balance: He takes up the Ifles as a very little Thing; Lebanon, with all her Beaff, is not Sufficient for a Sacrifice to this God, nor are all her Trees fufficient for the Burning. This GOD, before whom the whole Creation is as nothing, yea, lefs than nothing, and Vanity. To which of all the Heathen Gods then will ye compare me, faith the Lord, and what Ball I be likened to? And to which of all the Heathen Poets thall we liken or compare this glorious Orator, the facred Defcriber of the Godhead? The Orators of all Nations are as nothing before him, and their Words are Vanity and Emptinefs. Let us turn our Eyes now to fome of the Holy Writings, where GOD is creating the World: How meanly do the beft of the Gentiles talk and trife upon this Subject, when brought into Comparifon

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with Moses, whom Longinus himfelf, a Gentile Critic, cites as a Mafter of the Sublime Style, when he chofe to ufe it ; and the Lord Said, Let there be Light, and there was Light; let there be Clouds and Seas, Sun and Stars, Plants and Animals, and bebold they are: He commanded, and they appear and obey: By the Word of the Lord were the Heavens made, and all the Hoft of them by the Breath of bis Mouth: This is working like a GOD, with infinite Eafe and Omnipotence. His Wonders of Providence for the Terror and Ruin of his Adverfaries, and for the Succour of his Saints, is fet before our Eyes in the Scripsure with equal Magnificence, and as becomes Divinity. When be arifes out of his Place, the Earth trembles, the Foundations of the Hills are 乃oken becoufe he is wuroth: There goes a Smoke up out of his Noftrils, and Fire out of bis Mouth devoureth, Coals are kindled by it. He bows the Heavens, and comes down, and Darkness is under bis Feet. The Mountains malt like IVax, and forv down at bis Prefence. If Virgil, Homer or Pindar, were to prepare an Equipage for a defcending God, they might ufe Thunder and Lightnings too, and Clouds and Fire, to form a Chariot and Horfes for the Battle, or the Triumph; but there is none of them provides him a Flight of Cberubs inftead of Horfes, or feats him in Chariots of: Saluation. David beholds him riding upon the Heaven of Heavens, by bis Name JAH: He was mounted upon a Cberub and did fly, be flew on the Wings of the Wind; and Habakkuk fends the

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Pefilence before bim. Homer keeps a mighty Stir with his Ne $\varphi \in \lambda \eta \gamma \varepsilon \rho_{\varepsilon} i_{i}^{\prime} Z_{\varepsilon v} \dot{s}$, and Hesiod with his
 Clouds, and that makes a Noife, or thunders on high. But a Divine Poet makes the Clouds but the Duft of his Feet; and when the Higheft gives bis Voice in the Heavens, Hail Stones and Coals of Fire follow. A Divine Poet difcovers the Channel's of the Waters, and lays open the Foundations of Nature; at thy Rebuke, O Lord, at the Blaft of the Breath of thy Noftrils. When the HOL Y ONE alighted upon Mount Sinai, bis Glory covered the Heavens: He flood and menfured the Earth: He bebeld and drove afunder the Nations, and the everlafing Mountains were fcattered: The perpetual Hills did bow; his Ways are everlafing. Then the Prophet faw the Tints of CusBan in Affiction, and the Curtains of the Land of Midian did tremble, Hab. iii. Nor did the bleffed Spirit which animated thefe Writers, forbid them the Ufe of Vifions, Dreams, the opening of Scenes dreadful and delightful, and the Introduction of Machines upon great Occafions: The divine Licence in this refpect is admirable and furprifing, and the Images are often too bold and dangerous for an uninfpired Writer to imitate. MrDennis has made a noble Effay to difcover how much fuperior is infpired Poefy to the brighteft and beft Defcriptions of a mortal Pen. Perhaps, if his Propofal of Criticifm had been encouraged and purfued, the Nation might have learnt more Value for the Word of GOD, and the Wits of the Age might have been fecured from the

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Danger of Deifm ; while they muft have been forced to confers at leaft the Divinity of all the poetical Books of Scripture, when they fee a Genius running through them more than human.

Who is there now will dare to affert, that the Doctrines of our holy Faith will not indulge or endure a delightful Drefs? Shall the French Poet * affright us, by faying,

> De lay foy d'un Cbrêtien les Myfteres terribles, D' Ornemens egayez ne font point fufceptibles?

But the French Critic $\S$, in his Reflections upon Eloquence, tells us, "That the Majefty of our Re* " ligion, the Holinefs of its Laws, the Purity of its " Morals, the Heighth of its Myfteries, and the Im" portance of every Subject that belongs to it re"s quires a Grandeur, a Noblenefs, a Majefty, and " Elevation of Style fuited to the Theme: Sparkling " Images andmagnificent Expreffions muft be ufed, "s and are beft borrowed from Scripture: Let the " Preacher, that aims at Eloquence, read the Pro" phets inceffantly, for their Writings are an abun" dant Source of all the Riches and Ornaments of "Speech." And, in my Opinion, this is far better Counfel than Horace gives us, when he fays,
-_Vos exemplaria Graca
Noçurhá verfate Manu, verfate diurnâ.
As in the Conduct of my Studies with regard to Divinity, I have reafon to repent of nothing mare

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than that I have not perufed the Bible with more Frequency; fo if I were to fet up for a Poet, with'a Defign to exceed all the modern Writers, I would follow the Advice of Rapin, and read the Prophets Night and Day. I am fure, the Compofures of the following Book would have been filled with much greater Senfe, and appeared with much more agreeable Ornaments, had I derived a larger Portion from the Holy Scriptures.

Besides, we may fetch a further Anfwer to Monfieur Boileau's Objection, from other Poets of his own Country. What a noble Ufe have Racine and Corneille made of Chriftian Subjects, in fome of their beft Tragedies? What a Variety of divine Scenes are difplayed, and pious Paffions awakened in thofe Poems? The Martyrdom of Polyeucte, how doth it reign over our Love and Pity, and at the fame Time animate our Zeal and Devotion! May I here be permitted the Liberty to return my Thanks to that fair and ingenious Hand * that directed me to fuch Entertainments in a foreign Language, which I had long wifhed for, and fought in vain in our own. Yet I muft confefs, that the Davideis, and the two Arthurs, have fo far anfwered Boileau's Objection, in Englifh, as that the Obftacles of attempting Chriftian Poefy are broken down, and the vain Pretence of its being impracticable, is experimentally confuted $\dagger$.

## * Pbilomela.

+ Sir Richard Blackmore, in his admirable Preface to his laft Poene entitled Alfred, has more copioully refuted all Boileau's Arguments on


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It is true, indeed, the Chriftian Myfteries have not fuch need of gay Trappings as beautified, or rather compofed, the Heathen Superftition. But this ftill makes for the greater Eafe and furer Succefs of the Poet. The Wonders of our Religion, in a plain Narration and a fimple Drefs, have a native Grandeur, a Dignity, and a Beauty in them, though they do not utterly difdain all Methods of Ornament. The Book of the Revelation feems to be a Prophecy in the Form of an Opera, or a Dramatic Poem, where Divine Art illuftrates the Subject with many charming Glories; but fill it muft be acknowledged, that the naked Themes of Chriftianity have fomething brighter and bolder in them, fomething more furprizing and celeftial than all the Adventures of Gods and Heroes, all the dazling Images of falfe Luftre that form and garnifh a Heathen Song: Here the very Argument would give wonderful Aids to the Mufe, and the heavenly Theme would fo relieve a dull Hour, and a languifhing Genius, that when the Mufe nods, the Senfe would burn and fparkle upon the Reader, and keep him feelingly awake.

With how much lefs Toil and Expence might a Dryden, an Otway, a Congreve, or a Dennis, furnifh out a Chriftian Poem, than a modern Play? There is nothing amongft all the ancient Fables, or later Romances, that have two fuch Extremes united in them, as the Eternal GOD this Subject, and that with great Juffice and Elegance, 1723. I am perfuaded that many Perfons who defpife the Poem would acknowledge the juft Sentiments of that Preface,

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becoming an Infant of Days; the Poffefor of the Palace of Heaven laid to fleep in a Manger; the Holy $\mathcal{F E S U S}$, who knew no Sin, bearing the Sins of Men in his Body on the Tree; Agonies of Sorrow loading the Soul of Him who was GOD over all, bleffed for ever; and the Sovereign of Life Atretching his Arms on a Crofs, bleeding and expiring: The Heaven and the Hell in our Divinity are infinitely more delightful and dreadful than the childifh Figments of a Dog with three Heads, the Buckets of the Belides, the Furies with fnaky Hairs, or all the Alowery Stories of Ely zum. And if we furvey the one as Themes divinely true, and the other as a Medley of Fooleries which we can never believe, the Advantage for touching the Springs of Paffion will fall infinitely on the Side of the Chriftian Poet; our Wonder and our Love, our Pity, Delight and Sorrow, with the long Train of Hopes and Fears, muft needs be under the Command of an harmoniou's Pen, whofe every Line makes a Part of the Reader's Faith, and is the very Life or Death of his Soul.

If the trifling and incredible Tales that furnifh out a Tragedy, are fo armed by Wit and Fancy, as to become Sovereign of the rational Powers, to triumph over all the Affections, and manage our Smiles and our Tears at Pleafure ; how wondrous a Conqueit might be obtained over a wild World, and reduce it, at leaft, to Sobriety, if the fame happy Talent were employed in dreffing the Scenes of Religion in their proper Figures of Majefty, Sweetnefs and Terror? The Wonders of creating Power, of Re.
deeming Love, and Renewing Grace, ought not to be thus impiounly neglected by thofe whom Heaven has endued with a Gift fo proper to adorn and cultivate them : an Art, whofe fweet Infinuations might almoft convey Piety into refifting Nature, and melt the hardeft Soul's to the Love of Virtue. The Affairs of this Life, with their Reference to a Life to come, would Ihine bright in a Dramatic Defcription; nor is there any Need or any Reafon, why we fhould always borrow the Plan or Hiftory from the ancient fews, or primitive Martyrs; though feveral of thefe would furnifh out noble Materials for this Sort of Poefy: But modern Scenes would be better underftood by mof Readers, and the Application would be much more eafy. The Anguifh of inward Guilt, the fecret Stings and Racks and Scourges of Confcience ; the fweet retiring Hours, and feraphical Joys of Devotion; the Victory of a refolved Soul over a thoufand Temptations; the inimitable Love and Paffion of a dying G OD ; the awful Glories of the laft Tribunal; the grand decifive Sentence, from which there is no Appeal; and the confequent Tranfports or Horrors of the two eternal Worlds; thefe Things may be varioufly difpofed, and form many Poems. How might fuch Performances, under a Divine Bleffing, call back the dying Piety of the Nation to Life and Beauty? This would make Religion appear like itfelf, and confound the Blafphemies of a profligate World, ignorant of pious Pleafures.

But

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But we have Reafon to fear, that the tuneful Men of our Day have not raifed their Ambition to fo divine a Pitch ; I hould rejoice to fee more of this celeftial Fire kindling within them; for the Flafhes that break out in fome prefent and paft Writings, betray an infernal Source. This the incomparable Mr Cowley, in the latter End of his Preface, and the ingenious Sir Richard BlackMORE, in the Beginning of his, have fo pathetically defcribed and lamented, that I rather refer the Reader to mourn with them, than detain and tire him here. Thefe Gentlemen, in their large and laboured Works of Poefy, have given the World happy Examples of what they wifh and encourage in Profe; the One in a rich Variety of Thought and Fancy, the Other in all the fhining Colours of profufe and florid Diation.

If fhorter Sonnets were compofed on fublime Subjects, fuch as the Pfalms of DAvid, and the holy Tranfports interfperfed in the other facred Writings, or fuch as the moral Odes of Horace, and the ancient Lyrics; I perfuade myfelf, that the Cbriftian Preacher would find abundant Aid from the Poet, in his Defign to diffufe Virtue, and allure Souls to GOD. If the Heart were firft inflamed from Heaven, and the Mufe were not left alone to form the Devotion, and purfue a cold Scent, but only called in as an Affiftant to the Worfhip, then the Song would end where the Infpiration ceafes; the whole Compofure would be of a Piece, all meridian Light and meridian Fervour; and the fame pious Flame
would be propagated, and kept glowing in the Heart of him that reads. Some of the fhorter Odes of the two Poets now mentionied, and a few of the Reverend Mr Norris's Effays in Verfe, are convincing Inftances of the Succefs of this Propofal.

It is my Opinion alfo, that the free and unconfined Numbers of Pindar, or the noble Meafures of Milton without Rhime, would beft maintain the Dignity of the Theme, as well as give a Loofe to the devout Soul, nor check the Raptures of her Faith and Love. Though in my feeble Attempts of this kind, I have too often fettered my Thoughts in the narrow Metre of our Pialm-Tranflators; I have contracted and cramped the Senfe, or rendered it obfcure and feeble, by the too fpeedy and regular Returns of Rhime,

If my Friends expect any Reafon of the following Compofures, and of the firft or fecond Publication, I entreat them to accept of this Account.

The Title affures them that Poefy is not the Bufinefs of my Life; and if I feized thofe Hours of Leifure, wherein my Soul was in a more fprightly Frame, to entertain them or myfelf with a divine or moral Song, I hope I fhall find an eafy Pardon.

In the Firf Book are many Odes which were written to affift the Meditations and Worfhip of vulgar Chriftians, and with a Defign to be publifhed in the Volume of Hymns, which have now paffed a Second Impreffion; but upon the Review, I found foine Expreffions that were not fuited to the plaineft Capacity, and the Metaphors are too bold to pleafe
the weaker Chriftian, therefore I have allotted them a Place here.

Amongst the Songs that are dedicated to Divine Love, I think I may be bold to afiert, that I never compofed one Line of them with any other Defign than what they are applied to here; and I have endeavoured to fecure them all from being perverted and debafed to wanton Paffions, by feveral Lines in them that can never be applied to a meaner Love. Are not the nobleft Inftances of the Grace of Chrift reprefented under the Figure of a conjugal State, and deferibed in one of the fweeteft Oses, and the fofteft Paftoral that ever was written? I appeal to Solomon *, in his Song, and his Father David, in Pfalmxiv. if David was the Author: And I am well affured, that I have never indulged an equal Licence: It was dangerous to imitate the facred Writers too nearly, in fo nice an Affair.

The Poems facred to Virtue, \&c. were formed when the Frame and Humour of my Soul was juft fuited to the Subject of my Verfe: The Image of my Heart is painted in them; and if they meet with a Reader whofe Soul is akin to mine, perhaps they may agreeably entertain him. The Dulnefs of the Fancy, and Coarfenefs of Exprefion, will difappear; the Samenefs of the Humour will create a Pleafure, and infenfibly overcome and conceal the Defects of the Mufe. Young Gentlemen and Ladies, whofe

[^1]

Genius and Education have given them a Relifh of Oratory and Verfe, may be tempted to feek Satisfaction among the dangerous Diverfions of the Stage, and impure Sonnets, if there be no Provifion of a fafer kind made to pleafe them. While I have attempted to gratify innocent Fancy in this Refpect, I have not forgotten to allure the Heart to Virtue, and to raife it to a Difdain of brutal Pleafures. The frequent Interpofition of a devout Thought may awaken the Mind to a ferious Senfe of GOD, Religion and Eternity. The fame Duty that might be defpifed in a Sermon, when propofed to their Reafon, may here, perhaps, feize the lower Faculty with Surprize, Delight, and Devotion at once ; and thus by Degrees, draw the fuperior Powers of the Mind to Piety. Amongtt the infinite Numbers of Mankind, there is not more Difference in their outward Shape and Features, than in their Temper and inward Inclination. Some are more eafily fufceptive of Religion in a grave Difcourfe and fedate Reafoning. Some are beft frighted from $\operatorname{Sin}$ and Ruin by Terror, Threatening and Amazement: Their Fear is the propereft Paffion to which we can addrefs ourfelves, and begin the Divine Work : Others can feel no Motive fo powerful as that which applies itfelf to their Ingenuity, and their polifhed Imagination. Now I thought it lawful to take hold of any Handle of the Soul, to lead it away betimes from vicious Pleafures; and if I could but make up a Compofition of Virtue and Delight, fuited to the Tafte of wellbred Youth, and a refined Education, I had fome

## The $P R E F A C E$.

Hope to allure and raife them thereby, above the vile Temptations of degenerate Nature, and Cuftom that is yet more degenerate. When I have felt a flight Inclination to Satire or Burlefque, I thought i proper to fupprefs it. The grinning and the growing Mufe are not hard to be obtained; but I would difdain their Affiftance, where a manly Invitation to Virtue, and a friendly Smile may be fuccefsfully employed. Could I perfuade any Man by a kinder Method, I fhould never think it proper to fcold or laugh at him.

Perhaps there are fome morofe Readers, that ftand ready to condemn every Line that is written upon the Theme of Love; but have we not the Cares and the Felicities of that fort of focial Life, reprefented to us in the facred Writings? Some Expreffions are there ufed, with a Defign to give a mortifying Influence to our fofteft Afflictions; others again brighten the Character of that State, and allure virtuous Souls to purfue the divine Advantage of it, the mutual Afliftance in the Way to Salvation. Are not the exxviith and exxviiith P Palms indited on this very Subject? Shall it be lawful for the Prefs and the Pulpit to treat of it with a becoming Solemnity in Profe, and muft the Mention of the fame 1 hing in Poefy be pronounced for ever unlawful? Is it utterly unworthy of a ferious Character to write on this Argument, becaufe it has been unhappily polluted by fome fcurrilous Pens? Why mayl not be permitted to obviate a common and a growing Mifchief, while a thoufand vile Poems of the amorous Kind, fwarm

## xxvi The $P R E F A C E$.

abroad, and give a vicious Taint to the unwary Reader? I would tell the World that I have endeavoured to recover this Argument out of the Hands of impure Writers, and to make it appear, that Vir $~<~$ tue and Love are not fuch Strangers as they are reprefented. The bliffful Intimacy of Souls in that State, will afford fufficient Furniture for the graveit Entertainment in Verfe; fo that it need not be everfaftingly dreffed up in Ridicule, nor aflumed only to furnifh out the lewd Sonnets of the Times. May fome happier Genius promote the fame Service that I propofed, and by fuperior Senfe, and fweeter Sound, render what I have written contemptible and ufelefs.

The Imitations of that noble Latin Poct of modern Ages, Casimire Sarbiewski of Polund, would need no Excule, did they but arife to the Beauty of the Original. I have often taken the Freedom to add ten or twenty Lines, or to leave out as many, that I might fuit my Song more to myown Defign, or becaufel faw it inponfle to prefent he Force, the Finenefs, and the Fire of his Expreffion in our Language. There are a few Copies wherein I borro wed fome Hints from the fame Author, without the Mention of his Name in the Title. Methinks [ can allow fo fuperior a Genius to be now and then lavifh in his Imagination, and to indulge fome Excurfions beyond the Limits of fedate Judgment: The Riches and Glory of his Verfe make Atonement in Abundance. I wifh fome Englifh Pen would import more of his Treafures, and blefs our Nation.

## The $P R E F A C E$.

The Infcristions to particular Friends are warranted and defended by the Practice of almof all the Lyric Writers. They frequently convey the rigid Rules of Morality to the Mind in the fofter Method of Applaufe. Suftained by their Example, a Man will not be eafily overwhelmed by the heavieft Cenfures of the unthinking and unknowing ; efpecially when there is a Shadow of this Practice in the Divine Pfalmift, while he infcribes to AsAph or Jeduthun his Songs that were made for the Harp, or (which is all one) his Lyric Odes, though they are addreffed to GOD Himfelf.

In the Poems of Heroic Meafure, I have attempted in Rhime the fame $V$ ariety of Cadence, Comma and Period, which blank Verfe glories in as its peculiar Elegance and Ornament. It degrades the Excellency of the beft Verfification when the Lines run on by Couplets, twenty together, juft in the fame Pace, and with the fame Paufes. It fpoils the nobleft Pleafure of the Sound: The Reader is tired with the tedious Uniformity, or charmed to fleep with the unmanly Softnefs of the Numbers, and the perpetual Chime of even Cadences.

In the Effays without Rbime, I have not fet up Milton for a perfect Pattern; though he Chall be for ever honoured as our Deliverer from the Bondage. His Works contain admirable and unequalled .nffances of bright and beautiful Diction, as well as Majefty and Serenenefs of Thought. There are feveral Epifodes in his longer Works, that ftand in fupreme

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Dignity without a Rival ; yet all that vaft Reverence with which I read his Paradife Loft, cannot perfuade me to be charmed with every Page of it. The Length of his Periods, and fometimes of his Parenthefes, runs me out of Breath: Some of his Numbers feem: too harfh and uneafy. I could never believe, that Roughnefs and Obfcurity added any Thing to the true Grandeur of a Poem : Nor will I ever affect Archaifms, Exoticifms, and a quaint Uncouthnefs of Speech, in order to become perfectly Miltomion. It is my Opinion, that blank Verfe may be written with all due Elevation of Thought in a modern Stile, without borrowing any Thing from Chaucer's Tales, or running back fo far as the Days of Colin the Shepherd, and the Reign of the Fairy Queen. The Oddnefs of an antique Sound, gives but a falfe Pleafure to the Ear, and abufe: the true Relifh, even when it works Dtlight. There were fome fuch Judges of Poefy among the old Romans, and Martial ingenioully laughs at one of them, that was pleafed even, to Aftonifhment with obfolete W ords and Figures.

## Attoritujque legis terrai frugiferai.

So the ill-drawn Poftures and Diftortion of Shape that we meet with in Chinefe Pictures, charm a fickly Fancy by their very Aukwardnefs; fo a difiempered Appetite will chew Coals and Sand, and pronounce it guffful.

In the Pindarics I have generally conformed my Lines to the horter Size of the Ancients, and avoid-
ed to imitate the exceffive Length to which fome modern Writers have ftretched their Sentences, and efpecially the concluding Verfe. In thefe the Ear is the trueft Judge : Nor was it made to be enflaved to any precife Model of elder or later Times.

After all, I muft petition my Reader to lay afide the four and fullen Air of Criticifm, and to affume the Friend. Let him choofe fuch Copies to read at particular Hours, when the Temper of his Mind is fuited to the Song. Let him come with a Defire to be entertained and pleafed, rather than to feek his own Difgult and Averfion, which will not be hard to find. I am not fo vain as to think there are no Eaults, nor fo blind as to efpy none: Though I hope the Multitude of Alterations in the Second Edition are cot without Amendment. There is fo large a Difference between that and the former, in the Change of Titles, Lines, and whole Poems, as well as in the various Tranfpofitions, that it would be ufelefs and endlefs, and all Confufion, for any Reader to compare them throughout. 'The Additions alfo, make up almoft half the Book, and fome of thele have need of as many Alterations as the former. Many a Line needs the File to polifh the Roughnefs of it, and many a Thought wants richer Language to adorn and make it Mhine. Wide Defects and equal Superfluities may be found, efpecially in the larger Pieces; but I have at prefent neither Inclination nor Leifure to correct, and I hope I never thall. It is one of the biggeft Satisfactions I take in
xxx The $P R E F A C E$.
giving this Volume to the World, that I expect to be for ever free from the Temptation of making or mending Poems again*. So that my Friends may be perfectly fecure againft this Impreffion's growing wafte upon their Hands, and ufelefs as the former has done. -Let Minds that are better furnifhed for fuch-Performances purfue thefe Studies, if they are convinced that Poefy can be made ferviceable to Religion and Virtue. As formyfelf, I almoft bluh to think, that I have read folittle, and written fo much. The following Years of my Life Gall be more enrirely devoted to the immediate and direct Labours of my Station, excepting thofe Hours that may be employed in finining my Invitation of the P Palmis of David in Chriftian Language, which I have now promifed the World + .

I cannot court the World to purchafe this Book for their Pleafure or Entertainment, by telling them that any one Copy intirely pleafes me. The beft of them finks below the Idea which I form of a Divine or Moral Ode. He that deals in the Myfteries of Heaven, or of the Mufes, fhould be a Genius of no vulgar Mould: And as the Name Vates belongs to both; fo the Furniture of both is comprifed in that Line of Horace,
-Cui Mens Divinior, atque Os

## Magna Sonaturum

* Naturam expellas furcâ licet, ufque recurret. Hor. Will this fhort Note of Horace excufe a Man who has refiffed Nature many Years, but has been fometimes overcome? ${ }^{1736}$. Edition the 7 th.
+ In the Year 1719 thefe were finimed and printed.

But what Juvenal fpake in his Age, abides true in ours: A compleat Poet or a Prophet is fuch a one;

## - 2ualem nequeo monftrare, $\mathcal{\text { O }}$ Sentio tantùm.

Perhaps neither of there Characters in Perfection fhall ever be feen on Earth, till the feventh Angel has founded his awful Trumpet; till the Victory be compleat over the Beaft and his Image, when the Natives of Heaven fhall join in Confort with Prophets and Saints, and fing to their golden Harps Salvation, Honour and Glory, to Him that fits upon the Throne, ond to the Lamb for ever.

May 14, 1709.

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## ON READING

## Mr $W$ TTS's Poems, SACRED TO <br> PIETY AND DEVOTION.

REGARD the Man, who, in feraphic Lays, And flowing Numbers, fings his Maker's Praife : He needs invoke no fabled Mufes Art, The heavenly Song comes genuine from his Heart, From that pure Heart, which God has deign'd t' infpire With holy Raptures, and a facred Fire. Thrice happy Man! whofe Soul, and guiltlefs Breaft, Are well prepar'd to lodge th' almighty Gueft ! 'Tis He that lends thy tow'ring Thoughts their Wing, And tunes thy Lyre, when thou attempt'ft to fing: He to thy Soul lets in celeftial Day, Ev'n whilft imprifon'd in this mortal Clay. By Death's grim Afpect thou art not alarm'd, He , for thy Sake, has Death itfelf difarm'd; Nor fhall the Grave o'er thee a Viet'ry boaft ; Her Triumph in thy rifing fhall be loft, When thou fhalt join th' angelic Choirs above, In never ending Songs of Praife and Love.

$$
\dot{E} U S E B I A
$$

T O

# $\operatorname{Mr} W A T \mathcal{T} S$, <br> ON HJS 

## POEMS sacred to DEVOTION.

## I.

T O murmuring Streams, in tender Strains, My penfive Mufe no more Of Love's enchanting Force complains, Along the flow'ry Shore.
II.

No more Mirtilio's fatal Face My quiet Breaft alarms, His Eyes, his Air, and youthful Grace, Have loft their ufual Charms. III.

No gay Alexis in the Grove Shall be my future Theme: I burn with an immortal Love, And fing a purer Flame.
IV.

Seraphic Heights I feem to gain, And facred Tranfports feel,
While $W A \mathcal{T} S$, to thy celeftial Strain, Surpriz'd, I liften ftill.

TOMR WATTS. xxxix
V.

The gliding Streams their Courfe forbear, When I thy Lays repeat;
The blending Foreft lends an Ear;
The Birds their Notes forget.
VI.

With fuch a graceful Harmony Thy Numbers fill prolong;
And let remoteft Lands reply, And echo to thy Song.
VII.

Far as the diftant Regions, where The beauteous Morning fprings,
And fcatters Odours thro' the Air,
From her refplendent Wings;

## VIII.

Unto the new found Realms, which fee
The latter Sun arife,
When, with an eafy Progrefs, he
Rolls down the nether Skies.
fu's, ${ }^{\prime} 706$.

$$
P H I L O M E L A
$$



To

# Mr 1. W $A$ T $\mathcal{T} S$, 

ON READING HIS

## 

7 AIL, heaven-born Mure! that with celeftial Flame, And high feraphic Numbers, durft attempt To gain thy native Skies. No common Theme Merits thy Thought, felf-confcious of a Soul Superior, tho' on Earth detain'd a while;
Like forme propitious Angel, that's defign'd A Resident in this inferior Orb,
To guide the wand'ring Souls to heavenly Blifs, Thou feem'ft ; while thou their everlasting Songs Haft sung to mortal Ears, and down to Earth Transfer'd the Work of Heaven ; with Thought fublime, And high fonorous Words, thou fweetly fing'f 'To thy immortal Lyre. Amaz'd, we view

The tow'ring Height ftupendous, while thou foar'ft
Above the Reach of vulgar Eyes or Thought,
Hymning th' eternal Father; as of old
When firt th' Almighty from the dark Abyfs Of everlafting Night and Silence call'd The flining Worlds with one creating Word, And rais'd from nothing all the heav'nly Hofts, And with external Glories fill'd the Void, Harmonious Seraphs tun'd their golden Harps, And with their cheerful Hallelujabs blefs'd The bounteous Author of their Happinefs; From Orb to Orb th' alternate Mufic rang, And from the cryftal Arches of the Sky Reach'd our then glorious World, the native Seat Of the firf happy Pair, who join'd their Songs To the loud Echoes of th' angelic Choirs, And fill'd with blifsful Hymns, terreftrial Heaven, The Paradife of God, where all Delights Abounded, and the pure ambrofial Air, Fann'd by mild Zephyrs, breath'd eternal Sweets, Forbidding Death and Sorrow, and beflow'd Frelh heav'nly Bloom, and gay immortal Youth.

Not fo, alas! the vile apoftate Race, Who in mad Joys their brutal Hours employ'd, Affaulting with their impious Blafphemies The. Power fupreme that gave 'em Life and Breath; Incarnate Fiends! outrageous they defy'd Th' Eternal's Thunder, and Almighty Wrath Fearlefs provok'd, which all the other Devils Would dread to meet: Remembring well the Day

## xlii $\quad$ TO MR I. WATTS.

When driven from pure immortal Seats above, A fiery Tempeft hurl'd 'em down the Skies, And hung upon the Rear, urging their Fall To the dark, deep, unfathomable Gulph,
Where bound on fulph'rous Lakes to growing Rocks
With adamantine Chains, they wail their Woes,
And know Jehovai great as well as good;
And fix'd for ever by eternal Fate, With Horror find his Arm omnipotent.

> Prodigious Madnefs ! that the facred Mufe, Firft taught in Heaven to mount immortal Heights, And trace the boundlefs Glories of the Sky,
> Should now to every Idol bafely bow,
> And curfe the Deity fhe once ador'd,
> Erecting Trophies to each fordid Vice,
> And celebrating the infernal Praife
> Of haughty Lucifer, the defperate Foe
> Of God and Man, and winning every Hour
> New Votaries to Hell, while all the Fiends
> Hear thefe accurfed Lays, and thus outdone,
> Raging they try to match the human Race,
> Redoubling all their hellifh Blafphemies,
> And with loud Curfes rend the gloomy Vault.

Ungrateful Mortals! ah! too late you'll find What 'tis to banter Heaven, and laugh at Hell;
To drefs up Vice in falfe delufive Charms, And with gay Colours paint her hideous Face,
Leading befotted Souls thro' flow'ry Paths, In gaudy Dreams, and vain fantaftic Joys,

To difmal Scencs of everlafting Woe; When the great Judge fhall rear his awful Throne, And raging Flames furround the trembling Globe, While the loud Thunders roar from Pole to Pole, And the laft Trump awakes the fleeping Dead; And guilty Souls to ghafly Bodies driven, Within thofe dire eternal Prifons fhut, Expect their fad inexorable Doom. Say now, ye Men of Wit! What Turn of Thought Will pleafeyou then! Alas, how dull and poor, Ev'n to yourfelves will your leud Flights appear ! How will you envy then the happy Fate
Of Idiots! And perhaps in vain you'll wifh You'd been as very Tools as once you thought Others, for the fublimeft Wifdom fcorn'd : When pointed Light'nings from the wrathful Judge Shall finge your Laurels, and the Men Who thought they flew fo high, fhall fall fo low.

No more, my Mufe, of that tremendous Thought, Refume thy more delightful Theme, and fing Th' immortal Man, that with immortal Verfe Rivals the Hymns of Angels, and like them Deipifes mortal Critics idle Rules: While the celeftial Flame that warms thy Soul Infpires us, and with holy Tranfports moves
Our labouring Minds, and nobler Scene prefents
Than all the Pagan Poets ever fung,
Homer, or Virgil; and far fiweeter Notes
Than Horace ever taught his founding Lyre,
And purer far, tho' Martial's felf might feem
xliv TO MR I. W゙ATTS.
A modeft Poet in our Chriftian Days.
May thofe forgotten and neglected lie,
No more let Men be fond of fab'lous Gods, Nor Heathen Wit debauch one Chriftian Line, While with the coarfe and daubing Paint we hide The fnining Beauties of eternal Truth, That in her native Drefs appears mof bright, And charms the Eyes of Angels.-Oh! like thee Let every nobler Genius tune his Voice
To Subjects worthy of their tow'ring Thoughts. Let HEAVEN and Anna then your tuneful Art Improve, and confecrate your deathlefs Lays To Him who reigns above, and her who rules below.

Ayril s7, 1706.
ЭOSEPH STANDEN.


$$
(x \mid v)
$$

To
$\operatorname{Mr} W A \quad \mathcal{T} \quad \mathcal{T} S$,

0 NHIS

## DIVINE POEMS.

SAY, human Seraph, whence that charming Force, That Flame! that Soul! which animates each Line; And how it runs with fuch a graceful Eafe, Loaded with pond'rous Senfe! Say, did not He, The lovely Jesus, who commands thy Breaft, Infpire thee with himfelf? With Jesus dwells, Knit in myfterious Bands, the Paraclete, The Breath of GOD, the everlafting Source Of Love: And what is Love in Souls like thine, But Air, and Incenfe to the Poet's Fire? Should an expiring Saint whofe fwimming Eyes Mingle the Images of Things about him, But hear the leaft exalted of thy Strains, How greedily he'd drink the Mufic in.
xlvi TOMRTWATT.
Thinking his heav'nly Convoy waited near!
So great a Strefs of powerful Harmony,
Nature unable longer to fuftain,
Would fink opprefs'd with Joy to endlefs Ref.
Let none henceforth of Providence complain, As if the World of Spirits lay unknown,
Fenc'd round with black impenetrable Night ; What tho' no Chining Angel darts from thence With Leave to publifh Things conceal'd from Senfe, In Language bright as theirs, we are here told, When Life its narrow Round of Years hath roll'd, What 'tis employs the Blefs'd, what makes their Blifs ; Songs fuch as $W A T \mathcal{T} S$ 's are, and Love like his.

But then, dear Sir, be cautious how you ufe, To Tranfports fo int:nfely rais'd your Mufe, Left, while the ecftatic Impulfe you obey, The Soul leap out, and drop the meaner Clay.

Scpt. 4, 1706.

$$
H E N R Y G R O V E .
$$

(xlvii)


# T O <br> $\operatorname{Dr} W \mathcal{T} \mathcal{T} S$, 

On the Fifth Edition of his

## H OR L K R I C Æ.

$S^{0}$Overeign of facred Verfe; accept the Lays Of a young Bard that dares attempt thy Praife. A Mufe, the meaneft of the vocal Throng, New to the Bays, nor equal to the Song. Fir'd with the growing Glories of thy Fame Joins all her Powers to celebrate thy Name.

No vulgar Themes thy pious Mufe engage, No Scenes of Luft pollute thy facred Page. You in majeftic Numbers mount the Skies, And meet defcending Angels as you rife, Whofe juft Applanfes charm the crouded Groves, And Addison thy tunefnl Song approves. Soft Harmony and manly Vigour join To form the Beauties of each fprightly Line, For every Grace of every Mufe is thine. Milton, immortal Bard, divinely bright, Conducts his Fav'rite to the Realms of Light ; Where Raphael's Lyre charms the celeftial Throng, Delighted Cherubs lint'ning to the Song:

## xlviii TO D R WATTS

From Blifs to Blifs the happy Beings rove And tafte the Sweets of Mufic and of Love. But when the fofter Scenes of Life you paint, And join the beauteous Virgin to the Saint, When you defcribe how few the happy Pairs, Whofe Hearts united foften all their Cares, We fee to whom the fweeteft Joys belong, And Myra's Beauties confecrate your Song. Fain the unnumber'd Graces I would tell, And on the pleafing Theme for ever dwell; But the Mufe faints, unequal to the Flight, And hears thy Strains with Wonder and Delight. When Tombs of Princes fhall in Ruins lie, And all, but Heaven born Piety, fhall die, When the laft Trumpet wakes the filent Dead, And each lafcivious Poet hides his Head, With thee fhall thy divine Urania rife,
Crown'd with freh Laurels to thy native Skies:
Great Howe and Gouge fhall hail thee on thy Way,
And welcome thee to the bright Realms of Day, Adapt thy tuneful Notes to heav'nly Strings, And join the Lyric Ode while fome fair Seraph fings.

Sic fpirat, fic optat

Tui amantiffimus

$$
B R I T A N N I C U S .
$$



## HOR \& L YRIC Æ.

- 


## $B \quad O \quad O \quad K \quad I$.

## Sacred to Devotion and Pietr.

- Mo co


## Worfipping with Fear.

I.

* ${ }^{2}$ HO dares attempt th' Eternal Name, With Notes of mortal Sound ?
Dangers and Glories guard the Theme, And fpread Defpair around.
II.

Deftruction waits $t$ ' obey his Frown, And Heav'n attends his Smile:
A Wreath of Lightning arms his Crown, But Love adorns it till.

Celeftial King, our Spirits lie, Trembling beneath thy Feet, And wifh, and caft a longing Eye, To reach thy lofty Seat.
IV.

When fhall we fee the Great Unknown, And in thy Prefence fland?
Reveal the Splendors of thy Throne, But fhield us with thy Hand.
V.

In Thee what endlefs Wonders meet! What various Glory fhines!
The croffing Rays too fiercely beat Upor our fainting Minds.

## VI.

Angels are loft in fweet Surprize
If Thou unveil thy Grace ;
And humble Awe runs thro' the Skies, When Wrath arrays thy Face.
VII.

When Mercy joins with Majeity,
To fpread their Beams abroad,
Not all their faireft Minds on high
Are Shadows of a God.

## VIII.

Thy Works the ftronget Seraph fings
In a too feeble Strain,
And labours hard on all his Strings
To reach thy Thoughts in vain.

Created Pow'rs how weak they be!
How fhort our Praifes fall!
So much a-kin to Nothing We,
And Thou th' Eternal All.


## Afing Leave to Sing.

І.

YET, mighty G OD, indulge my Tongus, Nor let thy Thunders roar, Whilf the young Notes and vent'rous Song To Worlds of Glory foar.
II.

If Thou my daring Flight forbid, The Mufe folds up her Wings : Or at thy Word her flender Reed Attempts Almighty Things.
III.

Her flender Reed infpir'd by Thee
Bids a new Eden grow,
With blooming Life on ev'ry Tree,
And fpreads a Heav'n below.
IV.

She mocks the Trumpet's loud Alarms
Fill'd with thy dreadful Breah ;
And calls th' Angelic Hofts to Arm?, To give the Nations Death.

But when fhe taftes her Saviour's Love,
And feels the Rapture ftrong,
Scarce the divineft Harp above
Aims at a fweeter Song.


Dirine fudgments.

## I.

NT from the Duft my Sorrows fpring, Nor drop my Comforts from the lower Skies:
Let all the baneful Planets fhed
Their mingled Curfes on my Head.
How vain their Curfes, if th' Eternal King Look thro' the Clouds and blefs me with his E.yes.

Creatures with all their boafted Sway
Are but his Slaves, and muft obey ;
They wait their Orders from above,
And execute his Word, the Vengeance, or the Love.
II.
'Tis by a Warrant from his Hand The gentler Gales are bound to fleep:
The North Wind blufters, and affumes Command
Over the Defert and the Deep;
Old Boreas with his freezing Pow'rs
Turns the Earth Iron, makes the Ocean Glafs,
Arrefts the dancing Riv'lets as they pafs,
And chains them movelefs to their Shores;

The grazing Ox lows to the gelid Skies, Walks o'er the marble Meads with withering Eyes, Walks o'er the folid Lakes, fnuffs up the Wind, and dies.

## III.

Fly to the Polar World, my Song,
And mourn the Pilgrims there, (a wretched Throng!)
Seized and bound in rigid Chains,
A Troop of Statues on the Ru $\int_{\text {Ian }}$ Plains,
And Life flands frozen in the Purple Veins.
Atheift, forbear ; no more blafpheme:
God has a thoufand Terrors in his Name,
A thoufand Armies at Command,
Waiting the Signal of his Hand,
And Magazines of Froft, and Magazines of Flame.
Drefs thee in Steel to meet his Wrath;
His fharp Artillery from the North
Shall pierce thee to the Soul, and fhake thy mortal Frame.
Sublime on Winter's rugged Wings.
He rides in Arms along the Sky,
And featters Fate on Swains and Kings;
And Flocks and Herds, and Nations die;
While impious Lips, profanely bold,
Grow pale ; and, quivering at his dreadful Cold,
Give their own Blafphemies the Lie.

## IV.

The Mifchiefs that infeft the Earth, When the hot Dog-ftar fires the Realms on high,

Drought and Difeafe, and cruel Dearth,
Are but the Flafhes of a wrathful Eye
From the incens'd Divinity.

6 LXRIC POEMS, BookI.
In vain our parching Palates thirf
Fcr vital Food in vain we cry, And pant for vital Breath;
The verdant Fields are burnt to Duft, The Sun has drunk the Channels dry, And all the Air is Death.
Ye Scourges of our Maker's Rod,
'Tis at his dread Command, at his imperial Nod
You deal your various Plagues abroad.
V.

Hail, Whirlwinds, Hurricanes and Floods
That all the leafy Standards frip, And bear down with a mighty Sweep
The Riches of the Fields, and Honours of the Woods: Storms, that ravage o'er the Deep,
And bury Millions in the Waves;
Earthquakes, that in Midnight Sleep
Turn Cities into Heaps, and make our Beds our Graves;
While you difpenfe your mortal Harms,
'Tis the Creator's Voice that founds your loud Alarms, When Guilt with louder Cries provokes a God to Arms.
V1.

O for a Meffage from above
To bear my Spirits up!
Some Pledge of my Creator's Love
To calm my Terrors and fupport my Hope!
Let Waves and Thunders mix and roar,
Be Thou my God, and the whole World is mine:
While Thou art Sovereign, I'm fecure ;
I fhall be rich till Thou art poor;
For all I fear, and all I wifh, Heav'n, Earth and Hell are thine.

## Sacred to Devotion, \&c.



## Eartb and Heaven.

т.

HAST thou not feen, impatient Boy?
Haft thou not read the folemn Truth,
That grey Experience writes for giddy Youth.
On ev'ry Mortal Joy?
Pleafure muft be dafb'd with Pain:
And yet with heedlefs Hafte,
The thirfty Boy repeats the Tafte,
Nor hearkens to defpair, but tries the Bowl again.
The Rills of Pleafure never run fincere:
(Earth has no unpolluted Spring)
From the curs'd Soil fome dang'rous Taint they bear ; So Rofes grow on Thorns, and Honey wears a Sting.
II.

In vain we feek a Heaven below the Sky;
The World has falfe, but flatt'ring Charms,
Its diflant Joys fhow big in our Efteem, But leffen ftill as they draw near the Eye ;

In our Embrace the Vifions die,
And when we grafp the airy Forms
We lofe the pleafing Dream.
III.

Earth, with her Scenes of gay Delight,
Is but a Landpkip rudely drawn,
With glaring Colours, and falfe Light ;

8 LYRIC POEMS, BookI.
Diftance commends it to the Sight,
For Fools to gaze upon;
But bring the naufeous Daubing nigh,
Coarfe and confus'd the hideous Figures lie, Difiolve the Pleafure, and offend the Eye.
IV.

Look up, my Soul, pant tow'rd th' Eternal Hills; Thofe Heav'ns are fairer than they feem;
There Pleafures all fincere glide on in Crytal Rills,
There not a Dreg of Guilt defiles,
Nor Grief difturbs the Stream.
That Canaan knows noxious Thing,
No curs'd Soil, no tainted Spring,
Nor Rofes grow on Thoms, nor Honey wears a Sting.


## Felicity Above.

I.

NO, 'tis in vain to feek for Blifs; For Blifs can ne'er be found
'Till we arrive where Jesus is, And tread on heav'nly Ground.
II.

There's nothing round thefe painted Skies, Or round his dufty Clod;
Nothing, my Soul, that's worth thy Joys, Or lovely as thy God.

## III.

'Tis Heav'n on Earth to tafte his Love,
To feel his quickning Grace ;
And all the Heav'n I hope above
Is but to fee his Face.
IV.

Why move my Years in flow Delay?
O God of Ages! Why ?
Let the Sphere cleave, and mark my Way
To the fuperior Sky.
V.

Dear Sov'reign, break thefe vital Strings
That bind me to my Clay;
Take me, Uriel, on thy Wings,
And fretch and foar away.

## 

God's Dominion and Decrees.

## I.

I. EEP Silence all created Things, And wait your Maker's Nod, The Mure flands trembling while fhe fings The Honours of her God.

## II.

Life, Death, and Hell, and Worids unknown, Hang on his firm Decree :
He fits on no precarious Throne,
Nor borrows Leave to Be .

Th' Almighty Voice bid ancient Night,
Her endlefs Realms refign,
And lo! ten thoufand Globes of Light,
In Fields of Azure fhine.
IV.

Now Wifdom with fuperior Sway, Guides the vaft moving Frame, Whilf all the Ranks of Beings pay Deep Rev'rence to his Name.
V.

He fpake: The Sun obedient flood, And held the falling Day:
Old Fordan backward drives his Flood, And difappoints the Sea.
VI.

Lord of the Armies of the Sky,
He marrhalls all the Stars :
Red Comets lift their Banners high,
And wide proclaim his Wars.
VII.

Chain'd to his Throne a Volume lies,
With all the Fates of Men,
With ev'ry Angel's Form and Size,
Drawn by th' Eternal Pen.

## VIII.

His Providence unfolds the Book, And makes his Counfels fhine:
Each opening Leaf, and ev'ry Stroke, Fulfils fome deep Defign.

## IX.

Here he exalts neglected Worms
To Scepters and a Crown;
Anon the following Page he turns,
And treads the Monarch down.
X.

Not Gabriel afks the Reafon why,
Nor God the Reafon gives ;
Nor dares the Favourite-Angel pry,
Between the folded Leaves.

## XI.

My God, I never long'd to fee
My Fate with curious Eyes,
What gloomy Lines are writ for me,
Or what bright Scenes fhall rife.

## XII.

In thy fair Book of Life and Grace,
May I but find my Name,
Recorded in fome humble Place,
Beneath my Lord the Lamb.

Self-Conjecration.

## I.

T grieves me, Lord, it grieves me fore,
That I have liv'd to Thee no more,
And watted half my Days;
$12 L Y R I C$ POEMS, BookI.
My inward Pow'rs fhall burn and flame
With Zeal and Paffion for thy Name,
I would not fpeak, but for my God, nor move, but to his Praife.

## II.

What are my Eyes but Aids to fee
The Glories of the Deity
Infcrib'd with Beams of Light
On Flow'rs and Stars? Lord, I behold
The fhining Azure, Green and Gold;
But when I try to read thy Name, a Dimnefs veils my Sight.
III.

Mine Ears are rais'd when Virgil fings
Sicilian Swains, or Trojan Kings,
And drink the Mufic in;
Why fhould the Trumpet's brazen Voice,
Or Oaten Reed awake my Joys,
And yet my Heart fo flupid lie when facred Hymns begin?
IV.

Change me, O God; my Flefh fhall be An Inftrument of Song to Thee,

And Thou the Notes infpire:
My Tongue fhall keep the heav'nly Chime,
My chearful Pulfe fhall beat the Time,
And fweet Variety of Sound fhall in thy Praife confpire.
V.

The deareft Nerve about my Heart,
Should it refufe to bear a Part,
With my melodious Breath,
I'd tear away the vital Chord,
A bloody Victim to my Lord,
And live without that impious String, or fhew my Zeal in Death.

The Creator and Creatures.

> I.

GOD is a Name my Soul adores, Th'Almighty Three, th' Eternal One; Nature and Grace, with all their Pow'rs, Confefs the Infinite Unknown.

## II

From thy Great Self thy Being fprings ; Thou art thy own Original, Made up of uncreated Things, And Self-Sufficience bears them all.
III.

Thy Voice produc'd the Seas and Spheres; Bid the Waves roar, and Planets fhine; But nothing like thy Self appears, 'Thro' all thefe fpacious Works of thine.
IV.

Still reflefs Nature dies and grows; From Change to Change the Creatures run ; Thy Being no Succeffion knows, And all thy valt Defigns are one.

$$
V .
$$

A Glance of thine runs thro' the Globes, Rules the bright World, and moves their Frame:
Broad Sheets of Light compofe thy Robes;
Thy Guards are form'd of living Flame.

14
LYRIC POEMS,
VI.

Thrones and Dominions round Thee fall,
And_worhhip in fubmifive Forms ;
Thy Prefence fhakes this lower Ball,
This little Dwelling-Place of Worms.
VII.

How fhall affrighted Mortals dare To fing thy Glory or thy Grace, Beneath thy Feet we lie fo far, And fee but Shadows of thy Face?

## VIII.

Who can behold the blazing Light?
Who can approach confuming Flame?
None but thy Wifdom knows thy Might ;
None but thy Word can fpeak thy Name.


The Nativity of CHRIST.
I.
" HEPHERDS, rejoice, lift up your Eyes, " And fend your Fears away ;
" News from the Region of the Skies, " Salvation's born To-day.
II.
" $\mathcal{F E S U S}$, the God whom Angels fear, " Comes down to dwell with you;
" To-day he makes his Entrance here,
". But not as Monarchs do.
III.
" No Gold, nor purple fiwadling Bands, " Nor royal fhining Things;
" A Manger for his Cradle ftands, " And holds the King of Kings.
IV.
" Go, Shepherds, where the Infant lies, " And fee his humble Throne;
" With Tears of Joy in all your Eyes, "Go, Shepherds, kifs the Son."
V.

Thus Gabriel fang, and ftrait around The heav'nly Armies throng, They tune their Harps to lofty Sound, And thus conclude the Song:
VI.
" Glory to God that reigns above, " Let Peace furround the Earth;
" Mortals fhall know their Maker's Love, "At their Redeemer's Birth."

## VII.

Lord! and fhall Angels have their Songs, And Men no Tunes to raife?
O may we lofe thefe ufelefs Tongues When they forget to praife!

## VIII.

Glory to God that reigns above, That pitied us forlorn,
We join to fing our Maker's Love,
For there's a Saviour born.

## 滋 谈

## 16 LYRIC POEMS, Book I.



God glorious, and Sinners faved.
I.

FATHER, how wide thy Glory fhines!
How high thy Wonders rife!
Known thro' the Earth by thoufand Signs,
By thoufands thro' the Skies.

## II.

Thofe mighty Orbs proclaim thy Pow'r, Their Motions fpeak thy Skill;
And on the Wings of ev'ry Hour,
We read thy Patience fill.

## III.

Part of thy Name divinely ftands On all thy Creatures writ,
They fhew the Labour of thine Hands, Or Imprefs of thy Feet.

> IV.

But when we view thy ftrange Defign
To fave rebellious Worms,
Where Vengeance and Compafion join.
In their divinef Forms;
V.

Oar Thoughts are loft in reverend Awe:
We love and we adore ;
The firt Arch-Angel never faw
So much of God before.

## VI.

Here the whole Deity is known, Nor dares a Creature guefs
Which of the Glories brightelt fhone,
The Juftice or the Grace.

> VII.

When Sinners broke the Father's Laws,
The dying Son atones;
Oh the dear Myfteries of his Crofs!
The Triumph of his Groans!
VIII.

Now the full Glories of the Lamb
Adorn the heav'nly Plains;
Sweet Cherubs learn Immanuel's Name,
And try their choicelt Strains.

## IX.

O may I bear fome humble Part In that Immortal Song!
Wonder and Joys fhall tune my Heart, And Love command my Tongue.


The Humble Enquiry.
A French Sonnet imitated. 1695.
Grand Dieu, ter Fugemens, \&c.

## I.

GRACE rules below, and fits enthron'd above, How few the Sparks of Wrath! how flow they move, And drop and die in boundlefs Seas of Love!

IT:


But me, vile Wretch! Mould pitying Love embrace Deep in its Ocean, Hell itfelf would blaze, And flafh, and burn me tho the boundless Seas.

## III.

Yea, Lord, my Guilt to fuch a Vaftnefs grown, Seems to confine thy Choice to Wrath alone, And calls thy Power to vindicate thy Throne.

IV.

Thine Honour bids, "Avenge thine injur'd Name," Thy flighted Loves a dreadful Glory claim, While my moil Tears might but incenfe thy Flame.

V.

Should Heav'n grow black, Almighty Thunder roar, And Vengeance blat me, I could plead no more, But own thy Juftice dying, and adore.

## VI.

Yet can thole Bolts of Death that cleave the Flood To reach a Rebel, pierce this facred Shroud, Ting'd in the vital Stream of my Redeemer's Blood ${ }^{\prime \prime}$. termed



## The Penitent pardoned.

## I.

HENCE from my Soul, my Sins depart, Your fatal Friend hip now I fee; Long have you dwelt too near my Heart, Hence, to eternal Diffance flee. II.

Ye gave my dying Lord his Wound, Yet I carefs'd your vip'rous Brood, And in my Heart-Strings lapp'd you round, You, the vile Murderers of my God.

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\text { I! } 1 .
$$

Black heavy Thoughts like Mountains, roll O'er my poor Breaft, with boding Fears, And crushing hard my tortured Soul, Wring thro' my Eyes the briny Tears.
IV.

Forgive my Treafons, Prince of Grace, The bloody Jews were Traitors too, Yet Thou haft pray'd for that curs'd Race, Father, they know not what they do.

Great Advocate, look down and fee
A Wretch, whole farting Sorrows bleed;
O plead the fame Excufe for me!
For, Lord, I knew not what I did.

## VI.

Peace, my Complaints: Let ev'ry Groan
Be fill, and Silence wait his Love;
Compaffions dwell amide his Throne,
And thro' his inmof Bowels move.

> VII.

Lo, from the everlafting Skies,
Gently, as Morning Dews diftil,
The Dove Immortal downward flies,
With peaceful Olive in his Bill.

## VIII.

How fweet the Voice of Pardon founds!
Sweet the Relief to deep Diftrefs!
I feel the Balm that heals my Wounds,
And all my Pow'rs adore the Grace.


A Hymn of Praife for three great Salvations.

$$
V I \mathrm{Z}
$$

1. From the Spanifs Invafion, 1598.
2. From the Gun-powder Plot, Nov. 5.
3. From Popery and Slavery by King William of Glorious Memory, who landed, Nov. 5, 1638.

Compofed Nov. 5, 1695.
I.

INFINITE God, thy Counfels fand Like Mountains of Eternal Brafs, Pillars to prop our finking Land, Or guardian Rocks to break the Seas.
II.

From Pole to Pole thy Name is known, Thee a whole Heav'n of Angels praife ; Our labouring Tongues would reach thy Throne, With the loud Triumphs of thy Grace.

## III.

Part of thy Church by thy Command, Stands rais'd upon the Britifo Ifles; "There, faid the Lord, to Ages fland, "Firm as the everlafting Hills."

## IV.

In vain the Spanibl Ocean roar'd ;
Its Billows fivell'd againft our Shore, Its Billows funk beneath thy Word, With all the floating War they bore.
V.
"Come," faid the Sons of bloody Rome,
" Let us provide new Arms from Hell :"
And down they digg'd thro' Earth's dark Womb, And ranfack'd all the burning Cell.
VI.

Old Satan lent them fiery Stores, Infernal Coal, and fulph'rous Flame, And all that burns, and all that roars, Outrageous Fires of dreadful Name.
VII.

Beneath the Senate and the Throne, Engines of hellifh Thunder lay;
There the dark Seeds of Fire were fown,
To fpring a bright but difmal Day.
VIII.

Thy Love beheld the black Defign, Thy Love that guards our Ifland round; Strange! how it quench'd the fiery Mine, And crufh'd the Tempeft under Ground.

> The Second Part.
> I.

ASSUME, my Tongue, a nobler Strain, Sing the new Wonders of the Lord;
The Foes revive their Pow'rs again, Again they die beneath his Sword.
II.

Dark as our Thoughts our Minutes roll, While Tyranny poffefs'd the Throne, And Murderers of an Irißb Soul Ran, threatning Death, thro' ev'ry Town.

## III.

The Roman Prieft, and Britiß Prince, Join'd their beft Force, and blackeft Charms, And the fierce Troops of neighbouring France, Offer'd the Service of their Arms.
IV.
" 'Tis done," they cry'd, and laugh'd aloud,
The Courts of Darknefs rang with Joy, Th' old Serpent hifs'd, and Hell grew proud, While Zion mourn'd her Ruin nigh.
$V$.
But lo, the great Deliv'rer fails, Commifion'd from Jehovail's Hand, And fmiling Seas, and wifhing Gales, Convey him to the longing Land.
VI.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { The happy Day, and happy Year, } \\ \text { Both in our new Salvation meet: }\end{array}\right\}$ Nov. 5, 1688. The Day that quench'd the burning Snare, \} Nov. 5, The Year that burnt the invading Fleet. 1588.

## VII.

Now did thine Arm, O God of Hopts, Now did thine Arm fhine dazzling bright, The Sons of Might their Hands had loft, And Men of Blood forgot to fight.

Brigades of Angels lin'd the Way, And guarded William to his Throne;-
There, ye celeftial Warriors, ftay,
And make his Palace like your own.
1X.
Then, mighty God, the Earth fhall know

- And learn the Wormip of the Sky:

Angels and Britons join below, To raife their Hallelujahs high.

## X.

All Hallelujah, heav'nly King:
While diftant Lands thy Victory fing, And Tongues their utmoft Pow'rs employ, The World's bright Roof repeats the Joy.


## The Incomprebenfible.

1. 

FAR in the Heav'ns my God retires, My God, the Mark of my Defires, And hides his lovely Face;
When he defcends within my View,
He charms. my Reafon to purfue,
But leaves it tir'd and fainting in th' unequal Chafe.

## II.

Or if I reach unufual Height
'Till near his Prefence brought,
There Floods of Glory check my Flight,
Cramp the bold Pinions of my Wit,
And all untune my Thought ;
Plung'd in a Sea of Light I roll,
Where Widdom, fuffice, Mercy, fhines;
Infinite Rays in croffing Lines
Beat thick Confufion on my Sight, and overwhelm my Soul.

## III,

Come to my Aid, ye Fellow-Minds, And help me reach the Throne; (What fingle Strength, in vain Defigns,

United Force hath done ;
Thus Worms may join, and grafp the Poles,
Thus Atoms fills the Sea)
But the whole Race of Creature-Souls
Stretch'd to their laft Extent of Thought, plunge and are loft in Thee.
IV.

Great God, behold my Reafon lies
Adoring; yet my Love would rife
On Pinions not her own:
Faith fhall direct her humble Flight,
Thro' all the tracklefs Seas of Light, To Thee, th' Eternal Fair, the Infinite Unknown;

## 等然



Death and Eternity.
I.

M $\widetilde{\mathbf{Y}}$ Thoughts, that often mount the Skies, Go, fearch the World beneath,
Where Nature in all Ruin lies, And owns her Sovereign, Death. II.

The Tyrant, how he triumphs here!
His Trophies fpread around! ${ }^{\text { }}$
And Heaps of Duft and Bones appear
Thro' all the hollow Ground.

## III.

Thefe Skulls, what ghafly Figures now !
How loathrome to the Eyes?
Thefe are the Heads we lately knew So beauteous and fo wife.

$$
1 V
$$

But where the Souls, thofe deathlefs Things,
That left his dying Clay ?
My Thoughts, now ftretch out all your Wings,
And trace Eternity.

## V.

O that unfathomable Sea!
Thofe Deeps without a Shore!
Where living Waters gently play,
Or fiery Billows roar.

## VI.

Thus muft we leave the Banks of Life,
And try this doubtful Sea;
Vain are our Groans, and dying Strife,
To gain a Moment's Stay.
VII.

There we fhall fwim in heav'nly Blifs,
Or fink in flaming Waves,
While the pale Carcafe thoughtlefs lies
Amongt the filent Graves.
VIII.

Some hearty Friend fhall drop his Tear
On our dry Bones, and fay,
" Thefe once were ftrong, as mine appear,
"And mine mult be as they."

$$
1 X .
$$

Thus fhall our mould'ring Members teach, What now our Senfes learn:
For Duft and Afhes loudeft preach
Man's infinite Concern.


A Sight of Heaven in Sickness.

## I.

FT have I fat in fecret Sighs,To feel my Flefh decay,
Then groan'd aloud with frighted Eyes,
To view the tott'ring Clay.

## II

But I forbid my Sorrows now,
Nor dares the Flefh complain :
Difeafes bring their Profit too;
The Joy o'ercomes the Pain.
II.

My chearful Soul now all the Day,
Sits waiting here and fings;
Looks thro' the Ruins of her Clay,
And practifes her Wings.
IV.

Faith almoft changes into Sight,
While from afar the fpies
Her fair Inheritance, in Light
Above created Skies.
V.

Had but the Prifon Walls been ftrong, And firm without a Flaw,
In Darknefs the had dwelt too long,
And lefs of Glory faw.

## VI.

But now the everlafting Hills
Thro' every Chink appear,
And fomething of the Joy fhe feels, While fhe's a Pris'ner here.
VII.

The Shines of Heav'n rufh fweetly in
At all the gaping Flaws;
Vifions of endleis Blifs are feen;
And native Air fhe draws.
ViII.

O may thefe Walls fland tott'ring fill,
The Breaches never clofe,
If I muft here in Darknefs dwell,
And all this Glory lofe!
IX.

Or rather let this Flefh decay,
The Ruins wider grow,
'Till glad to fee th' enlarged Way,
I fretch my Pinions through.


Tbe Univerfal Hallelujah.
Pfalm cxlviii Parapbras'd.

## 1.

PRAISE ye the Lord with joyful Tongue,
Ye Pow'rs that guard his Throne ;
JESUS the Man fhall lead the Song, The God in (pize the Tune.

## II.

Gabriel, and all the immortal Choir That fill the Realms above,
Sing ; for he form'd you of his Fire, And feeds you with his Love.

## III.

Shine to his Praife, ye Cryital Skies,
The Floor of his Abode,
Or veil your little twinkling Eyes,
Before a brighter GOD.
IV.

Thou reflefs Globe of golden Light,
Whofe Beams create our Days,
Join with the Silver Queen of Night,
To own your borrowed Rays.
V.

Blufh and refund the Honours paid
To your inferior Names:
Tell the blind World your Orbs are fed By his o'erflowing Flames.
VI.

Winds, ye fhall bear his Name aloud Thro' the Ethereal Blue,
For when his Chariot is a Cloud,
He makes his Wheels of you.

## VII.

Thunder and Hail, and Fires and Storms,
The Troops of his Command,
Afpear in all your dreadful Forms.
And fpeak his awful Hard.

## VIII.

Shout to the Lord, ye furging Seas,
In your eternal Roar ;
Let Wave to Wave refound his Praife,
And Shore reply to Shore.

## Sacred to Devotron, \&zc.

## IX.

While Monfters fporting on the Flood,
In faly Silver fhine,
Speak terribly their Maker God, And laft the foaming Brine.
X.

But gentler Things thall tune his Name,
To fofter Notes than thefe,
Young Zephyrs breathing o'er the Stream,
Or whifpering thro' the Trees.
XI.

Wave your tall Heads, ye lofty Pines,
To Him that bid you grow,
Sweet Clufters bend the fruitful Vines
On every thankful Bough.
XII.

Let the fhrill Birds his Honour raife,
And climb the Morning-Sky ;
While groveling Beafts attempt his Praife
In hoarfer Harmony.

## XIII.

Thus while the meaner Creatures fing,
Ye Mortals, take the Sound,
Echo the Glories of your King
Thro' all the Nations round.
XIV.

Th' Eternal Name muft fly abroad
From Britain to fapan;
And the whole Race fhall bow to God,
That owns the Name of Man.

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> The Aib:ift's Miftake.

## I.

AUGH, ye Profane, and fivell and burft With bold Impiety:
Yet fhall ye live for ever curs'd,
And feek in vain to die.
II.

The Gafp of your expiring Breath
Configns your Souls to Chains, By the laft Agonies of Death,

Sent down to fiercer Pains.

## III.

Ye fand upon a dreadfol Steep,
And all beneath is Hell;
Your weighty Guilt will fink you deep,
Where the old Serpent fell.
IV.

When Iron Slumbers bind your Flefh,
With ftrange Surprize you'll find
Immortal Vigour fpring afrefh, .
And Tortures wake the Mind!
V.

Then you'll confefs the frightful Names
Of Plagues you fcorn'd before,
No more fhall look like idle Dreams,
Like foolifh Tales no more.
VI.

Then fhall ye curfe that fatal Day, (With Flames upon your Tongues)
When you exchang'd your Souls away
For Vanity and Songs.
VII.

Behold the Saints rejoice to die,
For Heav'n fhines round their Heads;
And Angel-Guards prepar'd to fly, Attend their fainting Beds.

## VIII.

Their longing Spirits part and rife To their Celeftial Seat ;
Above thefe ruinable Skies
They make their laft Retreat.
IX.

Hence, ye Profane, I hate your Ways,
I walk with pious Souls;
There's a wide Difference in our Race,
And diftant are our Goals.


The Law given at Sinai.
I.

ARM thee with Thunder, heav'nly Mufe, And keep th' expecting World in Awe; Oft haft thou fung in gentler Mood The melting Mercies of thy God;

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\text { D } 5
$$

Now give thy fierceft Fires a Loofe, And found his dreadful Law :
To $I / r$ 'el firft the Words were fpoke,
To Ifr'el freed from Egypt's Yoke,
Inhuman Bondage! The hard galling Load
Over-prefs'd their feeble Souls,
Bent their Knees to fenfelefs Bulls,
And broke their Ties to God.

## II.

Now had they pafs'd the Arabian Bay,
And march'd between the cleaving Sea :
The rifing Waves ftood Guardians of their wond'rous Way,
But fell with mof impetuous Force
On the purfuing Swarms,
And bury'd Egypt all in Arms,
Blending in wat'ry Death the Rider and the Horfe:
O'er ftruggling Pbaraob roll'd the mighty Tide,
And fav'd the Labours of a Pyramid.
Apis and Ore in vain he cries,
And all his horned gods befide,
He fwallows Fate with fwimming Eyes,
And curs'd the Hebrerws as he dy'd.

## III.

Ah! foolifh Ifr'el, to comply
With Mamphian Idolatry!
And bow to Brutes, (a ftupid Slave)
To Idols impotent to fave!
Behold thy God, the Sovereign of the Sky,
Has wrought Salvation in the Deep,
Has bound thy Foes in Iron Sleep,
And rais'd thine Honours high.

> His Grace forgives thy Follies paft, Behold he comes in Majefty,
> And Sinai's Top proclaims his Law:
> Prepare to meet thy God in Hafte ;
> But keep an awful Diftance fill ;
> Let Mofes round the facred Hill
> The circling Limits draw.

## IV.

Hark! The fhrill Echoes of the Trumpet roar,
And call the trembling Armies near ;
Slow and unwilling they appear,
Rails kept them from the Mount before,
Now from the Rails their Fear:
'Twas the fame Herald, and the Trump the fame
Which fhall be blown by high Command,
Shall bid the Wheels of Nature fland,
And Heav'n's eternal Will proclaim,
That "Time fhall be no more."
V.

Thus while the labouring Angel fwell'd the Sound, And rent the Skies, and fhook the Ground, Up rofe th' Almighty ; round his Sapphire Seat

Adoring Thrones in Order fell;
The lefier Pow'rs at diftance dwell,
And caft their Glories down fucceffive at his Feet ;
Gabriel the Great prepares his Way,
${ }^{66}$ Lift up your Heads, Eternal Doors," he cries :
Th' Eternal Doors his Word obey,
Open and fioot celeftial Day
Upon the lower Skies.

36 LYRIC POEMS, BookI.
Heav'ns mighty Pillars bow'd their Head,
As their Creator bid,
And down Jehovah rode from the fuperior Sphere,
A thoufand Guards before, and Myriads in the Reara

## VI.

His Chariot was a pitchy Cloud,
The Wheels befet with burning Gems ;
The Winds in Harnefs with the Flames
Flew o'er the ethereal Road:
Down thro' his Magazines he paft Of Hail, and Ice, and fleecy Snow, Swift roll'd the Triumph, and as faft
Did Hail, and Ice, in melted Rivers flow. The Day was mingled with the Night,
His Feet on folid Darknefs trod,
His radiant Eyes proclaim'd the God,
And fcatter'd dreadful Light ;
He breath'd, and Sulphur ran, a fiery Stream :
He fpoke, and (tho' with unknown Speed he came)
Chid the flow Tempeft, and the lagging Flame.
VII.

Sinai receiv'd his glorious Flight, With Axle red, and glowing Wheel

Did the winged Chariot light,
And rifing Smoke obfcur'd the burning Hill.
Lo, it mounts in curling Waves,
Lo, the gloomy Pride out-braves
The ftately Pyramids of Fire
The Pyramids to Heav'n alpire,
And mix with Stars, but fee their gloomy Offspring higher,

So have you feen ungrateful Ivy grow
Round the tall Oak that fix-foore Years has flood,
And proudly fhoot a Leaf or two
Above its kind Supporter's utmoft Bough,
And glory there to ftand the lofieft of the Wood.

## VIII.

Forbear, young Mufe, forbear;
The flow'ry Things that Poets fay, The little Arts of Simile

Are vain and ufelefs here;
Nor fhall the burning Hills of Old
With Sinai be compar'd,
Nor all that lying Greece has told,
Or learned Rome has heard;
Etna fhall be nam'd no more,
Etna, the Torch of Sicily;
Not half fo high
Her Lightnings fly,
Not half fo loud her Thunders roar
Crofs the Sicanian Sea, to fright th' Italian Shore.
Behold the facred Hill: Its trembling Spire-
Quakes at the Terrors of the Fire,
While all below its verdant Feet
Stagger and reel under th' Almighty Weight:
Prefs'd with a greater than feign'd Atlas' Load
Deep groan'd the Mount ; it never bore Infinity before,
It bow'd, and Ihook beneath the Burden of a God.

## IX.

Frefh Horror feize the Camp, Defpair,
And dying Groans, torment the Air,

And Shrieks, and Swoons, and Deaths were there;
The bellowing Thunder, and the Lightning's Blaze
Spread thro' the Hoft a wild Amaze;
Darknefs on ev'ry Soul, and pale was ev'ry Face:
Confus'd and difmal were the Cries,
Let Mofes fpeak, or Ifrael dies:
Mo, é the fpreading Terror feels,
No more the Man of God conceals
His Shivering and Surprize:
Yet, with recovering Mind, commands
Silence, and deep Attention, thro' the Hebrew Bands.

## X.

Hark! from the Center of the Flame, All arm'd and feather'd with the fame, Majeftic Sounds break thro' the fmoaky Cloud:

Sent from the All-creating Tongue,
A Flight of Cherubs guard the Words along,
And bear their fiery Law to the retreating Crowd,

## XI.

" I am the Lord: 'Tis I proclaim
" That glorious and that fearful Name,
" Thy God and King: 'Twas I, that broke
" Thy Bondage, and th' Eg yptian Yoke;
": Mine is the Right to fpeak my Will,
" And thine the Duty to fulfil:
" Adore no God befide Me, to provoke mine Eyes;
${ }^{66}$ Nor wormip Me in Shapes and Forms that Men devife;
" With Rev'rence ufe my Name, nor turn my Words tojeft;
" Obferve my Sabbath well, nor dare profane my Reft;
"Honour, and due Obedience to thy Parents give ;
${ }^{6 s}$ Nor fill the guiltlefs Blood, nor let the Guilty live :
" Preferve thy Body chafte, and flee th’ unlawful Bed,
" Nor fteal thy Neighbour's Gold, his Garment, or his. "Bread;
"Forbear to blaft his Nrme with Falfhood, or Deceit:
"Nor let thy Wifhes loofe upon his large Eftate."


Remember your Creator, \&c. Ecclef. xii.
I.

CHILDREN, to your Creator, God, Your early Honours pay, While Vanity and youthful Blood Would tempt your Thoughts aftray.
II.

The Memory of his mighty Name,
Demand your firt Regard;
Nor dare indulge a meaner Flame, 'Till you have lov'd the Lord.

## III.

Be wife, and make his Favour fure, Before the mournful Days,
When Youth and Mirth are known no more,
And Life and Strength decays.
IV.

No more the Bleffings of a Feaft,
Shall relifh on the Tongue,
The heavy Ear forgets the Tafte
And Pleafure of a Song.
V.

Old Age, with all her difmal Train;
Invades your golden Years
With Sighis, and Groans, and raging Pain,
And Death that never fpares.
Vi.

What will you do when Light departs,
And leaves your withering Eyes,
Without one Beam to chear your Hearts
From the fuperior Skies?.
ViI.

How will you meet God's frowning Brow,
Or ftand before his Seat,
While Nature's old Supporters bow,
Nor bear their tott'ring Weight?
VIII.

Can you expect your feeble Arms
Shall make a ftrong Defence,
When Death with terrible Alarms
Summons the Pris'ner hence?
IX.

The filver Bands of Nature burft,
And let the Building fall;
The Flefh goes down to mix with Duft,
Its vile Original.

## X.

Laden with Guilt, (a heavy Load)
Uncleans'd and unforgiv'n,
The Soul returns $t$ ' an angry God,
To be fhut out from Heav'n.


Sun, Moon, and Stars, praise ye the Lord.

## I.

FAIREST of all the Lights above,
Thou Sun, whofe Beams adorn the Spheres, And with unweary'd Swifnefs move, To form the Circles of our Years;

## II.

Praife the Creator of the Skies, That drefs'd thine Orb in golden Rays: Or may the Sun forget to rife, If he forget his Maker's Praife.
111.

Thou reigning Beauty of the Night, Fair Queen of Silence, Silver Moorr, Whofe gentie Beams, and borrow'd Light, Are fofter Rivals of the Noon;

$$
1 V
$$

Arife, and to that Sov'reign Pow'r Waxing and waning Honours pay, Who bid thee rule the dufky Hour, And half fupply the abfent Day.
V.

Ye twinkling Stars, who gild the Skies When Darknefs has its Curtains drawn, Who keep your Watch, with wakeful Eyes, When Bufiness, Cares, and Day are gone. VI.

Proclaim the Glories of your Lord, Difpers'd thro' all the heav'nly Street, Whofe boundlefs Treafures can afford So rich a Pavement for his Feet.

## VII.

Thou Heav'n of Heav'ns, fupremely bright,
Fair Palace of the Court Divine,
Where, with inimitable Light,
The Godhead condefcends to fhine .
VIII.

Praife Thou thy Great Inhabitant,
Who fcatters levely Beams of Grace
On ev'ry Angel, ev'ry Saint,
Nor veils the Luftre of his Face.
1 X :
O God of Glory, God of Love,
Thou art the Sun that makes our Days:
With all thy flining Works above,
Let Earth and Duft attempt thy Praife.


The Welcome Meffenger.

## I.

IORD, when we fee a Saint of thine, Lic gafping out his Breath, With longing Eyes, and Looks Divine, Smiling and pleas'd in Death;

How we could e'en contend to lay
Oar Limbs upon that Bed!
We afk thine Envoy to convey
Our Spirits in his Stead.

Our Souls are rifing on the Wing,
To venture in his Place;
For when grim Death has loft his Sting,
He has an Angel's Face.

$$
1 V .
$$

FESUS, then purge my Crimes away, 'Tis Guilt creates my Fears,
${ }^{\text {' }}$ 'Tis Guilt gives Death its fierce Array,
And all the Arms it bears.
V.

Oh! if my threat'ning Sins were gone,
And Death had loft his Sting,
I could invite the Angel on,
And chide his lazy Wing.
VI.

Away thefe interpofing Days,
And let the Lovers meet;
The Angel has a cold Embrace,
But kind, and foft, and fweet,

## VII.

I'd leap at once my Seventy Years,
I'd rufh into his Arms,
And lofe my breath, and all my Cares,
Amidtt thofe heav'nly Charms.

Joyful I'd lay this Body down, And leave the lifelefs Clay, Without a Sigh, without a Groan, And ftretch and foar away.

## Sincere Praife.

I.

$A$LMIGHTY Maker, God!

How wond'rous is thy Name!
Thy Glories how diffus'd abroad
Thro' the Creation's Frame!

> II.

Nature in every Drefs.
Her humble Homage pays,
And finds a thoufand Ways. t' exprefs
Thine undiffembled Praife.

## III.

In native White and Red
The Rofe and Lily ftand,
And free from Pride, their Beauties fpread,
To fhew thy fkilful Hand.
IV.

The Lark mounts up the Sky,
With unambitious Song,
And bears her Maker's Praife on high
Upon her artlefs Tongue.
V.

My Soul would rife and fing
To her Creator too,
Fain would my Tongue adore my King,
And pay the Worfhip due.
VI.

But Pride, that bufy Sin,
Spoils all that I perform ;
Curs'd Pride that creeps fecurely in,
And fwells a haughty Worm.

## V1I.

Thy Glories I abate,
Or praife Thee with Defign;
Some of the Favours I forget,
Or think the Merit mine.

## VIII.

The very Songs I frame, Are faithlefs to thy Caufe, And fteal the Honours of thy Name To build their own Applaufe.

$$
1 X .
$$

Create my Soul anew,
Elfe all my Worfhip's vain;
This wretched Heart will ne'er be true,
Until 'tis form'd again.
X.

Defcend, Celeftial Fire,
And feize me from above,
Melt me in Flames of pure Defire,
A Sacrifice to Love.

46 LYRIC POEMS, BookI. XI.

Let Joy and Worhip fpend The Remnant of my Days,
And to my God, my Soul, afcend, In fweet Perfumes of Praife.


> True Learning.

Partly imitated from a French Sonnet of Mr Poiret.

## I.

HAPPY the Feet that fhining $T_{r u t i r ~ h a s ~ l e d ~}^{\text {l }}$ With her own Hand to tread the Path fhe pleafe, To fee her native Luftre round her fpread,

Without a Vail, without a Shade,
All Beauty, and all Light, as in herfelf the is.
II.

Our Senfes cheat us with the preffing Crouds
Of painted Shapes they thruft upon the Mind:
The Truth they fhew lies wrap'd in fevenfold Shrouds,
Our Senfes caft a thoufand Clouds
On unenlighten'd Souls, and leave them doubly blind.

## III.

I hate the Duft that fierce Difputers raife,
And lofe the Mind in a wild Maze of Thought:
What empty Trifings, and what fubtil Ways,
To fence and guard my Rule and Rote!
Our God will never charge us, That we knew them Not.

## IV.

Touch, Heav'nly WORD, O touch thefe curious Souls; Since I have heard but one foft Hint from Thee, From all the vain Opinions of the Schools
(That Pageantry of knowing Fools) I feel my Powers releas'd, and ftand divinely free.
V.
'Twas this Almighty Word that all Things made, He grafps whole Nature in his fingle Hand; All the Eternal Truths in Him are laid,

The Ground of all Things, and their Head, The Circle where they move, and Center where they fland:
VI.

Without his Aid I have no fure Defence, From Troops of Errors that befiege me round ; But he that refts his Reafon and his Senfe

Faft here, and never wanders hence, Unmoveable he dwells upon unfhaken Ground.
VII.

Infinite Trutra, the Life of my Defires, Come from the Sky, and join thy felf to me ; I'm tir'd with Hearing, and this Reading tires ;

But never tir'd of telling Thee,
'Tis thy fair Face alone my Spirit burns to fee.

## VIII.

Speak to my Soul, alone, no other Hand Shall mark my Path out with delufive Ast: All Nature filent in his Prefence fland, Creatures be dumb at his Command, And leave his fingle Voice to whifper to my Heart.

## IX.

Retire, my Soul, within thyfelf retire,
Away from Senfe and every outward Show:
Now let my Thoughts to loftier Themes afpire,
My Knowledge now on Wheels of Fire
May mount and fpread above, furveying all below.
X.

The Lord grows lavifh of his heav'nly Light,
And pours whole Floods on fuch a Mind as this:
Fled from the Eyes fhe gains a piercing Sight,
She dives into the Infinite,
And fees unutterable Things in that unknown Abyfs.


> True Wifdom.

## I.

PRonounce him bleft, my Mufe, whom Wis dom guides In her own Path to her own heav'nly Seat;
Thro' all the Storms his Soul fecurely glides, Nor can the Tempefts, nor the Tides That rife and roar around, fupplant his fteady Feet.
II.

Earth, you may let your golden Arrows fly, And feek in vain a Paffage to his Breaft, Spread all your painted Toys to court his Eye,

He fmiles, and fees them vainly try
To lure his Soul afide from her Eternal Reft.

Our head-ftrong Lufts, like a young fiery Horfe, Start, and flee raging in a violent Courfe ; He tames and breaks them, manages and rides 'em,

Checks their Career, and turns and guides 'em, And bids his Reafon bridle their licentious Force.
IV.

Lord of himfelf, he rules his wildeft Thoughts, And boldly adts what calmly he-defign'd, Whilf he looks down and pities human Faults;

Nor can he think, nor can he find A Plague like reigning Paffions, and a fubject Mind.
V.

But oh! 'tis mighty Toil to reach this Height, To vanquih Self is a laborious Art ; What manly Courage to fuftain the Fight,

To bear the noble Fain, and part
With thofe dear charming Tempters rooted in the Heart?

## VI.

'Tis hard to fand when all the Paffions move,
Hard to awake the Eye that Paffion blinds To rend and tear out this unhappy Love, That clings fo clofe about our Minds, And where th' enchanted Souls fo fweet a Poiron inds.
Vil.

Hard ; but it may be done. Come, heav'nly Fire, Come to my Breaft, and with one pow'rful Ray Melt off my Lufts, my Fetters: I can bear

A while to be a Tenant here,
But not be chain'd and prifon'd in a Cage of Clay,

## VIII.

Heav'n is my I'ome and I muft ufe my Wings ;
Sublime above the Globe my Flight afpires:
I have a Soul was made to pity Kings,
And all their little glitt'ring Things ;
I have a Soul was made for infinite Defires.

## IX.

Loos'd from the Earth, my Heart is upward flown;
Farewel, my Friends, and all that once was mine;
Now, thould you fix my Feet on Cear's Throne,
Crown me, and call the World my own,
The Gold that binds my Brows could ne'er my Soulconfine.

## X.

I am the Lorm's, and $\mathcal{F} E S U S$ is my Love;
He , the dear God, fhall fill my vaft Defire,
My Flefh below; yet I can dwell above,
And nearer to my Saviour move;
There all my Soul fhall center, all my Pow'rs confpire.
XI.

Thus I with Angels live; thus half divine
I fit on high, nor mind inferior Joys:
Fill'd with his Love, I feel that God is mine,
His Glory is my great Defign,
That everlafting Project all my Thoughts employ.

## 

A Song to Creating Wifdom.

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P A R \quad \tau \quad I
$$

I.

TTernal Wisdom, Thee we praife, Thee the Creation fings :
With thy loud Name, Rocks, Hills, and Seas, And Heav'ns high Palace rings.
II.

Place me on the bright Wings of Day To travel with the Sun;
With what Amaze fhall I furvey
The Wonders Thou halt done?

III.

Thy Hand, how wide it fpread the Sky!
How glorious to behold!
Ting'd with a Blue of heav'nly Dye,
And farr'd with fparkling Gold.

> IV.

There Thou haft bid the Globes of L'ght
Their endlefs Circles run ;
There the pale Planet rules the Night,
And Day obeys the Sun.

## $\begin{array}{lllll}P A & R & \tau\end{array}$

## V.

L Downward I turn my wond'ring Eyes
On Clouds and Storms below, Thofe Under-Regions of the Skies

Thy num'rous Glories fhow.

> VI.

The noify Winds ftand ready there Thy Orders to obey, With founding Wings they fiveep the Air, To make thy Chariot way.
VII

There, like a Trumpet, loud and ftrong,
Thy Thunder fhakes our Coaft :
While the red Lightnings wave along,
The Banners of thine Hoft.

## V1II.

On the thin Air without a Prop,
Hang fruitful Show'rs around:
At thy Command they fink, and drop
Their Fatnefs on the Ground.

## $P A R A T I$.

IX.

Now to the Earth I bent my Song,
And caft my Eyes around:
Glancing the Britifo Ifles along;
Bleft Ifles, confefs your God.

How did his wond'rous Skill array
Your Fields in charming Green;
A thoufand Herbs his Art difplay, A thoufand Flowers between!
XI.

Tall Oaks for future Navies grow, Fair Albion's beft Defence,
While Corn and Vines rejoice below, Thofe Luxuries of Senfe.

## Xll.

The bleating Flocks his Pafture feeds:
And Herds of larger Size,
That bellow thro' the Lindian Meads, His bounteous Hand fupplies.

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We fee the Thames carefs the Shores, He guides her filver Flood:
While angry Severn fwells and roars, Yet hears her Ruler, God.
XIV.

The rolling Mountains of the Deep Obferve his ffrong Command;
His Breath can raife the Billows fteep, Or fink them to the Sand.
XV.

Amidat thy wat'ry Kingdom; Lord, The finny Nations play,
And fcaly Monfters, at thy Word, Ruh thro' the Northern Sea.

54 LYRIC POEMS, Book.

## $\begin{array}{lllll}P A & R & T & \end{array}$

## XVI.

6 Thy Glories blaze all Nature round, And frize the gazing Sight, Tho' Skies, and Seas, and fold Ground, With Terror and Delight.
XVII.

7 Infinite Strength, and equal Skill, Shine thro' the Worlds abroad, Our Souls with vat Amazement fill, And freak the Builder God.

## XVIII.

c. But the fret Beauties of thy Grace

Our fofter Paffions move;
Pity Divine in $\mathcal{J} E S U S^{\prime}$ Face
We fee, adore, and love.


God's absolute Dominion.

## I.

$L^{\circ}$ORD, when my thoughtful Soul furveys
Fire, Air and Earth, and Stars and Seas,
I call them all thy Slaves;
Commiffion'd by my Father's Will, Poisons fall cure, or Balms fall kill ;



Vernal Suns, or Zephyr's Breath, May burn or blaft the Plants to Death That fharp December faves; What can Winds or Planets boant But a precarious Pow'r?
The Sun is all in Darknefs loft, Froft fhall be Fire, and Fire be Froft, When he appoints the Hour.

## II.

Lo, the Norwegians near the Polar Sky
Chafe their frozen Limbs with Snow, Their frozen Limbs awake and glow,
The vital Flame touch'd with a ftrange Supply Rekindles, for the God of Life is nigh ; He bids the vital Flood in wonted Circles flow.

Cold Steel expos'd to Northern Air, Drinks the meridian Fury of the Midnight Bear, And burns th' unwary Stranger there.

## III.

Enquire, my Soul, of ancient Fame, Look back two thoufand Years, and fee Th' ASjrian Prince transform'd a Brute, For boafting to be abfolute :
Once to his Court the God of 1 frael came,
A King more abfolute than he, I fee the Furnace blaze with Rage
Sevenfold : I fee amidft the Flame
Three Hebrerus of immortal Name;
They move, they walk acrofs the burning Stage Unhurt, and fearlefs, while the Tyrant ftood

A Statue ; Fear congeal'd his Blood:

56 LYRIC POEMS, BookI.
Nor did the raging Element dare Attempt their Garments, or their Hair ;
It knew the Lord of Nature there.
Nature compell'd by a fuperior Caufe,
Now breaks her own eternal Laws,
Now feems to break them, and obeys.
Her Sov'reign King in different Ways.
Father, how bright thy Glories mine !
How broad thy Kingdom, how divine!
Nature, and Miracle, and Fate, and Chance are thine,
IV

Hence from my Heart, ye Idols, flee,
Ye founding Names of Vanity!
Wo more my Lips mall facrifice
To Chance and Nature, Tales and Lies:
Creatures without a God can yield me no Supplies.
What is the Sun, or what the Shade,
Or Frofts, or Flames, to kill or fave?
His Favour is my Life, his Lips pronounce me dead;
And as his awful Dictates bid,
Earth is my Mother, or my Grave.

## 

## Condécending Grace.

In Imitation of the cxivth $P$ Palm.
I.

WHEN the Eternal bows the Skies, To vifit earthly Things,
With Scorn divine he turns his Eyes
From Towers of haughty Kings ;
II.

Rides on a Cloud difdainful by A Sultan, or a Czar,
Laughs at the Worms that rife fo high, Or frowns 'em from afar;
III.

He bids his awful Chariot roll
Far downward from the Skies,
To vifit every humble Soul, With Pleafure in his Eyes. IV.

Why fhould the Lord that reigns above Difdain fo lofty Kings ?
Say, Lord, and why fuch Looks of Love Upon fuch worthlefs Things?

## V.

Mortals be dumb ; what Creature dares
Difpute his awful Will?
Afk no Account of his Affairs,
But tremble, and be fill.
VI.

Juft like his Nature is his Grace, All Sovereign, and all Free;
Great God, how fearchlefs are thy Ways!
How deep thy Judgments be!

2 5

The Infinite.
I.

SOME Seraph, lend your heav'nly Tongue,
D Or Harps of golden String,
That I may raife a lofty Song
To our eternal King.
II.

Thy Names, how infinite they be!
Great Everiasting One!
Boundlefs thy Might and Majefty, And unconfin'd thy Throne.
III.

Thy Glories mine of wondrous Size,
And wondrous large thy Grace ;
Immortal Day breaks from thine Eyes,
And Gabriel veils his Face.
IV.

Thine Effence is a vaft Abyfs,
Which Angels cannot found,
An Ocean of Infinities
Where all our Thoughts are drown d.
V.

The Myfteries of Creation lie
Beneath enlighten'd Minds,
Thoughts can afcend above the Sky,
And fly before the Winds.

## VI.

Reafon may grafp the mafly Hills, And ftretch from Pole to Pole,
But half thy Name our Spirit fills, And overloads our Soul.

> VII.

In vain our haughty Reafon fwells, For Nothing's found in Thee But boundlefs Unconceivables, And vaft Eternity.


Confefion and Pardon.
I.

ALAS, my aking Heart! Here the keen Torment lies; It racks my waking Hours with Smart, And frights my flumb'ring Eyes.
II.

Guilt will be hid no more, My Griefs take vent apace,
The Crimes that blot my Confcience o'er Flufh Crimfon in my Face.
III.

My Sorrows, like a Flood, Impatient of Reftraint, Into thy Bofom, O my God, Pour out a long Complaint. IV.

This impious Heart of mine Could once defy the Lord,
Could ruff with Violence on to Sin , In Presence of thy Sword.
V.

How often have I flood
A Rebel to the Skies,
The Calls, the Tenders of a God,
And Mercy's louden Cries!
VI.

He offers all his Grace,
And all his Heaven to me;
Offers! tut 'tic to fenfelefs Brass, That cannot feel nor fee.
VII.

FESUS the Saviour ftands
To court me from above,
And looks and fpreads his wounded Hands,
And thews the Prints of Love.

> VIII.

But I, a flupid Fool,
How long have I withflood
The Bleffings purchas'd with his Soul, And paid for all in Blood ?

## IX.

The heav'nly Dove came down
And tender'd me his Wings
To mount me upward to a Crown, And bright immortal Things.

## X.

Lord, I'm afham'd to fay
That I refus'd thy Dove, And fent thy Spirit griev'd away,

To his own Realms of Love.

## XI.

Not all thine heav'nly Cbarms, Nor Terrors of thy Hand, Could force me to lay down my Arms, And bow to thy Command.

## XII.

Lord, 'tis againft thy Face
My Sins like Arrows rife, And yet, and yet (O matchlefs Grace!) Thy Thunder filent lies.

## XIII.

O fhall I never feel
The Meltings of thy Love?
Am I of fuch Hell-harden'd Steel
That Mercy cannot move?

## XIV.

Now for one powerful Glance, Dear Saviour, from thy Face!
This Rebel-Heart no more withfands. But finks beneath thy Grace.

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X V .
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O'ercome by dying Love I fall, Here at thy Crofs I lie:
And throw my Flefh, my Soul, my All, And weep, and love, and die.

## XVI.

" Rife, fays the Prince of Mercy, rife,
"With Joy and Pity in his Eyes:
" Rife, and behold my wounded Veins, " Here flows the Blood to wafh thy Stains.

## XVII.

" See my Great Father reconcil'd ;"
He faid. And lo, the Father fmil'd;
The joyful Cherubs clapp'd their Wings, And founded Grace on all their Strings.


Young Men and Maidens, Old Men and Babes, praife ye the Lord, Pfal. cxlviii. 12.

## I.

CONS of Adam, bold and young,
In the wild Mazes of whofe Veins
A Flood of fiery Vigour reigns,
And wields your active Limbs, with hardy Sinews frung;
Fall profrate at th' Eternal Throne
Whence your precarious Pow'rs depend :
Nor fwell as if your Lives were all your own, But choofe your Maker for your Friend;
His Favour is your Life, his Arm is your Support, His Hand can ftretch your Days, or cutyour Minutes fhort.

## II.

Virgins, who roll your artful Eyes, And fhoot delicious Danger thence; Swift the lovely Lightning flies, And melts our Reafon down to Senfe;

Boaft not of thofe withering Charms
That muft yield their youthful Grace
To Age and Wrinkles, Earth and Worms;
But love the Author of your failing Face;
That heav'nly Bridegroom claims your blooming Hours:
O make it your perpetual Care
To pleafe that everlafting Fair ;
His Beauties are the Sun, and but the Shade is yours.

## III.

Infants, whofe different Deftinies
Are wove with Threads of different Size;
But from the fame Spring-tide of Tears, Commence your Hopes, and Joys, and Fears, (A tedious Train!) and date your following Yeass:

Break your firft Silence in his Praife
Who wrought your wond'rous Frame:
With Sounds of tendereft Accent raife
Young Honours to his Name;
And confecrate your early Days
To know the Pow'r fupreme.

## IV.

Ye Heads of venerable Age,
Juft marching off the mortal Stage,
Fathers, whofe vital Threads are fpun
As long as e'er the Glafs of Life would run,

64 LYRIC POEMS, BJokI.
Adore the Hand that led your Way
Thro' flow'ry Fields a fair long Summer's Day;
Gafp out your Soul in Praifes to the fovereign Pow'r That fet your Weft fo diftant from your dawning Hour.


Flying Fowl, and creeping Tbings, praife ye the Lord, Pfal. cxlviii. 10.

## I.

SWEET Flocks, whofe foft enamel'd Wing Swift and gently cleaves the Slky;
Whofe charming Notes addrefs the Spring,
With an artiefs Harmony.
Lovely Minftrels of the Field,
Who in leafy Shadows fit,
And your wondrous Structures build,
Awake your tuneful Voices with the dawning Light;
To Nature's God your firf Devotions pay,
E'er you falute the rifing Day,
${ }^{5}$ ' I 'is he calls up the Sun, and gives him every Ray.

## II.

Serpents, who o'er the Meadows flide, And wear upon your fhining Back Num'rous Ranks of gaudy Pride,
Which thoufand iningling Colours make;
Let the fierces Glances of your Eyes
Rebate their baleful Fire:

## Sacrod to Devotion, \&oc.

In harmlefs Play twit and unfold The Volumes of your fcaly Gold: That rich Embroidery of your gay Attire, Proclaims your Maker kind and wife.

## III.

Infects and Mites, of mean Degree, That fwarm in Myriads o'er the Land, Moulded by Wifdom's artful Hand, And curl'd and painted with a various Dye; In your innumerable Forms Praife Him that wears th' ethereal Crown, And bend his lofty Counfels down To defpicable Worms.

> The Comparifon and Complaint.
J.

INFINITE Power, Eternal Lord, How fovereign is thy Hand! All Nature rofe t' obey thy Word, And moves at thy Command.

## II.

With fleady Courfe thy fhining Sun
Keeps his appointed Way; And all the Hours obedient run

The Circle of the Day.

## III.

But ah! how wide my Spirit flies, And wanders from her God!
My Soul forgets the heav'nly Prize, And treads the downward Road.
IV.

The raging Fire, and ftormy Sea, Perform thine awful Will,
And every Beaft and every Tree, Thy great Defigns fulfil:

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While my wild Paffions rage within,
Nor thy Commands obey;
And Flefh and Senfe, enflav'd to Sin , Draw my beft Thoughts away.
VI.

Shall Creatures of a meaner Frame
Pay all their Dues to Thee;
Creatures, that never knew thy Name,
That never lov'd like me?
VII.

Great God, create my Soul anew,
Conform my Heart to thine,
Melt down my Will, and let it flow,
And take the Mould Divine.

## VHI.

Seize my whole Frame into thy Hand;
Here all my Pow'rs I bring :
Manage the Wheels by thy Command,
And govern every Spring.
IX.

Then fhall my Feet no more depart,
Nor wandering Senfes rove;
Devotion fhall be all my Heart,
And all my Pafions Love.
X.

Then not the Sun fhall more than I
His Maker's Laiv perform,
Nor 'travel fiwifter thro' the Sky,
Nor with a Zeal fo warm.


God Supreme and Self-Suficient.

## I.

TJHAT is our God, or what his Name Nor Men can learn, nor Angels teach;
He dwells conceal'd in radiańt Flame, Where neither Eyes nor Thoughts can reach.
II.

The fpacious Worlds of heav'nly Light, Compar'd with Him, how fhort they fall ? They are too dark, and He too bright, Nothing are they, and God is All.
III.

He fooke the wond'rous Word, and lo
Creation rofe at his Command :
Whirlwinds and Seas their Limits know, Bound in the Hollow of his Hand.

There refts the Earth, there roll the Spheres,
There Nature leans, and feels her Prop:
But his own Self-fuficience bears
The Weight of his own Glories up.
V.

The Tide of Creatures ebbs and flows,
Meafuring their Changes by the Moon:
No Ebb his Sea of Glory knows;
His Age is one eternal Noon.
VI.

Then fly, my Song, an endlefs Round,
The lofty Tune let Micbael raife;
All Nature dwell upon the Sound,
But we can ne'er fulfil the Praife.

TNxM


> IESSS the only Savicur.
I.

AD $A M$, our Father and our Head
Tranfgreft ; and Juftice doom'd us Dead:
The fiery Law fpeaks all Defpair,
There's no Reprieve, nor Pardon there.
II.

Call a bright Council in the Skies;
"Seraphs the Mighty and the Wife,
" Say, what Expedient can you give,
"That Sin be damn'd, and Sinners live ?

## III.

" Speak, are you frog to bear the Load,
" The weighty Vengeance of a God ?
"s Which of you loves our wretched Race,
"Or dares to venture in our Place?"
IV.

In vain we alk: For all around
Stands Silence thro' the heavenly Ground :
There's not a glorious Mind above
Has half the Strength, or half the Love.
V.

But, O unutterable Grace !
Th' Eternal Son takes Adam's Place ;
Down to our World the Saviour flies, Stretched his naked Arms, and dies.
VI.

Juftice was pleas'd to bruife the God, And pay its Wrongs with heavenly Blood; What unknown Racks and Pangs he bore! Then role : The Law could aft no more.
ViI.

Amazing Work! look down, ye Skies,
Wonder and gaze with all your Eyes;
Ye heavenly Thrones, floop from above, And bow to this mysterious Love.

## VIII.

See, how they bend! See how they look!
Long they had read th' eternal Book, And ftudied dark Decrees in vain, The Cross and Calvary makes them plain.

## IX.

Now they are ftruck with deep Amaze,
Each with his Wings conceals his Face ;
Nor clap their founding Plumes, and cry,
" The Wifdom of a DEITY!"

## X.

Low they adore th' Incarnate Son,
And fing the Glories he hath won;
Sing how he broke our Iron Chains,
How deep he funk, how high he reigns.
XI.

Triumph and reign, viftorious Lord, By all thy flaming Hofts ador'd : And fay, dear Coneueror, fay, how long, E'er we fhall rife to join their Song.

## XII.

Lo, from afar the promis'd Day Shines with a well-diftinguifh'd Ray;
But my wing'd Paffion hardly bears
Thefe Lengths of flow delaying Years.

## XIII.

Send down a Chariot from above,
With fiery Wheels, and pav'd with Love;
Raife me beyond th' ethereal Blue,
To fing and love as Angels do.


Looking upward.

## I.

HE Heavens invite mine Eye,
The Stars falute me round;
Father, I blufh, I mourn to lie
Thus groveling on the Ground.
II.

My warmer Spirits move, And make Attempts to fly;
I wifh aloud for Wings of Love To raife me fivift and high.

IIT.
Beyond thofe Cryftal Vaults, And all their fparkling Balls;
They're but the Porches to thy Courts,
And Paintings on thy Walls.
IV.

Vain World, farewel to you;
Heaven is my native Air:
I bid my Friends a thort Adieu,
Impatient to be there.

## V.

I feel my Powers releaft
From their old flefhy Clod;
Fair Guardian, bear me up in hafte
And fet me near my God.

Christ Dying, Ri/ing, and Reigning.

## I.

7 E dies! the heav'nly Lover dies ! The Tidings ifrike a doleful Sound On my poor Heart-Strings: Deep he lies
In the cold Caverns of the Ground.
II.

Come, Saints, and drop a 'Tear or two,
On the dear Bofom of your God;
He fheds a thoufand Drops for you, A thoufand Drops of richer Blood.

## III.

Here's Love and Grief beyond Degree,
The Lord of Glory dies for Men!
But lo, what fudden Joys I fee!
FESUS the Dead revives again.
IV.

The rifing God forfakes the Tomb, Up to his Father's Court He flies; Cherubic Legions guard Him Home, And thout him welcome to the Skies.
V.

Break off your Tears, ye Saints, and tell
How high our Great Deliverer reigns ;
Sing how he fpoil'd the Hofts of Hell,
And led the Monfter Death in Chains.

## VI.

Say, "Live for ever, wond'rous King! "Born to redeem, and ftrange to fave!" Then afk the Monfter, "Where's his Sting?
" And where's thy Victory, boafting Grave ?"

The God of Thmener.
I.

0The immenfe, th' amazing Height, The boundlefs Grandeur of our God, Who treads the Worlds beneath his Feet, And fivays the Nations with his Nod!
II.

He fpeaks ; and lo, all Nature fhakes, Heav'ns everlafting Pillars bow ; He rends the Clouds with hideous Cracks, And fhoots his fiery Arrows through.
iII.

Well, let the Nations flart and fly At the blue Light'nings horrid Glare, Atheifts and Emperors frink and die, When Flame and Noife torment the Air.
IV.

Let Noife and Flame confound the Skies, And drown the fpacious Realms below, Yet will we fing the Thunderers Praife, And fend our loud Hofannas through.

Celeftial King, thy blazing Power Kindles our Hearts to flaming Joys,
We fhout to hear thy Thunders roar,
And echo to our Father's Voice.
VI.

Thus fhall the God our Saviour come,
And Light'nings round his Chariot play, Ye Light'nings fly to make him room, Ye glorious Storms prepare his Way.


The Day of Fudgment.
An ODE.

Attempied' in Englifb Sapphick.
I.

VHEN the fierce North Wind with his airy Forces Rears up the Baltick to a foaming Fury;
And the red Light'ning, with a Storm of Hail comes Rufhing amain down, II.

How the poor Sailors ftand amaz'd and tremble! While the hoarfe Thunder, like a bloody Trumpet, Roars a loud Onfet to the gaping Waters

Quick to devour them.

## III.

Such fhall the Noife be, and the wild Diforder, (If Things eternal may be like thefe earthly) Such the dire Terror when the great Archangel

Shakes the Creation;

$$
I V .
$$

Tears the ftrong Pillars of the Vault of Heaven, Breaks up old Marble, the Repofe of Princes; See the Graves open, and the Bones arifing, Flames all around 'em.
V.

Hark, the fhrill Outcries of the guilty Wretches! Lively bright Horror, and amazing Anguifh, Stare thro' their Eye-lids, while the living Worm lies

Gnawing within them.
VI.

Thoughts, like old Vultures, prey upon their Heart-Strings, And the Smart twinges, when their Eye beholds the Lofty Judge frowning, and a Flood of Vengeance

Rolling afore him.
VII.

Hopelefs Immortals! how they fcream and fhiver While Devils pufh them to the Pit wide-yawning Hideous and gloomy to receive them headlong

Down to the Center.
VIII.

Stop here, my Fancy: (all away, ye horrid Doleful Ideas,) come, arife to $\mathcal{F} E S U S$ How he fits God-like! and the Saints around him Thron'd, yet adoring! IX.

O may I fit there when He comes triumphant, Dooming the Nations! then afcend to Glory, While our Hofannas all along the Paffage

Shout the Redeemer.


The Song of Angels above.
I.

HARTH has detain'd me Prifoner long, And I'm grown weary now :
My Heart, my Hand, my Ear, my Tongue,
There's nothing here for you.
II.
'Tir'd in my Thoughts I fretch me down,
And upward glance mine Eyes;
Upward, my Father, to thy Throne, And to my native Skies.

There the dear MAN my Saviour fits, The God how bright he fhines!
And fcatters infinite Delights
On all the happy Minds.

$$
I V .
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Seraphs with elevated Strains
Circle the Throne around,
And move and charm the farry Plains
With an immortal Sound.

## V.

GESUS the Lord their Harps employs,
$\mathcal{F} E S$ US my Love they fing,
FESUS the Name of both our Joys
Sounds fweet from ev'ry String.
VI.

Hark, how beyond the narrow Bounds
Of Time and Space they run,
And fpeak in moft majeftic Sounds,
The Godhead of the Son.
VII.

How on the Father's Breaft He lay,
The Darling of his Soul,
Infinite Years before the Day
Or Heavens began to roll.

## VIII.

And now they fink the lofty 'Tone, And gentler Notes they play,
And bring th' Eternal Godhead down
To dwell in humble Clay.

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1 X
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O facred Beauties of the Man!
(The God refides within)
His Flefh all pure, without a Stain,
His Soul without a Sin.
X.

Then, how he look'd, and how he fmil'd, What wond'rous Things he faid!
Sweet Cherubs, ftay, dwell here a while, And tell what $\mathcal{F E S U S}$ did.
XI.

At his Command the Blind awake, And feel the gladfome Rays;
He bids the Dumb attempt to Speak, They try their Tongues in Praife.

## XII.

He fhed a thoufand Bleffings round
Where'er he turn'd his Eye ;
He fpoke, and at the fovereign Sound
The hellih Legions fly.

## XIII.

Thus while with unambitious Strife
Th' ethereal Minftrels rove
'Thro' all the Labours of his Life, And Wonders of his Love.
XIV.

In the full Choir a broken String Groans with a ftrange Surprize;
The reft in Silence mourn their King,
That bleeds, and loves, and dies.

$$
X V .
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Seraph and Saint, with dropping Wings,
Ceafe their harmonious Breath;
No blooming Trees, nor bubbling Springs,
While $\mathcal{F E S U S}$ fleeps in Death.
XVI.

Then all at once to living Strains
They fummon every Chord,
Break up the Tomb, and burft his Chains, And fhew their rifing Lord.

## XVII.

Around the flaming Army throngs
To guard Him to the Skies,
With loud Hofannas on their Tongues,
And Triumph in their Eyes.
XVIII.

In awful State the conquering God
Afcends his fhining Throne,
While tuneful Angels found abroad
The Viet'ries He has won.

## XIX.

Now let me rife, and join their Song,
And be an Angel too;
My Heart, my Hand, my Ear, my Tongue,
Here's joyful Work for you.
XX.

I would begin the Mafic here,
And fo my Soul fhould rife :
Oh for fome heavenly Notes to bear
My Spirit to the Skies!

## XXI.

There, ye that love my Saviour, fit,
There I would fain have Place,
Amongft your Thrones, or at your Feet, So I might fee his Face.

## XXII.

I am confin'd to Earth no more, But mount in Hafte above,
To blefs the God that I adore, And fing the Man I love.


Fire, Air, Earth and Sea, praife ye the
LORD.

## I.

1A RTH, thou great FootRool of our God Who reigns on high ; thou fruitful Source Of all our Raiment, Life and Food; Our Houfe, our Parent, and our Nurfe; Mighty Stage of mortal Scenes, Dreft with ftrong and gay Machines, Hung wish golden Lamps around; (And flow'ry Carpets fpread the Ground)
Thou bulky Globe, prodigious Mafs, That hangs unpillar'd in an empty Space! While thy unweildy Weight refts on the feeble Air, Blefs that Almighty Word that $\mathrm{fx}^{\prime} \mathrm{d}$ and holds thee there.
II.

Fire, thou fwift Herald of his Face,
Whofe glorious Rage, at his Command,
Levels a Palace with the Sand,
Blending the lofty Spires in Ruin with the Bafe ;
Ye heav'nly Flames, that finge the Air,
Artillery of a jealous God,
Bright Arrows that his founding Quivers bear To fcatter Deaths abroad;
Light'nings, adore the fovereign Arm that flings His Vengeance, and yourFires, upon the Heads of Kings.

## III.

Thou vital Element, the AIR, Whofe boundlefs Magazines of Breath
Our fainting Flame of Life repair,
And fave the Bubble Man from the cold Arms of Death :
And ye, whofe vital Moiture yields
Life's purple Stream a frefh Supply ;
Sweet Waters wand'ring thro' the flow'ry Fields, Or dropping from the Sky;
Confefs the Pow'r whofe all-fufficient Name Nor needs your Aid to build, or to fupport our Frame:

$$
1 V .
$$

Now the rude Air, with noify Force,
Beats up and fivells the angry Sea,
Thèy join to make our Lives a Prey,
And fweep the Sailors Hopes away,
Vain Hopes, to reach their Kindred on the Shores!
Lo, the wild Seas and furging Waves
Gape hideous in a thoufand Graves:
Be ftill, ye Floods, and know your Bounds of Sand, Ye Storms, adore your Mafter's Hand;
The Winds are in his Fift, the Waves at his Command.
$V$.
From the Eternal Emptinefs
His fruitful Word by fecret Springs
Drew the whole Harmony of Things
That form this noble Univerfe :
Old Nothing knew his pow'rful Hand,
Scarce had he fpoke his full Command,
Fire, Air, and Earth, and Sea, heard the creating Call,
And leap'd from empty Nothing to this beauteous All;
And ftill they dance, and ftill obey
The Orders they receiv'd the great Creation-Day,

## 

## The Farewel:

I.

DEAD be my Heart to all below, To mortal Joys and mortal Cares;
To fenfual Blifs that charms us fo Bedark, my Eyes, and deaf, my Ears.

Here I renounce my carnal Tafe Of the fair Fruit that Sinners prize:
Their Paradife fhall never wafte
One Thought of mine, but to defpife.

## III.

All earthly Joys are over-weigh'd
With Mountains of vexatious Care;
And where's the Sweet that is not laid
A Bait to fome defructive Snare ?

## IV.

Be gone, for ever, mortal Things ! Thou mighty Mole-Hill, Earth, Farewel!
Angels afpire on lofiy Wings,
And leave the Globe for Ants to dwell.
V.

Come, Heaven, and fill my vaft Defires,
My Soul purfues the fovereign Good:
She was all made of heavenly Fires,
Nor can fhe live on meaner Food.

## God only known to Himself.

## I.

CTAND and adore! How glorious He
That dwells in bright Eternity!
We gaze, and we confound our Sight Plung'd in th' Abyfs of dazling Light.
II.

Thou Sacred One, Almighty Three;
Great Everlafting Mystery,
What lofty Numbers fhall we frame
Equal to thy tremendous Name?
H1!.

Seraphs, the neareft to the Throne, Begin, and fpeak the Great Unknown: Attempt the Song, wind up your Strings To Notes untry'd, and boundlefs Thirgs.
IV.

You, whofe capacious Pow'rs furvey Largely beyond our Eyes of Clay:
Yet what a narrow Portion too
Is feen, or known, or thought by you?
V.

How flat your higheft Praifes fall
Below th' immenfe Original!
Weak Creatures we, that frive in vain
To reach an uncreated Strain!

## 84 LYRIC POEMS, BóokI.

 VI.Great God, forgive our feeble Lays, Sound out thine own eternal Praife; A Song fo vat, a Theme fo high, Calls for the Voice that tun'd the Sky.

## Pardon and Sanctification.

> I.

MY Crimes awake ; and hideous Fear Diffracts my reftefs Mind,
Guilt meets my Eyes with horrid Glare, And Hell purfues behind.
II.

Almighty Vengeance frowns on high, And Flames array the Throne;
While Thunder murmurs round the Sky,
Impatient to be gone.
III.

Where fall I hide this noxious Head;
Can Rocks or Mountains fave?
Or foal I wrap me in the Shade
Of Midnight and the Grave ?

## IV.

Is there no Shelter from the Eye
Of a revenging God?
JESUS, to thy dear Wounds I fy,
Bedew me with thy Blood.
V.

Thofe Guardian Drops my Soul fecure,
And wafh away my Sin;
Eternal Juftice frowns no more, And Confcience fmiles within.
VI.

I blefs that wond'rous purple Stream
That whitens every Stain;
Yet is my Soul but half redeem'd,
If $\operatorname{Sin}$ the Tyrant reign.
V]I.

Lord, blaft his Empire with thy Breath,
That curfed Throne muft fall ;
Ye flattering Plagues, that work my Death, Fly, for I hate you all.


Sovereignty and Grace.

## I.

THE Lord! how fearful is his Name? How wide is his Command?
Nature, with all her moving Frame,
Refts on his mighty Hand.
II.

Immortal Glory forms his Throne,
And Light his awful Robe;
Whilf with a Smile, or with a Frown,
He manages the Globe.

A Word of his Almighty Breath
Can fwell or fink the Seas;
Build the vaft Empires of the Earth, Or break them as he pleafe.

$$
I V
$$

Adoring Angels round Him fall
In all their fhining Forms,
His fovereign Eye looks thro' them all, And pities mortal Worms.
V.

His Bowels to our worthlefs Race,
In fweet Compaffion move;
He cloaths his Looks with fofteft Grace, And takes his Title, Love.
VI.

Now let the Lord for ever reign;
And fway us as He will,
Sick, or in Health, in Eafe, or Pain,
We are his Favourites fill.
VII.

No more fhall peevifh Pafion rife,
The Tongue no more complain ;
${ }^{\prime}$ Tis fovereign Love that lends our Joys, And Love refumes again.


## The Law and Gofpel.

## I.

" CURST be the Man, for ever curft,
" That doth one wilful Sin commit;
" Death and Damnation for the Firft, "Without Relief and Infinite."

## II.

Thus Sinai roars; and round the Earth Thunder, and Fire, and Vengeance flings; But $\mathcal{F} E S U S$, thy dear gafping Breath, And Calvary, fay gentler Things..

## III.

"Pardon, and Grace, and boundlefs Love,
" Streaming along a Saviour's Blood,
" And Life, and Joys, and Crowns above,
" Dear purchas'd by a bleeding God.".
IV.

Hark, how he prays, (the charming Sound
Dwells on his dying Lips) Forgive;
And every Groan, and gaping Wound, Cries, "Father, let the Rebels live.".
V.

Go, you that reft upon the Law, And toil, and feek Salvation there, Look to the Flames that Mo'es faw, And fhrink, and tremble, and defpair,

$$
\begin{gathered}
L X R I C P O E M S, \quad \text { BookI. } \\
\text { VI. }
\end{gathered}
$$

But I'll retire beneath the Crofs, Saviour, at thy dear Feet I lie;
And the keen Sword that Juftice draws, Flaming and red, fhall pafs me by.

Seeking a divine Calm in a reftefs World.

- Mens, quæ ftabili fata Regis vice, $E^{2} c$. Cafmine Book IV. Od. 28.
I.

FTERNAL Mind, who rul'ft the Fates Of dying Realms, and rifing States,
With one unchang'd Decree,
While we admire thy vaft Affairs, Say, can our little trifling Cares

Afford a Smile to Thee?
II.

Thou fcattereft Honours, Crowns and Gold :
We fly to feize, and fight to hold
The Bubbles and the Ore:
So Emmets ftruggle for a Grain ;
So Boys their petty Wars maintain
For Shells upon the Shore.
III.

Here a vain Man his Scepter breaks, The next a broken Scepter takes, And Warriors win and lofe:

This rolling World will never ftand, Plunder'd and fnatch'd from Hand to Hand, As Power decays or grows. IV.

Earthrs but an Atom: Greedy Swords
Carve it amongtt a thoufand Lords, And yet they can't agree:
Let greedy Swords ftill fight and flay,
I can be poor; but, Lord, I pray
To fit and fmile with Thee.

## 

## Happy Frailty.

I.
" HOW meanly dwells th' immortal Mind :
" 11 How vile thefe Bodies are!
"Why was a Clod of Earth defign'd " T' enclofe a heavenly Star ?
II.
" Weak Cottage where our Souls refide! " This Flefh a tott'ring Wall;
"With frightful Breaches gaping wide " The Building bends to fall.

## III.

" All round it Storms of Trouble blow, " And Waves of Sorrow roll ;
"Cold Waves and Winter-Storms beat through, "And pain the Tenant-Soul.
"Alas! how frail our State!" faid I;
And thus went mourning on,
Till fudden from the cleaving Sky A Gleam of Glory fhone.
V.

My Soul all felt the Glory come,
And breath'd her native Air;
Then fhe remember'd Heaven her Home, And fhe a Pris'ner here.

> VI.

Straight fhe began to change her Key, And joyful in her Pains,
She fung the Frailty of her Clay
In pleafurable Strains.
VII.
(6 How weak the Pris'n is where 1 dwell! "Flefh but a tottering Wall, " The Breaches cheerfully foretel, "The Houfe muft fhortly fall.

## VIII.

" No more, my Friends, fhall I complain, "Tho' all my Heart-Strings ake;
"Welcome Difeare, and every Pain, " That makes the Cottage fhake.

## IX.

" Now let the Tempeft blow all round, " Now fwell the Surges high,
$\because$ And beat this Houfe of Bondage down, "To let the Stranger fly.

## X.

"I have a Manfion built above " By the Eternal Hand ;
" And fhould the Earth's old Bafis move "My heav'nly Houre muft ftand.

## XI.

" Yes, for 'tis there my Saviour reigns, " (I long to fee the God)
"A And his immortal Strength fuftains "The Courts that cof him Blood."

## XII.

Hark, from on high my Saviour calls: "I come, my Lord, my Love:" Devotion breaks the Prifon-Walls, And fpeeds my laft Remove.



Launcbing into Eternity.
T was a brave Attempt! adventurous He , Who in the firt Ship broke the unknown Sea: And leaving his dear native Shores behind, Trufted his Life to the licentious Wind. I fee the furging Brine: the Tempeft raves: He on a Pine-Plank rides acrofs the Waves, Exulting on the Edge of thoufand gaping Graves: He fteers the winged Boat, and fhifts the Sails, Conquers the Flood, and manages the Gales,

# 92 LYRIC POEMS, BookI. 

Such is the Soul that leaves this mortal Land Fearlefs when the great Mafter gives Command. Death is the Storm : She fmiles to hear it roar, And bids the Tempeft waft her from the Shore: Then with a fkilful Helm fhe fweeps the Seas, And manages the raging Storm with Eafe; ("Her Faith can govern Death") fhe fpreads her Wings Wide to the Wind, and as the fails fhe fings, And lofes by Degrees the Sight of mortal Things. As the Shores leflen, fo her Joys arife, The Waves roll gentler, and the Tempett dies, Now vaft Eternity fills all her Sight, She floats on the broad Deep with infinite Delight, The Seas for ever calm, the Skies for ever bright.



> A Propeer of the Rcfurrection.

> I.

HOW long fhall Death the Tyrant reign And triumph o'er the Juft,
While the rich Blood of Martyrs flain.
Lies mingled with the Duft?

## II.

When frall the tedious Night be gone ?
When will our Lord appear?
Our fond Defires would pray him down,
Our Love embrace him here.

Sacred to Devorion, \&tc.

- III.

Let Faith arife and climb the Hills, And from afar defcry
How diftant are his Chariot-Wheels, And tell how falt they fly.

## IV.

Lo, I behold the fcatt'ring Shades, The Dawn of Heav'n appears, The fiveet immortal Morning fpreads Its Blufhes round the Spheres.
V.

I fee the Lord of Glory come, And flaming Guards around:
The Skies divide to make him room, The Trumpet fhakes the Ground.
VI.

I hear the Voice, "Ye dead arife," And 10 , the Graves obey, And waking Saints with joyful Eyes, Salute th' expected Day.
Vil.

They leave the Duft, and on the Wing Rife to the middle Air,
In fhining Garments meet their King, And low adore Him there.

## VIII.

O may my humble Spirit ftand Amongft them cloth'd in white !
The meaneft Place at his right Hand Is infinite Delight.

94 LYRIC POEMS, BookI.
IX.

How will our Joy and Wonder rife,
When our returning King
Shall bear us homeward thro' the Skies On Love's triumphant Wing.

Ad Dominum noftrum E Servatorem FESUM CHRISTUM.

O D A.
2Nou. 108:
I.

TE, grande Numen, Corporis Incola,
Te, magna magni Progenies Patris,
Nomen verendum noftri $\mathcal{F}$ ES $U$
Vox, Citharæ, Calami fonabunt.

## II.

Aptentur auro grandifonæ fides,
CHRIS TI Triumphos incipe Barbite,
Fractofque terrores Averni, Victum Erebum, domitamque Mortem.

## III.

Immenfa vaftos fæcula circulos
Volvêre, blando dum Patris in finû
Toto fruebatur $\mathcal{F} E$ HOVAH
Gaudia mille bibens $\mathcal{F} E S U S$;

## IV.

Donec fuperno vidit ab ethere Adam cadentem, Tartara hiantia

Unâque mergendos ruinâ
Heu nimium miferos Nepotes :
V.

Vidit minaces Vindicis Angeli
Ignes \& Enfem, Telaque Sanguine Tingenda noitro, dum rapinæ Spe fremuere Erebca Monftra.
VI.

Commota facras Vifcera protinus Sensêre flammas, Omnipotens furor Ebullit, Immenfque Amoris Fithereum calet Igne Pectus.
ViI.
" Non tota prorfus Gens hominum dabit
"Hoati Triumphos: Quid Patris \& Labor " Dulcifque Imago? num peribunt "Funditus? O prius Afra cacis.
VIII.
" Mergantur Undis, \& redeat Cháos:
" Aut ipfe difperdam Satance dolos, " Aut ipfe difperdar, \& ifti " Sceptra dabo moderanda dextræ.

## IX.

" Teftor paternum Numen, \& hoc Caput
" Æquale teftor, dixit ; \& Ætheris Inclinat ingens culmen, alto Defiliitque ruens Olympo.

## $X$.

Mortale Corpus impiger induit
Artufque noftros, heu tenues nimis
Nimifque viles! Vindicique
Corda dedit fodienda Ferro.
XI.

Vitamque Morti ; Proh dolor! O graves
Tonandis Irx! O Lex nimis afpera!
Mercefque Peccati fevera
Adamici, vetitique fructus.

## XII.

Non Pœna lenis! Quò ruis impotens!
Quò Mufa! largas fundere lachrymas,
Buftique Divini triumphos
Sacrilego temerare fletu?
XIII.

Sepone queftus, læta $\mathrm{Devm}_{\text {cane }}$
Majore Chordâ. Pfalle fonoriùs
Ut ferreás Mortis cavernas
Et rigidam penetravit Aulam.

## XIV.

Sensêre Numen Regna feralia, Mugit Barathrum, contremuit Chaos,

Dirùm fremebat Rex Gebenna,
Perque fuum tremebundus Orcum
XV.

Latè refugit. "Nil agis Impie, " Mergat vel imis te Pblegethon vadis, "Hoc findet undas Fulmen, inquit,", Et patrios jaculatus ignes.Sacred to Devotion, \&c.

## XVI.

## Trajecit hoftem. Nigra filentia

 Umbreque flammas 牛thereas paventDudum perofe, ex quo corufo Præcipites cecidere Cœlo. XVII.
Inmane rugit jam Tonitru; fragor
Latè ruinam mendat: ab infimis
Lectæque deftinata Genti
Tartara disjiciuntur antris.

## XVIII.

Heîc ftrata paffim Vincula, \& heîc jacent Unci cruenti, Tormina Mentium
Invifa; ploratuque vafto Spicula Mors fibi adempta plangit. XIX.
En, ut refurgit Victor ab ultimo Ditis profundo, curribus aureis
Aftricta raptans Monfra noctis Perdomitumque Erebi Tyrannum: XX.
Quanta Angelorum gaudia jubilant
Victor paternum dum repetit polum ?
En qualis ardet, dum beati
Limina fcandit Ovans Olympi!
XXI.
Io triumphe plectra Seraphica,
Io triumphe Grex Hominum fonet,
Dum læta quaquaverfus ambos
Aftra repercutiunt Triumphos.

> Sui-ipfus Increpatio.

## EPIGRAMMA.

CORPORE cur hæres, Watt $\mathfrak{z}$ ? cur Incola Terræ? Quid cupis indignum, Mens, habitare lutum ?
Te Caro mille malis premit; hinc juvenes gravat artus
Languor, \& hinc vegetus crimina fanguis alit.
Cura, Amor, Ira, Dolor mentem malè diffrahit ; Auceps
Undique adeft Satanas retia fæva fruens. Sufpice ut 压thereum fignant tibi nutibus Aftra

Tramitem, \& Aula vocat parta Cruore Der. Te manet Uriel dux ; \& tibi fubjicit alas

Stellatas Seraphîn officiofa cohors.
Te Superûm Chorus optat amans, te invitat $\mathcal{F} E S U S$,
"Huc ades \& noftro tempora conde finû."
Verè amat ille Lutum quem nec Dolor aut Satan arcet
Inde nec alliciunt Angelus, Aftra, Deus.

> Excitatio Corais Cclum vorfus.

$$
1694 .
$$

HEU quod sêcla terris carcere Corporis, Watt $/ 2$ ? quid refugis Limen \& Exitum?
Nec Mens Ethereum Culmen, \& Atria
Magni Patris anhelitat ?

Corpus vile creat mille Moleftias, Circum Corda volant \& Dolor, \& Metus, Peccatumque malis durius omnibus

Cxcas Infidias ftruito

Non hoc grata tibi Gaudia de folo Surgunt: Christus abeft, deliciæ tuæ, Longè Christus abef, inter \& Angelos Et picta aftra perambulans.

* Coli fumma petas, nec jabulabitur. Iracunda tonans fulmina: Te Deus Hortatur ; Vacuum tende per Aëra

Pennas nunc bomini datas.

Breatbing towiard the Heavenly Country.
Cafmire, Book I. Od. 19. imitated.

> Urit me Patric Decor, Eic.

THE Beauty of my native Land Immortal Love infpires;
I burn, I burn with ftrong Defires, And figh, and wait the high Command. There glides the Moon her fhining Way, And fhoots my Heart thro' with a filver Ray.

$$
62
$$

* Vide Harat, Lib. I, Od, 3.

Upward my Heart afpires:
A thoufand Lamps of golden Light
Hung high in vaulted Azure charm my Sight,
And wink and beckon with their amorous Fires,
O ye fair Glories of my heav'nly Hंome,
Bright Centinels who guard my Father's Court,
Where all the happy Minds refort,
When will my Father's Chariot come?
Muft ye for ever walk the ethereal Round,
For ever fee the Mourner lie
An Exile of the Sky,
A Prifoner of the Ground?
Defcend fome fhining Servant from on high,
Build me a hafty Tomb;
A graffy Turf will raife my Head;
The neighbouring Lilies drefs my Bed
And fhed a fweet Perfume.
Here I put off the Chains of Death
My Soul too long has worn:
Friends, I forbid one groaning eath,
Or Tear to wet my Urn;
Raphael, behold me all undreft,
Here gently lay this Flefh to reft :
Then mount, and lead the Path unknown, Swift I purfue thee, flaming Guide, on Pinions of my own.


## Cafimiri Epigramma 100.

In Sanctum Ardalionem qui ex Mimo Cbrifianus facius Martyrium pafjus eft.

ARDALIO facros deridet carmine Ritus, Feftaque non æqua voce Theatra quatit. Audiit Omnipotens; " Non eft opus, inquit, hiulco "Fulmine; tam facilem, Gratia, vince Virum.", Deferit illa Polos, \& deferit ifte Theatrum, Et tereti facrum volvit in Enfe Caput.

* Sic, fic, inquit, abit noftræ Comœdia Vitæ; "Terra vale, Cœlum plaude, Tyranne feri.".


## Englifhed.

On Saint Ardalio, who from a Stage-Pbayer became a Cbriftian, and Juffered Martyrdone.

## I.

$A^{\text {RDALIO jeers, and in his Comic Strains }}$
The Myfteries of our bleeding God profanes, While his loud Laughter thakes the painted Scenes.

$$
1 \mathrm{I} .
$$

Heaven heard, and ftrait around the fmoaking Throne The kindling Light'ning in thick Flafhes fhone, And vengeful Thunder murmur'd to be gone.

Mercy flood near, and with a fmiling Brow
Calm'd the loud Thunder; "There's no need of you; "Grace fhall defcend, and the weak Man fubdue."
IV.

Grace leaves the Skies, and he the Stage forfakes, He bows his Head down to the martyring Ax , And as he bows, this gentle Farewel fpeaks;
V.
"So goes the Comedy of Life away;
" Vain Earth, adieu; Heav'n will applaud To day ;
"Strike, courteous Tyrant, and conclude the Play."


When the Protefant Cburch at Montpelier was demolifbed by the French King's Order, the Proteftantslaid the Stones up in tbeir Burying-place, wbereon a Fefuit made a Latin Epigram.

Englifhed thus:

AHug'not Church once at Montpelier built Stood and proclaim'd their Madnefs and their Guilt; Too long it ftood beneath Heav'n's angry Frown, Worthy when rifing to be thunder'd down. $L_{e r w i s ~ a t ~ l a f t ~ t h ' ~ A v e n g e r ~ o f ~ t h e ~ S k i e s ~}^{\text {a }}$ Commands, and level with the Ground it fles ?
The Stones difpers'd, their wretched Offspring come,
Gather and 'heap them on their Father's Tomb.

Thus the curs'd Houfe falls on the Builders Head : And tho' beneath the Ground their Bones are laid, Yet the juft Vengeance fill purfues the guilty Dead.


> The Anfwer, by a Fienci Protejant.

Englifhed thus:

ACbriftian Church once at Montpelier ttood, And nobly fpoke the Builders Zeal for Gon. It flood the Envy of the fierce Dragoon, But not deferv'd to be deftroy'd fo foon: Yet Lerwis the vile Tyrant of the Age Tears down the Walls, a Victim to his Rage. Young faithful Hands pile up the facred Stones (Dear Monument!) o'er their dead Fathers Bones ; The Stones fhall move when the dead Fathers rife, Start up before the pale Deftroyer's Eyes, And teftify his Madnefs to th' avenging Skies.

## 

IWo bappy Rivals, Devotion and the Mule.
1.

TIID as the Light'ning, various as the Moon Roves my Pindaric Song:
Here fhe glows like burning Noon

- 104 LYRIC POEMS, Book I.

In fierceft Flames, and here fhe plays
Gentle as Star Beams on the Midnight Seas ;
Now in a fmiling Angel's Form,
Anon the rides upon the Storm,
1
Loud as the noify Thunder, as a Deluge ftrong.
Are my Thoughts and Wifhes free,
And know no Number nor Degree?
Such is the Mufe: Lo fhe difdains
The Links and Chains,
Meafures and Rules of vulgar Strains,
And o'er the Laws of Harmony a Sovereign Qucen the reigns.
II.

If the roves
By Streams or Groves
Tuning her Pleafures or her Pains,
My Paffion keeps her ftill in Sight,
My Paffion holds an equal Flight
Thro' Love's or Nature's wide Campaigns.
If with bold Attempt fhe fings
Of the biggeft mortal Things,
Tottering Thrones and Nations flain;
Or breaks the Fleets of warring Kings,
While Thunders roar
From Shore to Shore,
My Soul fits faft upon her Wings,
And fweeps the crimfon Surge, or fcours the purple Plain;
Still I attend her as fhe flies,
Round the broad Globe, and all beneath the Skies.

## III.

But when from the meridian Star
Long Streaks of Glory fhine,

And Heaven invites her from afar, She takes the Hint, fhe knows the Sign, The Mufe afcends her heavenly Carr,
And climbs the feepy Path and means the Throne divine.
Then fhe leaves my flutt'ring Mind
Clogg'd with Clay, and unrefin'd,
Lengths of Diftance far behind:
Virtue lags with heavy Wheel;
Faith has Wings, but cannot rife,
Cannot rife, - Swift and high
As the winged Numbers fly,
And faint Devotion panting lies
Half way th' ethereal Hill.

## IV.

O why is Piety fo weak,
And yet the Mufe fo ftrong?
When fhall thefe hateful Fetters break
That have confin'd me long ?
Inward a glowing Heat I feel,
A Spark of heav'nly Day;
But earthy Vapours damp my Zeal,
And heavy Flefh drags me the downward Way.
Faint are the Efforts of my Will,
And mortal Paffion charms my Soul aftray.
Shine, thou fweet Hour of dear Releafe,
Shine from the Sky,
And call me high
To mingle with the Choirs of Glory and of Blifs:
Devotion there begins the Flight,
Awakes the Song, and guides the Way ;
There Love and Zeal divine and bright

Trace out new Regions in the World of Light,
And fcarce the boldeft Mufe can follow or obey.
V.

I'm in a Dream, and Fancy reigns,
She fpreads her gay delufive Scenes;
Or is the Vifion true?
Behold Religion on her Throne,
In awful State defcending down,
And her Dominions vaft and bright within my fpacious View.
She fmiles, and with a courteous Hand
She beckons me away;
I feel mine airy Powers loofe from the cumb'rous Clay, And with a joyful hafte obey

Religion's high Command.
What Lengths and Heights and Depths unknown!
Broad Fields with blooming Glory fown,
And Seas, and Skies, and Stars her own,
In an unmeafur'd Sphere!
What Heavens of Joy, and Light ferene,
Which nor the rolling Sun has feen,
Where nor the roving Mufe has been,
That greater Traveller!

> VI.

A long Farewel to all below,
Farewel to all that Senfe can fhow,
To golden Scenes, and flow'ry Fields,
To all the Worlds that Fancy builds,
And all that Poets know.
Now the fwift Tranfports of the Mind
Leave the fluttering Mufe behind,
A thoufand loofe Pindaric Plumes fly fattering down the
Wind.

Among it the Clouds I lore my Breath,
The Rapture grows too ftrong :
The feeble Pow'rs that Nature gave
Faint and drop downward to the Grave ; Receive their Fall, thou Treafurer of Death;

I will no more demand my Tongue,
Till the grofs Organ well refin'd
Can trace the boundlefs Flights of an unfetter'd Mind, And raife an equal Song.


The following Poems of this Book are peckliarly dedicated to Divine Love *。

The Hazard of loving the Creatures.
I.

WHeree'er my flattering Paffions rove I find a lurking Snare;
'This dangerous to let loofe our Love
Beneath th' Eternal Fair.
II.

Souls whom the Rye of Friendship binds,
And Partners of our Blood,
Seize a large Portion of our Minds,
And leave the lefs for God.

* Different Ages have their different Airs and Fafinions of writing, It was much more the Fafhion of the Age, when there Poems were written, to treat of Divine Subjects in the Style of Solomon's Song than it is at this Day, wobich swill afford forte Apology fur the Writer, in bis younger Years. - And ought to make th ope ifitti An ailing Critic, blarti, who, of the wry


## III.

Nature has foft but powerful Bands,
And Reafon fhe controuls;
While Children with their little Hands
Hang clofeft to our Souls.
IV.

Thoughtlefs they act th' old Serpent's Part ;
What tempting Things they be!
Lord, how they twine about our Heart, And draw it off from Thee!
$V$.
Our hafty Wills rufh blindly on
Where rifing Paffion rolls,
And thus we make our Fetters ftrong
To bind our flavifh Souls.
VI.

Dear Sovereign, break thefe Fetters off, And fet our Spirits free;
God in himfelf is Blifs enough,
For we have all in Thee.



> Defining to love Christ.

> I.

COME, let me love: Or is my Mind Harden'd to Stone, or froze to Ice ?
I fee the bleffed Fair One bend
And ftoop t' embrace me from the Skies !
II.

O! 'tis a Thought would melt a Rock, And make a Heart of Iron move, That thofe fweet Lips, that heavenly Look Should feek and wifh a mortal Love!
III.

I was a Traitor doom'd to Fire, Bound to fuftain eternal Pains; He flew on Wings of ftrong Defire, Affum'd my Guilt, and took my Chains.

> IV.

Infinite Grace! almighty Charms!
Stand in Amaze, ye whirling Skies, $\mathcal{F} E S U S$ the GOD, with naked Arms, Hangs on a Crofs of Love, and dies.

## V.

Did Pity ever ftoop fo low,
Drefs'd in Divinity and Blood ?
Was ever Rebel courted fo
In Groans of an expiring God ?
VI.

Again He lives; and fpreads his Hands,
Hands that were nail'd to tort'ring Smart ;
"By thefe dear Wounds," fays He ; and ftands
And prays to clafp me to his Heart.
VII.

Sure I muft love ; or are my Ears
Still deaf, nor will my Paffion move?
Then let me melt this Heart to Tears;
This Heart fhall yield to Death or Love.

The Heart given arvay.
I.

F there are Paffions in my Soul, (And Paffions fure there be)
Now they are all at thy Controul,
My $\mathcal{F} E S U S$, all for Thee.

## II.

If Love, that pleafing Power, can reft In Hearts fo hard as mine,
Come, gentle Saviour, to my Breaft, For all my Love is thine.

## III.

Let the gay World, with treacherous Art Allure my Eyes in vain :
I have convey'd away my Heart, Ne'er to return again.

$$
1 \mathrm{~V} .
$$

I feel my warmeft Paffions dead To all that Earth can boint ;
This Soul of mine was never made For Vanity and Duft.
V.

Now I can fix my Thoughts above, Amidft their flatt'ring Charms,
Till the dear Lord that hath my Love
Shall call me to his Arms.
VI.

So Gabriel, at his King's Command From yon celeftial Hill,
Walks downward to our worthlefs Land, His Soul points upward ftill.
VII.

He glides along by mortal Things
Without a Thought of Love,
Fulfils his Tafk, and fpreads his Wings
To reach the Realms above.


Meditation in a Grove.
I.

SWEET Mufe, defcend and blefs the Shade, And blefs the Evening Grove;
Bufinefs, and Noife, and Day are fled, And every Care but Love.

## II.

But hence, ye wanton Young and Fair,
Mine is a purer Flame;
No Pbillis fhall infect the Air
With her unhallowed Name.

## III.

JESUS has all my Powers poffeft, My Hopes, my Fears, my Joys:
He , the dear Sovereign of my Breaft, Shall ftill command my Voice. IV.

Some of the faireft Choirs above Shall flock around my Song With Joy to hear the Name they love Sound from a mortal Tongue.
V.

His Charms fhall make my Numbers flow, And hold the falling Floods, While Silence fits on every Bough, And bends the lift'ning Woods.
VI.

I'll carve our Paffion on the Bark, And every wounded Tree
Shall drop and bear fome myftic Mark That $\mathcal{F} E S U S$ dy'd for me.
VII.

The Swains fhall wonder when they read Infcrib'd on all the Grove,
That Heaven itfelf came down, and bled To win a Mortal's Love.

> Tbe Faireft and the Only Beloved.

## I.

HONOUR to that diviner Ray That firft allur'd my Eyes away From every mortal Fair; All the gay Things that held my Sight. Seem but the twinkling Sparks of Night, And languifhing in doubtful Light
Die at the Morning-Star.

## II.

Whatever fpeaks the Godhead great
And fit to be ador'd,
Whatever makes the Creature fweet
And worthy of my Paffion, meet
Harmonious in my Lord.
A thoufand Graces ever rife
And bloom upon his Face;
A thoufand Arrows from his Eyes
Shoot thro' my Heart with dear Surprize,
And guard around the Place.

## III.

All Nature's Art fhall never cure
The heav'nly Pains I found,
And 'tis beyond all Beauty's Power
To make another Wound:
Earthly Beauties grow and fade;
Nature heals the Wounds the made, But Charms fo much divine
Hold a long Empire of the Heart ;
What Heaven has joined fhall never part,
And $\mathcal{F E S U S}$ muft be mine.

## IV.

In vain the envious Shades of Night, Or Flatteries of the Day
Would veil his.Image from my Sight,
Or tempt my Soul away ;
$\mathcal{F E S U S}$ is all my waking Theme,
His lovely Form meets every Dream
And knows not to depart:

114 LYRIC POEMS, BookI.
The Paffion reigns
'Thro' all my Veins,
And floating round the crimfon Stream, Still finds him at my Heart.

> V.

Dwell there, for ever dwell, my Love;
Here I confine my Senfe;
Nor dare my wildeft Wifhes rove
Nor ftir a Thought from thence.
Amidft thy Glories and thy Grace
Let my Remnant-Minutes pafs;
Grant, thou Everlasting Fair,
Grant my Soul a Manfion there :
My Soul afpires to fee thy Face
Tho' Life fhould for the Vifion pay;
So Rivers run to meet the Sea,
And lofe their Nature in th' Embrace.
IV.

Thou art my Ocean, thou my God;
In Thee the Paffions of the Mind
With Joys and Freedoms unconfin'd
Exult, and fpread their Powers abroad.
Not all the glittering Things on high
Can make my Heaven, if thou remove ;
I fhall be tir'd and long to die ;
Life is a Pain without thy Love;
Who could ever bear to be
Curft with Immortality
Among the Stars, but far from Thee ?

Mutual Lave Stronger than Death.

> I.

NOT the rich World of Minds above Can pay the mighty Debt of Love I owe to Christ my God:
With Pangs which none but He could feel He bought my guilty Soul from Hell: Not the first Seraph's Tongue can tell The Value of his Blood.

## II.

Kindly he feiz'd me in his Arms,
From the false World's pernicious Charms
With Force divinely fiweet.
Had I ten thoufand Lives my own,
At his Demand With chearful Hand
Id pay the vital Treafure down In hourly Tributes at his Feet.

## III.

But, Saviour, let me taft thy Grace
With every fleeting Breath;
And thro' that Heaven of Pleafure pals
To the cold Arms of Death ;
Then I could life fucceffive Souls
Faff as the Minutes fly;
So Billow after Billow rolls
To kiss the Shore and die.


The Subfance of the following Copy, and many of the Lines were fent me by an efteemed Friend, Mr W. Nokes, with a Defire that I would form them into a Pindaric Ode; but I retained bis Meafures, left I Sould too much alter the Senfe.
$A$ Sigbt of CHRIST.

ANGELS of Light, your God and King furround With noble Songs; in his exalted Flefh
He claims your Worfhip ; while his Saints on Earth Blefs their Redeemer-God with humble Tongues.
Angels with lofty Honours crown his Head;
We bowing at his Feet by Faith may feel
His diftant Influence, and confefs his Love.
Once I beheld his Face, when Beams divine Broke from his Eye-lids, and unufual Light Wrapt me at once in Glory and Surprize. My joyful Heart high leaping in my Breaft With Tranfport cry'd, "This is the Christ of God;" Then threw my Arms around in fiweet Embrace, And clafp'd, and bow'd adoring low, till I was loft in Him.

While He appears, no other Charms can hold Or draw my Soul, ahham'd of former Things, Which no Remembrance now deferve or Name, Tho' with Contempt ; beft in Oblivion hid.

But the bright Shine and Prefence foon withdrew;
I fought him whom I love, but found him not ;
I felt his Abfence; and with ftrongeft Cries Proclaim'd, "Where $\mathcal{F E S U S}$ is not, all is vain.".
Whether I hold him with a full Delight, Or feek him panting with extreme Defire, 'Tis He alone can pleafe my wond'ring Soul ;To hold or feek him is my only Choice. If He refrain on me to caft his Eye Down from his Palace, nor my longing Soul With upward Look can fpy my dearef Lord 'Thro' his blue Pavement, I'll behold him fill With fiweet Reflection on the peaceful Crofs, All in his Blood and Anguif groaning deep, Garping and dying there
This Sight I ne'er can lofe, by it I live :
A quick'ning Virtue from his Death infpir'd Is Life and Breath to me; his Flefh my Food; His vital Blood I drink, and hence my Strength.

I live, I'm ftrong, and now eternal Life Beats quick within my Breaft ; my vigorous Mind Spurns the dull Earth, and on her fery Wings Reaches the Mount of Purpofes Divine, Counfels of Peace betwixt th'Almighty Three Conceiv'd at once, and fign'd without Debate In perfect Union of th' Eternal Mind.
With vaft Amaze I fee th' unfathom'd Thoughts,
Infinite Schemes, and infinite Defigns
Of God's own Heart, in which He ever refts.

118 LथRIC POEMS, BookI.
Eternity lies open to my View;
Here the Beginning and the End of all
I can difcover; CHRIS T the End of all,
And CHRIST the great Beginning; he my Head,
My God, my Glory, and my All in All.
O that the Day, the joyful Day were come
When the firf Adam from his ancient Duft
Crown'd with new Honours fhall revive, and fee FESUS his Son and Lord; while fhouting Saints Surround their King, and God's Eternal Son Shines in the midft, but with fuperior Beams, And like himfelf; then the myferious Word Long hid behind the Letter fhall appear All Spirit and Life, and in the fulleft Light
Stand forth to public View; and there difclofe His Father s facred Works, and wond'rous Ways:
Then Wifdom, Righteoufnefs and Grace divine,
'Thro' all the infinite Tranfactions paft, Inwrought and fhining, fhall with double Blaze Strike our aftonifh'd Eyes, and ever reign Admir'd and glorious in triumphant Light.

Death, and the Tempter, and the Man of Sin Now at the Bar arraign'd, in Judgment caft, Shall vex the Saints no more: But perfect Love And loudeft Praifes perfect Joy create, While ever-circling Years maintain the blifsful State:

# Sacred to Devotion, \&ic. 

Love on a Crofs, and a Tbrone.

## I.

NOW let my Faith grow frong, and rife, And view my Lord in all his Love;
Look back to hear his dying Cries, Then mount and fee his Throne above.

## II.

See where he languifi'd on the Crofs;
Beneath my Sins He groan'd and dy'd;
See where he fits to plead my Caufe
By his Almighty Father's Side.

## III.

If I behold his bleeding Heart,
There Love in Floods of Sorrow reigns,
He triumphs o'er the killing Smart,
And buys my Pleafure with his Pains.
IV.

Or if I climb th' eternal Hills
Where the dear Coneueror fits enthron'd,
Still in his Heart Compafion dwells
Near the Memorials of his Wound.
V.

How fhall a pardon'd Rebel fhow
How much I love my dying God ?
Lord, here I banifh every Foe,
I hate the Sins that coft thy Blood.

I hold no more Commerce with Hell,
My deareft Lufts fhall all depart ;
But let thine Image ever dwell
Stampt as a Seal upon my Heart.

## 

A preparatory Tbougbt for the Lord's Supper.
In Imitation of Ifaiab lxiii. 1, 2, 3 .

## I.

WHAT heavenly Man, or lovely God, Comes marching downward from the Skies, Array'd in Garments roll'd in Blood, With Joy and Pity in his Eyes ?
II.

The Lord! the Saviour! yes, 'tis He,
I know Him by the Smiles He wears;
Dear glorious Man that dy'd for me,
Drench'd deep in Agonies and Tears.

## III.

Lo, He reveals his fhining Breaft;
I own thofe Wounds, and I adore :
Lo, He prepares a royal Feaft,
Sweet Fruit of the fharp Pangs He bore!
IV.

Whence flow thefe Favours fo divine!
Lord! why fo lavifh of thy Blood?
Why for fuch earthly Souls as mine,
This heav'nly Flefh, this facred Food?

> V. 'Twas
V.
'Twas his own Love that made him bleed, That nail'd him to the curfed Tree ; 'Twas his own Love this Table fpread For fuch unworthy Worms as we.
VI.

Then let us tafte the Saviour's Love ;
Come, Faith, and feed upon the Lord:
With glad Confent our Lips fhall move,
And fiweet Hofannas crown the Board.


Converfe with ChrIst.
1.

I'M tir'd with Vifits, Modes, and Forms, And Flatt'ries made to Fellow-Worms;
Their Converfation cloys:
Their vain Amours and empty Stuff:
But I can ne'er enjoy enough
Of thy beft Company, my LOrd, thou Life of all my Joys.

> II.

When He begins to tell his Love,
Thro' every Vein my Paffions move,
The Captives of his Tongue:
In midnight Shades, on frofty Ground,
I could attend the pleafing Sound,
Nor fhould I feelDecember cold, nor think the Darknefs long: III.

There while I hear my Saviour-God Count o'er the Sins (a heavy Load!)

He bore upon the Tree,
Inward I bluih with fecret Shame,
And weep, and love, and blefs the Name
Thatknew nor Guilt nor Grief his own, butbare it all for me.

$$
1 V
$$

Next he defcribes the Thorns he wore,
And taiks his bloody Paffion o'er,
'Till I am drown'd in Tears :
Yet with the fympathetic Smart
There's a ftrange Joy beats round my Heart;
The curfed Tree has Bleffings in't, my fweeteft Balm it bears. V.

I hear the glorious Sufferer tell
How on his Crofs he vanquif'd Hell,
And all the Powers beneath :
Tranfported and infpir'd, my Tongue
Attempts his Triumphs in a Song;
"How has the Serpent loft his Sting, and where's thy " Victory, Death ?"
VI.

But when he fhews his Hands and Heart, With thofe dear Prints of dying Smart,

He fets my Soul on Fire :
Not the beloved $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{obn}}$ could reft
With more Delight upon that Breaff,
NorThomas pry into thofe Wounds with more intenfe Defire.
VII.

Kindly he opens me his Ear,
And bids me pour my Sorrows there,
And tell Him all my Pains:
Thus while I eafe my burden'd Heart,
In every Woe he bears a Part,
His Arms embrace me, and his Hand my drooping Head futtains.

## VIII.

Fly from my Thoughts, all human Things, And fporting Swains, and fighting Kings,

And Tales of wanton Love:
My Soul difdains that little Snare
The Tangles of Amira's Hair ;
Thine Arms, my God, are fweeter Bands, nor can my Heart remove.

## 

Grace Joining, and Nature fainting. Sol. Song i. 3 . and ii. 5 . and vi. 5 .

> I.

TELL me, fairest of thy Kind, Tell me Shepherd, all divine,
Where this fainting Head reclin'd
May relieve foch Cares as mine :
Shepherd, lead me to thy Grove:
If burning Noon infect the Sky
The fick'ning Sheep to Covert fly,
The Sheep not half fo faint as I, Thus overcome with Love.

## II.

Say, thou dear Sovereign of my Break, $1+$
Where doit thou lead thy Flock to ref:
Why gould I appear like one
Wild and wand'ring all alone,
Unbeloved and unknown?
O my Great Redeemer, fay,
Shall I turn my Feet affray !

124 LY̌RIC POEMS, Book. Will $\mathcal{F} E S U S$ bear to fee me rove, To fee me feel another Love?

## III.

Ne'er had I known his dearest Name,
Ne'er had I felt this inward Flame,
Had not his HeartStrings frt began the tender Sound :
Nor can I bear the Thought that He
Shou'd leave the Sky,
Shou'd bleed and die,
Should love a Wretch fo vile as me Without Returns of Pafion for his dying Wound.
IV.

His Eyes are Glory mix'd with Grace;
In his delightful awful Face
Sits Majefly and Gentlenefs. So tender is my bleeding Heart That with a Frown he kills;
His Absence is perpetual Smart,
Nor is my Soul refin'd enough
To bear the Beaming of his Love,
And feel his warmer Smiles.
Where fall I reft this drooping Head ?
V.

My finking Spirits feebly five
T' endure the Extafy;
Beneath the fe Rays I cannot live,
And yet without them die.
None knows the Pleafure and the Pain
That all my inward Powers fuflain But fuck as feel a Saviour's Love, and love the God again.

## VI.

Oh why fhould Beauty heavenly bright
Stoop to charm a Mortal's Sight,
And torture with the fiweet Excefs of Light?
Our Hearts, alas! how frail their Make!
With their own Weight of Joy they break,
Oh why is Love fo ftrong, and Nature's felf fo weak ?

## VII.

Turn, turn away thine Еуes,
Afcend the azure Hills, and fhine Amongt the happy Tenants of the Skies, They can fuftain a Vifion fo divine.

O turn thy lovely Glories from me,
The Joys are too intenfe, the Glories overcome me.
VIII.

Dear Lord, forgive my rah Complaint, And love me ftill
Againft my froward Will ;
Unvail thy Beauties, tho' I faint.
Send the great Herald from the Sky,
And at the Trumpet's awful Roar
This feeble State of Things fhall fly,
And Pain and Pleafure mix no more:
Then fhall I gaze with frengthened Sight
On Glories infinitely bright,
My Heart fhall all be Love, my $\mathcal{F} E S U S$ all Delight.



> Lave to CHRIST prefent or abjent.
I.

oF- all the Joys we Mortals know, $\mathcal{F} E S U S$, thy Love exceeds the reft;
Love, the beft Bleffing here below, And neareft Image of the Bleft.

> II.

Sweet are my Thoughts, and foft my Cares,
When the celeftial Flame I feel;
In all my Hopes, and all my Fears,
There's fomething kind and pleafing ftill.

> III.

While I am held in his Embrace
There's not a Thought attempts to rove ;
Each Smile he wears upon his Face Fixes, and charms, and fires my Love.
IV.

He fpeaks, and frait immortal Joys
Run thro' my Ears, and reach my Heart;
My Soul all melts at that dear Voice,
And Pleafure fhoots thro' every Part.
V.

If he withdraw a Moment's Space, He leaves a facred Pledge behind; Here in this Breaft his Image ftays, The Grief and Comfort of my Mind.

## VI.

While of his Abrence I complain, And long, and weep ās Lovers do, There's a ftrange Pleafure in the Pain, And Tears have their own Sweetnefs too.

## VII.

When round his Courts by Day I rove, Or afk the Watchmen of the Night For fome kind Tidings of my Love, His very Name creates Delight.

## VIII.

$\mathcal{F E S U S}$, my God ; yet rather come; Mine Eyes would dwell upon thy Face;
'Tis beft to fee my Lord at home,
And feel the Prefence of his Grace.


The Absence of CHRIST.
I.

COME, lead me to fome lofty Shade Where Turtles moan their Loves:
Tall Shadows were for Lovers made, And Grief becomes the Groves.
II.
'Tis no mean Beauty of the Ground That has inflav'd mine Eyes; I faint beneath a nobler Wound, Nor love below the Skies.

## III.

$\mathcal{F E S U S}$, the Spring of all that's bright, The everlafting Fair,
Heaven's Ornament, and Heaven's Delight, Is my eternal Care.
IV.

But, ah! how far above this Grove
Does the bright Charmer dwell ?
Abfence, thou keeneft Wound to Love, That fharpeft Pain, I feel.
V.

Penfive I climb the facred Hills, And near him vent my Woes;
Yet his fweet Face he ftill conceals,
Yet fill my Paffion grows.

## VI.

I murmur to the hollow Vale, I tell the Rocks my Flame,
And blefs the Eccho in her Cell
That beft repeats his Name.

## VII.

My Paffion breathes perpetual Sighs,
Till pitying Winds fhall hear,
And gently bear them up the Skies,
And gently wound his Ear.

## 

Defiring bis Defcent to Earth.
I.
₹ESUS, I love. Come, deareft Name; Come and poffefs this Heart of mine ;
I love, tho' 'tis a fainter Flame,
And infinitely lefs than thine.
11.

O! if my Lord would leave the Skies,
Dreft in the Rays of mildeft Grace,
My Soul fhould haften to my Eyes
To meet the Pleafures of his Face.
$11 I$.
How would I feaft on all his Charms,
Then round his lovely Feet entwine!
Worfhip and Love, in all their Forms,
Should honour Beauty fo divine.
IV.

In vain the Tempter's flatt'ring Tongue,
The World in vain fhould bid me move,
In vain; for I fhould gaze fo long 'Till I were all transform'd to Love.
V.

Then (mighty God) I'd fing and fay,

* What empty Names are Crowns and Kings!
" Amongft'em give thefe Worlds away,
"Thefe little defpicable 'T'hings.".
VI
I would not ank to climb the Sky,
Nor envy Angels their Abode,
I have a Heav'n as bright and high
In the bleft Vifion of my God.


## Afcending to Him in Hearen.

## I.

${ }^{5}{ }^{I S}$ pure Delight without Alloy, $\mathcal{F} E S U S$, to hear thy Name,
My Spirit leaps with inward Joy,
I feel the facred Flame.
II.

My Paffions hold a pleafing Reign,
While Love infpires my Breaft, Love, the divineft of the Train,

The Sovereign of the reft.

## III.

This is the Grace muft live and fing
When Faith and Fear thall ceafe,
Muft found from every joyful String
Thro' the fweet Groves of Blifs.
IV.

Let Life immortal feize my Clay ;
Let Love refine my Blood;
Her Flames can bear my Soul away,
Can bring me near my God.
V.

Swift I afcend the heavenly Place,
And haften to my Home,
I leap to meet thy kind Embrace, I come, O Lord, I come.

## VI.

Sink down, ye feparating Hills,
Let Guilt and Death remove,
'Tis Love that drives my Chariot-Wheels,
And Death muft yield to Love.



The Prefence of God worth djing for: or, The Death of Motes.
I.

LORD, 'tis an infinite Delight To fee thy lovely Face,
To divell whole Ages in thy Sight, And feel thy vital Rays.

I!.
This Gabriel knows; and fings thy Name
With Rapture on his Tongue;
Mofes the Saint enjoys the fame, And Heaven repeats the Song.
III.

While the bright Nation founds thy Praife From each eternal Hill,
Sweet Odours of exhaling Grace The happy Region fill.
IV.
'Thy Love, a Sea without a Shore, Spreads Life and Joy abroad:
O 'tis a Heaven worth dying for, To fee a failing God!
V.

Shew me thy Face, and I'll away
From all inferior Things;
Speak, Lord, and here I quit my Clay,
And ftretch my airy Wings.

> VI.

Sweet was the Journey to the Sky,
The wond'rous Prophet try'd ;
" Climb up the Mount," fays God, " and die;"
The Prophet climb'd and dy'd.
VII.

Softly his fainting Head he lay
Upon his Maker's Breaft,
His Maker kifs'd his Soul away,
And laid his Flefh to reft.

## VIII.

In God's own Arms he left the Breath
That God's own Spirit gave;
His was the nobleft Road to Death,
And his the fweeteft Grave.

Longing for bis Return.
I.

O'TWAS a mournful parting Day! "Farewel, my Spoufe," he faid;
(How tedious, Lord, is thy Delay!
How long my Love hath faid!)

## II.

"Farewel ;" at once he left the Ground, And climb'd his Father's Sky:
Lord, I would tempt thy Chariot down,
Or leap to Thee on high.
III.

Round the Creation wild I rove, And fearch the Globe in vain;
There's nothing here that's worth my Love, Till Thou return again.

> IV.

My Paffions fly to feek their Kine,
And fend their Groans abroad,
They beat the Air with heavy Wing,
And mourn an abfent God.
V.

With inward Pain my Heart-Strings found,
My Soul diffolves away ;
Dear Sovereign, whirl the Seafons round, And bring the promis'd Day.

> Hope in Darknefs.
I.


XET, Gracious God,
Yet will I feek thy fmiling Face,
What tho' a fhort Eclipfe his Beauties fhrowd
And bar the Influence of his Rays,
'Tis but a Morning Vapour, or a Summer-Cloud :

## 134 LYR1C POEMS, BookI.

He is my Sun, tho' he refufe to fline,
Tho' for a Moment he depart
I dwell for ever on his Heart.
For ever he on mine.
Early before the Light arife
I'll fpring a Thought away to God ;
The Paffion of my Heart and Eyes
Shall fhout a thoufand Groans and Sighs,
A thoufand Glances ffrike the Skies,
The Floor of his Abode.

$$
11 .
$$

Dear Sovereige, hear thy Servant pray, Bend the blue Heavens, Eternal King,
Downward thy chearful Graces bring ;
Or thall I breathe in vain, and pant my Hours away?
Break, glorious Brighiness, thro' the gloomy Vail,
Look how the Armies of Defpair
Aloft their footy Banners rear
Round my poor captive Soul, and dare
Pronounce me Prifoner of Hell.
But Thou, my Sun, and Thou, my Shield,
Wilt fave me in the bloody Field;
Break, glorious Brightness, fhoot one glimm'ring Ray,
One Glance of thine creates a Day,
And drives the Troops of Hell away.

## IH.

Happy the Times, but ah! the Times are gone
When wond'rous Power and radiant Grace
Round the tall Arches of the Temple fhone,
And mingled their victorious Rays;

Sin, with all its ghaftly Train, Fled to the Deeps of Death again, And fmiling Triumph fat on every Face: Our Spirits raptur'd with the Sight Were all Devotion, all Delight,
And loud Hofannas founded the Redeemer's Praife, Here could I fay,
(And point the Place whereon I ftood)
Here I enjoy'd a Vifit half the Day
From my defcending God:
I was regal'd with heavenly Fare,
With Fruit and Manna from above;
Divinely fiweet the Bleffings were
While mine Emmanuel was there:
And o'er my Head
The Conqueror fpread
The Banner of his Love.
IV.

Then why my Heart funk down fo low?
Why do my Eyes diffolve and flow, And hopelefs Nature mourn?
Review, my Soul, thofe pleafing Days,
Read his unalterable Grace
Thro' the Difpleafure of his Face,
And wait a kind Return.
A Father's Love may raife a Frown
To chide the Child, or prove the Son,
But Love will ne'er deftroy ;
The Hour of Darknefs is but fhort,
Faith be thy Life, and Patience thy Support,
The Morning brings the Joy.

136 LYRIC POEMS, BookI.


## Come, Lord JES US.

1. 

W HEN fhall thy lovely Face be feen? When fhall our Eyes behold our God ?
What Lengths of Diftance lie between,
And Hills of Guilt? A heavy Load!
II.

Our Months are Ages of Delay,
And flowly every Minute wears:
Fly, winged Time, and roll away
Thefe tedious Rounds of fluggith Years.
III.

Ye heavenly Gates, loofe all your Chains,
Let the eternal Pillars bow;
Bief Saviour, cleave the farry Plains,
And make the cryftal Mountains flow.
IV.

Hark, how thy Saints unite their Cries, And pray and wait the general Doom:
Come, Thou, The Soul of all our Joys;
Thour, The Desire of Nations, come.
V.

Put thy bright Robes of Triumph on, And blefs our Eyes, and blefs our Ears, Thou abrent Love, thou dear Unknown, Thou Fairest of ten thousand Faire:

## VI.

Our Heart-Strings groan with deep Complaint, Our Flefh lies panting, Lord, for Thee, And every Limb, and every Joint, Stretches for Immortality.
VII.

Our Spirits fhake their eager Wings, And burn to meet thy flying Throne: We rife away from mortal Things T' attend thy fhining Chariot down.

## VIII.

Now let our cheerful Eyes furvey The blazing Earth and melting Hills, And fmile to fee the Light'nings play, And flafh along before thy Wheels.

## IX.

O for a Shout of violent Joys
To join the Trumpet's thund'ring Sound!
The Angel Herald fhakes the Skies,
Awakes the Graves, and tears the Ground.
X.

Ye flumb'ring Saints a heavenly Hoft Stands waiting at your gaping Tombs;
Let every facred fleeping Duft
Leap into Life, for $\mathcal{F} E S U S$ comes.

## XI.

FESUS, the God of Might and Love, New moulds our Limbs of cumb'rous Clay; Quick as feraphic Flames we move, Active and young, and fair as they.

## 38 L 3 RIC POEMS, Bcok I.

## XII.

Our airy Feet with anknown Flight Swift as the Motions of Defire,
Run up the Hills of heav'nly Light,
And leave the weltering World in Fire.


Bewailing my own Inconfancy.

## I.

ILOVE the Lord; but ah! how far My Thoughts from the dear Object are!
This wanton Heart, how wide it roves!
And Fancy meets a thoufand Loves.

## II.

If my Soul burn to fee my God,
I tread the Courts of his Abode,
But Troops of Rivals throng the Place
And tempt me off before his Face.

## III.

Would I enjoy my Lord alone,
I bid my Paffions all be gone,
All but my Love; and charge my Will
To bar the Door and guard it ftill.

## IV.

But Cares, or Trifles, make, or find, Still new A̦venues to the Mind, rill I with Grief and Wonder fee Huge Crouds betwixt the Lord and me.
V.

Oft I am told the Mufe will prove
A Friend to Piety and Love;
Strait I begin fome facred Song,
And take my Saviour on my Tongue.
VI.

Strangely I lofe his lovely Face,
'To hold the empty Sounds in chafe ;
At beft the Chimes divide my Heart,
And the Mufe fhares the larger Part.

> VII.

Falfe Confident! and falfer Breaft!
Fickle, and fond of every Gueft :
Each airy Image as it flies
Here finds Admittance thro' my Eyes.

> VIII.

This foolifh Heart can leave her God,
And Shadows tempt her Thoughts abroad :
How fhall I fix this wand'ring Mind,
Or throw my Fetters on the Wind ?
IX.

Look gently down, Almighiy Grace,
Prifon me round in thine Embrace;
Pity the Soul that would be thine,
And let thy Power my Love confine.
X.

Say, when fhall that bright Moment be
That I fhall live alone for Thee,
My Heart no foreign Lords adore,
And the wild Mufe prove falfe no more?


> Forjaken，yet boping．
I.
－APPY the Hours，the golden Days， When I could call my $\mathcal{F} E S U S$ mine， And fit and view his fmiling Face， And melt in Pleafure all divine．

## 11.

Near to my Heart，within my Arms He lay，＇till Sin defil＇d my Breaft， ＇Till broken Vows，and earthly Charms， ＇Tir＇d and provok＇d my heavenly Gueft．

## III．

And now He＇s gone，（O mighty Woe！） Gone from my Soul，and hides his Love！ Curfe on you，Sins，that griev＇d him fo， Ye Sins，that forc＇d him to remove．

IV．
Break，break，my Heart ；complain，my Tongue ；
Hither，my Friends，your Sorrows bring：
Angels，affift my doleful Song，
If you have e＇er a mourning String．
V.

But，ah！your Joys are ever high，
Ever his lovely Face you fee ：
While my poor Spirits pant and die， And groan，for Thee，my God，for Thee．

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Sacred to Devotion, \&rc. } \\
& \text { VI. } \\
& \text { Yet let my Hope look thro' my Tears, } \\
& \text { And fpy afar his rolling Throne; } \\
& \text { His Chariot thro' the cleaving Spheres } \\
& \text { Shall bring the bright Beloved down. } \\
& \text { ViI. } \\
& \text { Swift as a Roe flies o'er the Hills, } \\
& \text { My Soul fprings out to meet him high, } \\
& \text { Then the fair Coneueror turns his Wheels, } \\
& \text { And climbs the Manfions of the Sky. } \\
& \text { VIII. } \\
& \text { There fmiling Joy for ever reigns, } \\
& \text { No more the Turtle leaves the Dove; } \\
& \text { Farewel to Jealoufies, and Pains, } \\
& \text { And all the Ills of abfent Love. }
\end{aligned}
$$



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { The Conclusion. } \\
& \text { God exalied above all Praife. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## I.

FTERNAL Power! whofe high Abode Becomes the Grandeur of a God ;
Infinite Length beyond the Bounds
Where Stars revolve their little Rounds.
II.

The loweft Step about thy Seat Rifes too high for Gabriel's Feet, In vain the tall Archangel tries To reach thine Height with wond'ring Eyes,

142 L $Y$ RIC POEMS, \&c. BookI.

## III.

Thy dazling Beauties whilft he fings
He hides his Face behind his Wings;
And Ranks of fhining Thrones around
Fall worfhipping and fpread the Ground.
IV.

Lord, what fhall Earth and Afhes do?
We would adore our Maker too ;
From Sin and Duft to Thee we cry,
"The Great, the Holy, and the High!"
V.

Earth from afar has heard thy Fame, And Worms have learnt to lifp thy Name:
But O, the Glories of thy Mind
Leave all our foaring Thoughts behind. VI.

God is in Heaven, and Men below;
Be fhort, our Tunes; our Words be few;
A facred Reverence checks our Songs,
And Praife fits filent on our Tongues.

The End of the First Book.

Tibi filet Laus, $O$ Deus, Pfal.lxvin.



## HOR $\not \subset$ Y R I C Æ。



## B O O K II.

## Sacred to Virtue, Honour, and Friendship.



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { T O } \\
& \text { Her } M A \mathcal{F} S T \Upsilon \text {. }
\end{aligned}
$$

QUEEN of the Northern World whofe gentle Sway Commands our Love, and charms our Hearts t'obey, Forgive the Nation's Groan when WILLIAM dy'd:
Lo, at thy Feet in all the loyal Pride
Of blooming Joy, three happy Realms appear, And WILLIAM's Ürn almoft without a Tear Stands; nor complains; while from thy gracious Tongus Peace flows in filver Streams amidft the Throng. Amazing Balm, that on thofe Lips was found To footh the Torment of that mortal Wound,

144 LYRIC POEMS, Book II.
And calm the wild Affright! The Terror dies, The bleeding Wound cements, the Danger flies, And Albion fhouts thine Honour as her Joys arife.

The German Eagle feels her Guardian dead, Not her own Thunder can fecure her Head ; Her trembling Eaglets haften from afar, And Belgia's Lion dreads the Gallic War: All hide behind thy Shield. Remoter Lands Whofe Lives lay trutted in Naforian Hands Transfer their Souls, and live; fecure they play In thy mild Rays, and love the growing Day.

Thy beamy Wing at once defends and warms Fainting Religion, whilft in various Forms Fair Piety flines thro' the Britifh Ifles: Here at thy Side, and in thy kindeft Smiles* Blazing in ornamental Gold fhe ftands, To blefs thy Councils, and affift thy Hands, And Crouds wait round her to receive Commands.
There at a humble Diftance from the Throne §
Beauteous the lies ; her Luftre all her own, Ungarnih'd ; yet not blufhing, nor afraid, Nor knows Sufpicion, nor affects the Shade: Cheerful and pleas'd fhe not prefumes to fhare In thy parental Gifts, but owns thy guardian Care. For thee, dear Sovereign, endlefs Vows arife, And Zeal with early Wing falutes the Skies To gain thy Safety: Here a folemn Form * Of ancient Words keeps the Devotion warm,

[^3]And guides, but bounds our Wifhes: there the Mind * Feels its own Fire, and kindles unconfin'd With bolder Hopes : Yet ftill beyond our Vows Thy lovely Glories rife, thy fpreading Terror grows.

Princess, the World already owns thy Name:
Go, mount the Chariot of immortal Fame, Nor die to be renown'd: Fame's loudeft Breath Too dear is purchas'd by an Angel's Death. The Vengeance of thy Rod, with general Joy, Shall fcourge Rebellion and the Rival Boy $\dagger$ : Thy founding Arms his Gallic Patron hears And fpeeds his Flight ; nor overtakes his Fears, Till hard Defpair wring from the Tyrant's Soul The Iron Tears out. Let thy Frown controul. Our angry Jars at Home, till Wrath fubmit Her impious Banners to thy facred Feet. Mad Zeal and Phrenzy, with their murderous Train, Flee thefe fweet Realms in thine aufpicious Reign, Envy expire in Rage, and Treafon bite the Chain.

Let no black Scenes affright fair Albion's Stage: Thy Thread of Life prolong our golden Age, Long blefs the Earth, and late afcend thy Throne Ethereal ; (not thy Deeds are there unknown, $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Nor there unfung; for by thine awful Hands } \\ \text { Heaven rules the Waves, and thunders o'er the Lands, }\end{array}\right\}$ Creates inferior Kings $\|$, and gives 'em their Commands.)

[^4]146 L 1 RIC POEMS, BookII.
Legions attend thee at the radiant Gates ;
For thee thy Sifter-Seraph, bleft $M A R I A$, waits.
But oh! the parting Stroke! fome heavenly Power
Cheer thy fad Britons in the gloomy Hour ;
Some new propitious Star appear on high
The faireft Glory of the Weitern Sky,
And $A N N A$ be its Name; with gentle Sway
To check the Planets of malignant Ray,
Sooth the rude North Wind, and the rugged Bear, Calm rifing Wars, heal the contagious Air, And reign with peaceful Influence to the SouthernSphere. $\int$

Note, This Poem was written in the Year $\mathbf{1 7 0 5}$, in that honourable Part of the Reign of our late Queen, when fhe had broke the Frencb Power at Blenbeim, afferted the R ght of Cbarles the prefent Emperor to the Crown of Spain, exeried her Zeal for the Proteftant Succeffion, and promifed irvidiably to maintain the Toleration to the Proteftant D.ffenters. Thus fie appeared the chief Support of the Rcformation, and the Patronefs of tbe Liberties of Europe.

The latter Pait of her Reign was of a different Colour, and was by no Means attended with the Accompl:Ament of thofe glerious Hopes which we had coaceived. Now the Mufe carnct fatis'y herielf to publith this new Edition without acsinowiedging the Miftake of her former Prefages; and while fhe does the Werlid this Juftice, fhe does herfelf the Honour of a voluntary Retruct tion.

$$
\text { Auguft 5, } 1721 .
$$



$$
P A L I N O D I A \text {. }
$$

BRITO NS, forgive the forward Mafe That dar'd prophetic Seals to loofe, (Unfkill'd in Fate's eternal Book,) And the deep Characters mittook.
$G E O R G E$ is the Name that glorious Star;
Ye faw his Splendors beaming far;
Saw in the Eaft your Joys arife,
When $A N N A$ funk in Weftern Skies,
Streaking the Heavens with crimfon Gloom, Emblems of Tyranny and Rome,
Portending Blood and Night to come.
\}
'Twas $G E O R G E$ diffus'd a vital Ray,
And gave the dying Nations Day:
His Influence fooths the Ruffian Bear,
Calms rifing Wars, and heals the Air;
Join'd with the Sun his Beams are hurl'd
To fcatter Bleffings round the World, Fulfil whate'er the Mufe has fpoke, And crown the Work that $A N N E$ forfook.

$$
\text { Augu/f 1, } 1721 .
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## Э○HN LOCKE, Efq;

 Retired from Businefs.
## I.

ANGELS are made of heavenly Things, And Light and Love our Souls compofe, Their Blifs within their Bofom fprings, Within their Bofom flows.
But narrow Minds ftill make Pretence To fearch the Coafts of Flefh and Senfe, And fetch diviner Pleafures thence.
$14^{8} \quad$ LYRIC POEMS, BookII.
Men are akin to ethereal Forms,
But they belie their nobler Birth,
Debafe their Honours down to Earth, And claim a Share with Worms.
II.

He that has Treafures of his own
May leave the Cottage or the Throne,
May quit the Globe, and dwell alone
Within his fpacious Mind.
LOC KE hath a Soul wide as the Sea,
Calm as the Night, bright as the Day,
There may his vaft Ideas play,
Nor feel a 'Thought confin'd.


T O
Э O H N S H U T E, Efq;
(Now Lord BARRINGTON)
On Mr LOCKE's dangerous Sicknefs, fome Time after be bad retired to fudy the Scriptures.
I.

AND muft the Man of wond'rous Mind
(Now his rich Thoughts are juft refin'd) Forfake our longing Eyes?
Reason at length fubmits to wear The Wings of Faith; and lo, they rear Her Chariot high, and nobly bear

Her Prophet to the Skies.
II.

Go, Friend, and wait the Prophet's Flight,
Watch if his Mantle chance to light,
And feize it for thy own;
SHUTE is the Darling of his Years, Young SHUTE his better Likenefs bears;
All but his Wrinkles and his Hairs
Are copy'd in his Son.

> III.

Thus when our Follies, or our Faults, Call for the Pity of thy Thoughts,

Thy Pen fhall make us wife:
The Sallies of whofe youthful Wit
Could pierce the Britiß Fogs with Light, Place our true * Intereft in our Sight, And open half our Eyes.

T 0
Mr WILLIAMNOKES. Friendflip.
1702,

## I.

FRiendship, thou Charmer of the Mind, Thou fweet deluding II1,
The brighteft Minute Mortals find,
And fharpeft Hour we feel.
II

Fate has divided all our Shares
Of Pleafure and of Pain;
In Love the Comforts and the Cares
Are mix'd and join'd again.

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13
$$

* The Interef of England, written by F.S. Efq;

But whilt in Floods our Sorrow rolls, And Drops of Joy are few,
This dear Delight of mingling Souls
Serves but to fwell our Woe.

$$
I V .
$$

Oh! why fhould Blifs depart in hafte,
And Friendfhip flay to moan?
Why the fond Paffion cling fo faft, When every Joy is gone?
V.

Yet never let our Hearts divide, Nor Death diffolve the Chain:
For Love and Joy were once ally'd, And muft be join'd again.

$N A \mathcal{T} H A N A E L G O U L D, E f ;$
$\operatorname{Sir} N A T H A N A E L \quad G O U L D$. 1704.
I.
, $\Gamma$ IS not by Splendor, or by State, Exalted Mien, or lofty Gait,
My Mufe takes Meafure of a King :

If Wealth, or Height, or Bulk will do, She calls each Mountain of Peru A more majeftic Thing.
Frown on me, Friend, if e'er I boaft
O'er Fellow-Minds enflav'd in Clay,
Or fwell when I thall have engroft
A larger Heap of fhining Duft,
And wear a bigger Load of Earth than they.
Let the vain World falute me loud, My Thoughts look inward, and forget

The founding Names of High and Great, The Flatteries of the Croud.

$$
\Pi .
$$

When GOULD commands his Ships to run And fearch the Traffick of the Sea, His Fleet o'ertakes the falling Day, And bears the Wefern Mines away, Or richer Spices from the rifing Sun:

While the glad Tenants of the Shore Shout, and pronounce him Senator *,

Yet fill the Man's the fame:
For well the happy Merchant knows The Soul with Treafure never grows, Nor fwells with airy Fame.

## III.

But truft me, GOULD, 'tis lawful Pride To rife above the mean Controul Of Flefh and Senfe, to which we're ty'd; This is Ambition that becomes a Soul.

$$
14
$$

[^5]We feer our Courfe up thro' the Skies;
Farewel this barren Land:
We ken the heavenly Shore with longing Eyes,
There the dear Wealth of Spirits lies,
And beck'ning Angels ftand.


> Dr IHOMAS GIBSON. Tbe Life of Son's.

## I.

1704. 

WIFT as the Sun revolves the Day
We haften to the Dead,
Slaves to the Wind we puff away,
And to the Ground we tread.
'Tis Air that lends us Life, when firt
The vital Bellows heave:
Our Flefh we borrow of the Duit:
And when a Mother's Care has nurlt
The Babe to manly Size, we muft With Ufury pay the Grave.
II.

Rich Juleps drawn from precious Ore Still tend the dying Flame:
And Plants and Rooss, of barbarous Name,
Torn from the Indian Shore.
Thus we fupport our tott'ring Flefh,
Our Cheeks refume the Rofe afrefh,
When Bark and Steel play well their Game
To fave our finking Breath.

Sacred to Virtue, \& c.
And GIBSON, with his awful Power,
Refcues the poor precarious Hour
From the Demands of Death.
III.

But Art and Nature, Pow'rs and Charms;
And Drugs, and Recipes, and Forms,
Yield us at laft, to greedy Worms
A defpicable Prey:
I'd have a Life to call my own, That fhall depend on Heaven alone ;

Nor Air, nor Earth, nor Sea
Mix their bafe Effences with mine, Nor claim Dominion fo divine

To give me leave to Be.
IV.

Sure there's a Mind within, that reigns O'er the dull Current of my Veins; I feel the inward Pulfe beat high With vig'rous Immortality.
Let Earth refume the Flefh it gave,
And Breath diffolve amongtt the Winds ; GIBSON, the Things that fear a Grave, That I can lofe, or you can fave,

Are not akin to Minds.
V.

We claim Acquaintance with the Skies, Upward our Spirits hourly rife, And there our Thoughts employ:
When Heaven fhall fign our grand Releafe,
We are no Strangers to the Place, The Bufinefs, or the Joy.

## Falfe Greatnefs.

> I.

MYLO, forbear to call him bleft That only boafts a large Eftate, Should all the Treafures of the Weft Meet, and confpire to make him great. I know thy better Thoughts, I know Thy Reafon can't defcend fo low.
Let a broad Stream with golden Sands Thro' all his Meadows roll, He's but a Wretch, with all his Lands,

That wears a narrow Soul.

## II.

He fwells amidft his wealthy Store, And proudly poizing what he weighs In his own Scale he fondly lays Huge Heaps of fhining Ore.
He fpreads the Balance wide to hold
His Manors and his Farms,
And cheats the Beam with Loads of Gold
He hugs between his Arms.
So might the Plough-Boy climb a Tree,
When Crafus mounts his Throne, And both ftand up, and fmile to fee

How long their Shadow's grown.
Alas! how vain their Fancies be
To think that Shape their own!

## III.

Thus mingled ftill with Wealth and State, Crafus himfelf can never know; His true Dimenfions and his Weight Are far inferior to their Show. Were I fo tall to reach the Pole, Or grafp the Ocean with my Span, I muft be meafur'd by my Soul:
The Mind's the Standard of the Man.


$$
\mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{O}
$$

## $S \quad A \quad R \quad I \quad S \quad S \quad A$. An EPISTLE.

BEAR up, $S A R I S S A$, thro' the rufling Storms Of a vain vexing World: Tread down the Cares Thofe rugged Thorns that lie acrofs the Road, Nor fpend a Tear upon them. Truft the Mufe, She fings experienc'd Truth: 'This briny Dew, This Rain of Eyes will make the Briars grow. We travel thro' a Defart, and our Feet Have meafur'd a fair Space, have left behind A thoufand Dangers, and a thoufand Snares Well 'fcap'd. Adieu, ye Horrors of the Dark, Ye finifh'd Labours, and ye tedious Toils Of Days and Hours: The Twinge of real Smart, And the falfe Terrors of ill-boding Dreams
${ }^{156}$ LYRIC, POEMS, BookII.
Vanifh together, be alike forgot,
For ever blended in one common Grave.

Farewel, ye waxing and ye waning Moons, That we have watch'd behind the flying Clouds On Night's dark Hill, or fetting or afcending, Or in meridian Height : Then Silence reign'd O'er half the World; then ye beheld our Tears, Ye witnefs'd our Complaints, our Kindred Groans, (Sad Harmony!) while with your beamy Horns Or richer Orb ye filver'd o'er the Green Where trod our Feet, and lent a feeble Light To Mourners. Now ye have fulfill'd your Round, Thofe Hours are fled, farewel. Months that are gone Are gone for ever, and have borne away Each his own Load. Our Woes and Sorrows paft, Mountainous Woes, ftill leffen as they fly Far off. So Billows in a ftormy Sea, Wave after Wave (a long Succeffion) roll Beyond the Ken of Sight : The Sailors fafe Look far a-ftern till they have loft the Storm, And fhout their boifterous Joys. A gentler Mufe Sings thy dear Safety, and commands thy Cares To dark Oblivion ; bury'd Deep in Night Lofe them, $S A R I S S A$, and affift my Song.

Awake thy Voice, fing how the fender Line Of Fate's immortal NOW divides the Paft From all the Future, with eternal Bars Forbidding a Return. The paft Temptations
No more fhall vex us; every Grief we feel
Shortens the deftin'd Number; every Pulfe

Beats a fharp Moment of the Pain away, And the laft Stroke will come. By fwift Degrees Time fiveeps us off, and we thall foon arrive At Life's fweet Period: O celeftial Point That ends this mortal Story!

But if a Glimpfe of Light with flatt'ring Ray Breaks thro' the Clouds of Life, or wand'ring Fire Amidft the Shades invite your doubtful Feet, Beware the dancing Meteor ; faithlefs Guide, That leads the lonefome Pilgrim wide aftray To Bogs, and Fens, and Pits, and certain Death ! Should vicious Pleafure take an Angel-Form And at a Diftance rife, by flow Degrees, Treacherous, to wind herfelf into your Heart, Stand firm aloof; nor let the gaudy Phantom Too long allure your Gaze : The juft Delight That Heaven indulges lawful muft obey Superior Powers ; nor tempt your Thoughts too far In Slavery to Senfe, nor fwell your Hope To dang'rous Size : If it approach your Feet And court your Hand, forbid th' intruding Joy To fit too near your Heart : Still may our Souls Claim Kindred with the Skies, nor mix with Duf Our better-born Affections; leave the Globe A Neft for Worms, and haften to our Home.

O there are Gardens of th' immortal Kind That crown the heavenly Eden's rifing Hills. With Beauty and with Sweets; no lurking Mifchief Dwells in the Fruit, nor Serpent twines the Boughs;

158 LYRIC POEMS, Book II.
The Branches bend laden with Life and Blifs
Ripe for the Tafte, but 'tis a fteep Afcent:
Hold faft the * golden Chain let down from Heav'n,
'Twill help your Feet and Wings; I feel its Force
Draw upwards ; faften'd to the pearly Gate It guides the Way unerring: Happy Clue
Thro' this dark Wild! 'Twas Wifdom's nobleft Work, All join'd by Power divine, and every Link is Love.


$$
T \quad O
$$

## Mr T. $B R A D B U R \Upsilon$.

Paradije.

## 1.

YNor will I know th' Applaufes of the Age; Farewell to growing Fanie I leave below

A Life not half worn out with Cares, Or Agonies, or Years;
I leave my Country all in Tears,
But Heaven demands me upward, and I dare to go.
Amongft ye, Friends, divide and fhare
The Remnant of my Days,
If ye have Patience, and can bear
A long Fatigue of Life, and drudge thro' all the Race:

[^6]
## II.

Hark, my fair Guardian chides my Stay, And waves his golden Rod:
" Angel, I come ; lead on the Way :" And now by fwift Degrees
I fail aloft thro' azure Seas,
Now tread the milky Road :
Farewel, ye Planets, in your Spheres;
And as the Stars are loft, a brighter Sky appears.
In hafte for Paradife
Iftretch the Pinions of a bolder Thought ;
Scarce had I will'd, but I was paft
Defarts of tracklefs Light and all th' ethereal Wafte,
And to the facred Borders brought;
There on the Wing a Guard of Cherubs lies,
Each waves a keen Flame as he flies,
And well defends the Walls from Sieges and Surprize.

## III.

With pleafing Rev'rence I behold
The pearly Portals wide unfold:
Enter, my Soul, and view th' amazing Scenes;
Sit faft upon the flying Mufe,
And let thy roving Wonder loofe O'er all th' empyreal Plains.
Noon ftands Eternal here : Here may thy Sight
Drink in the Rays of primogenial Light;
Here breathe immortal Air :
Joy muft beat high in ev'ry Vein,
Pleafure thro' all thy Bofom reign;
The Laws forbid the Stranger, Pain, And banifh every Care.

160 LYRIC POEMS, BookII.

## IV.

See how the bubbling Springs of Love
Beneath the Throne arife;
The Streams in cryftal Channels move,
Around the golden Streets they rove,
And blefs the Manfions of the upper Skies.
There a fair Grove of Knowledge grows,
Nor Sin nor Death infects the Fruit;
Young Life hangs frefh on all the Boughs,
And fprings from ev'ry Root;
Here may thy greedy Senfes feaft
While Extafy and Health attends on every Tafte.
With the fair Profpect charm'd I flood;
Fearlefs I feed on the delicious Fare, And drink profufe Salvation from the filver Flood,

Nor can Excefs be there.

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V .
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In facred Order rang'd along.
Saints new-releas'd by Death
Join the bold Seraph's warbling Breath,
And aid th' immortal Song.
Each has a Voice that tunes his Strings
To mighty Sounds, and mighty Things,
Things of everlafting Weight,
Sounds, like the fofter Viol, fweet,
And, like the Trumpet, ffrong.
Divine Ättention held my Soul, I was all Ear!
Thro' all my Pow'rs the heavenly Accents roll,
I long'd and wifh'd my $B R A D B U R$ there:
" Could he but hear thefe Notes, I faid,
"His tuneful Soul would never bear
"The dull unwinding of Life's tedious Thread,
"But burft the vital Chords to reach the happy Dead."

## VI.

And now my Tongue prepares to join The Harmony, and with a noble Aim Attempts th' unnuterable Name, But faints, confounded by the Notes Divine: Again my Soul th' unequal Honour fought,

Again her utmont Force the brought, And bow'd beneath the Burden of th' unweildy Thought.

Thrice I effayed, and fainted thrice;
Th' immortal Labour ftrain'd my feeble Frame, Broke the bright Vifion, and diffolv'd the Dream 3

I funk at once and lof the Skies:
In vain I fought the Scenes of Light
Rolling abroad my longing Eyes,
For all around 'em ftood my Curtains and the Night.

## 

## Stritt Religion very rare.

## I.

I' M born aloft, and leave the Croud, I fail upon a Morning Cloud Skirted with dawning Gold:
Mide Eyes beneath the opening Day Commands the Globe with wide Survey, Where Ants in bufy Millions play,

And tug and heave the Mould.
II.
" Are thefe the Things (my Paffion cry'd)
"6 That we call Men? Are thefe ally'd
" They have ras'd out their Maker's Name,
"Grav'n on their Minds with pointed Flame " In Strokes divinely bright.

## III.

" Wretches! they hate their native Skies ;
" If an ethereal Thought arife, " Or Spark of Virtue fhine,
"With cruel Force they damp its Plumes,
"Choke the young Fire with fenfual Fumes, " With Bufinefs, Luft, or Wine.

## IV.

" Lo! how they throng with panting Breath "The broad defcending Road
"That leads unerring down to Death, " Nor mifs the dark Abode.
Thus while I drop a Tear or two
On the wild Herd, a noble few
Dare to ftray upward, and purfue
Th' unbeaten Way to God.
V.

I met Myrtillo mounting high,
I knew his candid Soul afar ;
Here Dorylus and Thyrfis fly
Each like a rifing Star,
Cbarin I faw and Fidea there,
I faw them help each other's Flight,
And blefs them as they go;
They foar beyond my lab'ring Sight,
And leave their Loads of mortal Care,
But not their Love below.

On Heav'n, their Home, they fix their Eyes,
The Temple of their God:
With Morning Incenfe up they rife
Sublime, and thro' the lower Skies
Spread the Perfumes abroad.

## VI.

Acrofs the Road a Seraph flew,
' Mark (faid he) that happy Pair,
" Marriage helps Devotion there:
"When kindred Minds their God purfue
" They break with double Vigour thro' "The dull incumbent Air."
Charm'd with the Pleafure and Surprize My Soul adores and fings,
"Bleft be the Pow'r that fprings their Flight,
" That flreaks their Path with heav'nly Light,
${ }^{66}$ That turns their Love to Sacrifice, "And joins their Zeal for Wings."


T 0
$\mathrm{Mr} C$. and $S . F L E E T W O O D$.
I.

FLEETWOODS, young generous Pair, Defpife the Joys that Fools purfue ;
Bubbles are light and brittle too,
Born of the Water and the Air.

## 164 L亡RIC POEMS, BookII.

Try'd by a Standard bold and juft,
Honour and Gold are Paint and Duft;
How vile the laft is and as vain the firft ?
Things that the Croud call great and brave,
With me how low their Value's brought ?
Titles and Names, and Life and Breath,
Slaves to the Wind and born for Death;
The Soul's the only Thing we have
Worth an important Thought.

## II.

The Soul! 'tis of th' immortal Kind, Nor form'd of Fire, or Earth, or Wind,
Out-lives the mould'ringCorps, and leaves the Globe behind.
In Limbs of Clay tho' fhe appears,
Array'd in rofy Skin, and deck'd with Ears and Eyes,
The Flefh is but the Soul's Difguife,
There's nothing in her Frame kin to the Drefs fhe wears:
From all the Laws of Matter free,
From all we feel, and all we fee,
She ftands eternally diftinct, and muft for ever Be .

## III.

Rife then, my Thoughts, on high,
Soar beyond all that's made to die;
Lo! on an awful Throne
Sits the Creator and the Judge of Souls,
Whirling the Planets round the Poles,
Winds off our Threads of Life, and brings our Periods on.
Swift the Approach, and folemn is the Day,
When this immortal Mind
Stript of the Body's coarfe Array
To endlefs Pain, or endlefs Joy,
Muft be at once confign'd.

## IV.

Think of the Sands run down to wafte, We poffefs none of all the Paft, None but the Prefent is our own:

- Grace is not plac'd within our Power, 'Tis but one fhort, one fhining Hour, Bright and declining as a fetting Sun.

See the white Minutes wing'd with Hafte ;
The NOW that flies may be the laft;
Seize the Salvation e'er 'tis paft,
Nor mourn the Bleffing gone:
A Thought's Delay is Ruin here,
A clofing Eye, a gafping Breath,
Shuts up the golden Scene in Death, And drowns you in Defpair.


T 0

## WILLIAM BLACKBOURN, Efq;

 Cafimir, Lib. II. Od 2. imitated.Que tegit canas modo Bruma valles, \&c.

## I.

MARK how it fnows! how faft the Valley fills! And the fweet Groves the hoary Garment wear : Yet the warm Sun-beams bounding from the Hills Shall melt the Vail away, and the young Green appear.
$166 L Y R I C$ POEMS, Book H.

## II

But when old Age has on your Temples fhed Her Silver-Froft, there's no returning Sun; Swift flies our Autumn, fwift our Summer's fled, When Youth, and Love, and Spring, and golden Joys are gone.

Then Cold, and Winter, and your aged Snow,
Stick faft upon you; not the rich Array,
Not the green Garland, nor the rofy Bough
Shall cancel or conceal the melancholy Grey.
IV.

The Chafe of Pleafures is not worth the Pains, While the bright Sands of Health run wafting down;
And Honour calls you from the fofter Scenes,
To fell the gaudy Hour for Ages of Renown.
V.
'Tis but one Youth, and fhort, that Mortals have, And one old Age diffolves our feeble Frame; But there's a heavenly Art t' elude the Grave, And with the Hero-Race immortal Kindred claim.
VI.

The Man that has his Country's facred Tears
Bedewing his cold Hearfe, has liv'd his Day :
Thus, $B L A C K B O U R N$, we fhould leave our Names our Heirs ;
Old Time and waning Moons fweep all the reft away.

## True Monarcby.

THE rifing Year beheld th' imperious Gaul Stretch his Dominion, while a hundred Towns Crouch'd to the Victor: But a fteady Soul Stands firm on its own Bafe, and reigns as wide, As abfolute ; and fways ten thoufand Slaves, Lufts and wild Fancies with a fovereign Hand.

We are a little Kingdom ; bat the Man That chains his Rebel-Will to Reaion's Throne, Forms it a large one, whilft his royal Mind Makes Heaven its Council, from the Rolls above Draws his own Statutes, and with Joy obeys.
'Tis not a Troop of well-appointed Guards Create a Monarch, not a purple Robe Dy'd in the Peoples Blood, not all the Crowns Or dazling Tiars that bend about the Head, Tho' gilt with Sun-beams and fet round with Stars.
A Monarch He that conquers all his Fears, And treads upon them; when he flands alone, Makes his own Camp, four guardian Virtues wait His nightly Slumbers, and fecure his Dreams. Now dawns the Light ; he ranges all his Thoughts In fquare Battalions, bold to meet th'Attacks Of Time and Chance, himfelf a num'rous Hoft, All Eye, all Ear, all wakeful as the Day, Firm as a Rock, and movelefs as the Center.

In vain the Harlot, Pleafure, fpreads her Charms, To lull his Thoughts in Luxury's fair Lap, To fenfual Eafe, (the Bane of little Kings, Monarchs whofe waxen Images of Souls Are moulded into Softnefs) ftill his Mind Wears its own Shape, nor can the heaveniy Form Stoop to be model'd by the wild Decrees Of the mad Vulgar, that unthinking Herd.

He lives above the Croud, nor hears the Noife Of Wars and Triumphs, nor regards the Shouts Of popular Applaufe, that empty Sound; Nor feels the flying Arrows of Reproach, Or Spite or Envy. In himfelf fecure, Wifdom his Tower, and Confcience is his Shield, His Peace all inward, and his Joys his own.

Now my Ambition fwells, my Wifhes foar, This be my Kingdom : Sit above the Globe My rifing Soul, and drefs thyfelf around And fhine in Virtue's Armour, climb the Height Of Wifdom's lofty Cafte, there refide Safe from the fmiling and the frowning World.

Yet once a Day drop down a gentle Look On the great Mole-hill, and with pitying Eye Survey the bufy Emmets round the Heap,
Crouding and bufling in a thoufand Forms
Of Strife and Toil to purchafe Wealth and Fame,
A Bubble or a Duft: Then call thy Thoughts
Up to thyfelf to feed on Joys unknown,
Rich without Gold, and Great without Renown.


## True Courage.

HONOUR demands my Song. Forget the Ground My generous Mufe, and fit amongft the Stars! There fing the Soul, that, confcious of her Birth, Lives like a Native of the vital World Amongft thefe dying Clods, and bears her State Juft to herfelf: How nobly fhe maintains Her Character, fuperior to the Flefh, She wields her Paffions like her Limbs, and knows The brutal Powers were only born $t$ ' obey.

This is the Man whom Storms could never make Meanly complain ; nor can a flatt'ring Gale Make him talk proudly: He hath no Defire To read his fecret Fate ; yet unconcern'd And calm could meet his unborn Deftiny, In all its charming or its frightful Shapes.

He that unfhrinking, and without a Groan, Bears the firt Wound, may finifh all the War With mere courageous Silence, and come off Conqueror: for the Man that well conceals The heavy Strokes of Fate, he bears 'em well.

He, tho' th' Atlantic and the Midland Seas With adverfe Surges meet, and rife on high Sufpended 'twixt the Winds, then rufh amain
1,o LYRIC POEMS, BookII.

Mingled with Flames, upon his fingle Head, And Clouds, and Stars, and Thunder, firm he ftands,
Secure of his beft Life; unhurt, unmov'd ;
And drops his lower Nature, born for Death.
Then from the lofty Caftie of his Mind
Sublime looks down, exulting, and furveys
The Ruins of Creation ; (" Souls alone
" Are Heirs of dying Worlds;") a piercing Glance
Shoots upwards from between his clofing Lids
To reach his Birth-place, and without a Sigh
He bids his batter'd Flefh lie gently down Amongft his native Rubbif ; whilft the Spirit Breathes and flies upward, an undoubted Gueft Of the third Heaven, th' unruinable Sky.

Thither, when Fate has brought our willing Souls,
No Matter whether 'twas a fharp Difeafe,
Or a fharp Sword that help'd the Travellers on,
And pufh'd us to our Home. Bear up, my Friend,
Serenely, and break thro' the ftormy Brine
With fteady Prow; know, we fhall once arrive
At the fair Haven of eternal Blifs
To which we ever fteer; whether as Kings
Of wide Command we've fpread the fpacious Sea With a broad painted Fleet, or row'd along In a thin Cock-boat with a little Oar.

There let my narrow Plank fhift me to Land
And I'll be happy: Thus I'll leap aftore Joyful and fearlefs on th' immortal Coaft, Since all I leave is mortal, and it muft be loft.

To the much Honoured

## Mr THOMAS ROWE,

The Director of my Youthful Studies.
Free Pbilofopby.
I.

$C$USTOM, that Tyrannefs of Fools, That leads the Learned round the Schools, In magic Chains of Forms and Rules!

My Genius ftorms her Throne:
No more, ye Slaves, with Awe profound Beat the dull Track, nor dance the Round; Loofe Hands, and quit th' inchanted Ground:

Knowledge invites us each alone.

## II.

I hate thefe Shackles of the Mind
Forg'd by the haughty Wife ;
Souls were not born to be confin'd, And led, like Sampfon, blind and bound; But when his native Strength he found,

He well aveng'd his Eyes.
1 love thy gentle Influence, $R O W E$, Thy gentle Influence like the Sun, Only diffolves the frozen Snow, Then bids our Thoughts like Rivers flow, And choofe the Channels where they run.

172 LYRIC POEMS, Book II. III.

Thoughts fhould be free as Fire or Wind ;
The Pinions of a fingle Mind
Will thro' all Nature fly :
But who can drag up to the Poles
Long fetter'd Ranks of leaden Souls?
A Genius which no Chain controuls
Roves with Delight, or deep, or high :
Swift I furvey the Globe around,
Dive to the Center thro' the folid Ground, Or travel o'er the Sky.


To the Reverend
Mr BENONIROWTE. Tbe Way of the Multitude.
I.

DOWE, if we make the Croud our Guide Thro' Life's uncertain Road,
Mean is the Chafe ; and wandering wide We mifs th' immortal Good;
Yet if my Thoughts could be confin'd
To follow any Leader-Mind,
I'd mark thy Steps, and tread the fame:
Dreft in thy Notions I'd appear
Not like a Soul of mortal Frame,
Nor with a vulgar Air.

## II.

Men live at Random and by Chance,
Bright Reafon never leads the Dance ;
Whilft in the broad and beaten Way
O'er Dales and Hill from Truth we fray,
To Ruin we defcend, to Ruin we advance.
Wifdom retires; fhe hates the Croud, And with a decent Scorn
Aloof fhe climbs her fteepy Seat, Where nor the grave nor giddy Feet Of the learn'd Vulgar or the Kude,

Have e'er a Paffage worn.
III.

Mere Hazard firf began the Track, Where Cuftom leads her Thoufands blind

In willing Chains and ftrong;
There's fcarce one bold, one noble Mind, Dares tread the fatal Error back; But Hand in Hand ourfelves we bind,

And drag the Age along.
IV.

Mortals, a favage Herd, and loud As Billows on a noify Flood
In rapid Order roll:
Example makes the Mifchief good:
With jocund Heel we beat the Road,
Unheedful of the Goal.
Me let * Itburiel's friendly Wing Snatch from the Croud, and bear fublime

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[^7]174 LTRIC POEMS, Book ll.
To Wifdom's lofty Tower,
Thence to furvey that wretched Thing,
Mankind ; and in exalted Rime Bless the delivering Power.

To the Reverend

## $\mathrm{Mr} \quad \jmath O H \quad N \quad H O W E$.

## I.

$17<4$.
CREAT Man, permit the Mure to climb
And feat her at thy Feet;
Bid her attempt a Thought fublime,
And confecrate her Wit.
I feel, I feel th' attractive Force Of thy fuperior Soul:
My Chariot flies her upward Course,
The Wheels divinely roll.
Now let me chide the mean Affairs
And mighty Toil of Men:
How they grow grey in trifling Cares,
Or wafte the Motions of the Spheres.
Upon Delights as vain!
II.

A Puff of Honour fills the Mind, And yellow Dust is folid Good:
Thus like the Ais of favage Kind,
We fluff the Breezes of the Wind,
Or teal the Serpent's Food.

Could all the Choirs
That charm the Poles
But frike one doleful Sound,
'Twould be employ'd to mourn our Souls,
Souls that were fram'd of fprightly Fires
In Floods of Folly drown'd.
Souls made of Glory feek a brutal Joy;
How they difclaim their heavenly Birth,
Melt their bright Subftance down with drofly Earth,
And hate to be refin'd from that impure Alloy.

## 111.

Oft has thy Genius rous'd us hence
With elevated Song,
Bid us renounce this World of Senfe,
Bid us divide th' immortal Prize
With the feraphic Throng:
"Knowledge and Love make Spirits bleft,
"Knowledge their Food, and Love their Reft;"
But Flefh, th' unmanageable Beaft,
Refifts the Pity of thine Eyes,
And Mufic of thy Tongue.
Then let the Worms of groveling Mind
Round the fhort Joys of earthly Kind
In reftefs Windings roam:
HOWE hath an ample Orb of Soul,
Where Mining Worlds of Knowledge roll,
Where Love the Center and the Pole
Compleats the Heaven at home,

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176 LYRIC POEMS, BookII.


## The Difappointment and Relief.

I.

FIR TUE, permit my Fancy to impofe Upon my better Pow'rs:
She calts fweet Fallacies on half our Woes, And gilds the gloomy Hours.
How could we bear this tedious Round
Of waning Moons, and rolling Years,
Of flaming Hopes, and chilling Fears,
If (where no fovereign Cure appears)
No Opiates could be found ?
II.

Love, the moft cordial Stream that flows,
Is a deceitful Good:
Young Doris who nor Guilt nor Danger knows,
On the green Margin ftood,
Pleas'd with the golden Bubbles as they rofe,
And with more golden Sands her Fancy pav'd the Flood:
Then fond to be entirely bleft,
And tempted by a faithlefs Youth,
As void of Goodnefs as of Truth,
She plunges in with heedlefs Hafte,
And rears the nether Mud:
Darknefs and naufeous Drags arife
O'er thy fair Current, Love, with large Supplies
Of Pain to teize the Heart, and Sorrow for the Eyes.
The golden Blifs that charm'd her Sight

Is dafh'd, and drown'd, and loft:
A Spark, or glimmering Streak at moft, Shines here and there, amidft the Night, Amidft the turbid Waves, and gives a faint Delighto

## III.

Recovered from the fad Surprize,
Doris awakes at laft,
Grown by the Difappointment wife ; And manages with Art th' unlucky Caft:

When the low'ring Frown the fpies
On her haughty Tyrant's Brow,
With humble Love fhe meets his wrathful Eyes,
And makes her fovereign Beauty bow;
Cheerful the fmiles upon the grizly Form ; So fhines the fetting Sun on adverfe Skies,

And paints a Rainbow on the Storm.
Anon the lets the fullen Humour fpend, And with a virtuous Book, or Friend,

Beguiles th' uneafy Hours:
Well colouring every Crofs the meets, With Heart ferene fhe fleeps and eats, She fpreads her Board with fancy'd Sweets, And ftrows her Bed with Flow'rs.


## Tibe Hero's Scibool of Morality.

## I.

THERON, amongft his Travels, found. A broken Statue on the Ground;
And fearching onward as he went He trac'd a ruin'd Monument.

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Mould, Mofs, and Shades had overgrown
The Sculpture of the crumbling Stone,
Yet e'er he paft, with much ado,
He guefs'd, and fpell'd out Sci-pi-o.
" Enough, he cry'd ; I'll drudge no more
"In turning the dull Stoics o'er;
" Let Pedants wafte their Hours of Eafe
" To fweat all Night at Socrates;
" And feed their Boys with Notes and Rules,
"Thofe tedious Recipes of Schools,
" To cure Ambition: I can learn
" With greater Eafe the great Concern
"Of Mortals; how we may defpife
" All the gay Things below the Skies.
" Methinks a mould'ring Pyramid
"Says all that the old Sages faid;
"For me thefe fhatter'd Tombs contain
" More Morals than the Vatican,
" The Duft of Heroes caft abroad,
" And kick'd and trampl'd in the Road,
" The Relicks of a lofty Mind,
" That lately Wars and Crowns defign'd,
" Toft for a Jeft from Wind to Wind,
" Bid me be humble, and forbear
"Tall Monuments of Fame to rear,
" They are but Cafles in the Air.
"The tow'ring Heights and frightful Falls,
"The ruin'd Heaps and Funerals
" Of fmoaking Kingdoms and their Kings,
" Tell me a thoufand mournful Things
" In melancholy Silence.
"
"That living could not bear to fee
" An Equal, now lies torn and dead;
"Here his pale Trunk, and there his Head ;
" Great Pompey! while I meditate,
" With folemn Horror, thy fad Fate,
" Thy Carcafe, fcatter'd on the Shore
" Without a Name, inftructs me more
" Than my whole ,Library before.
" Lie ftill, my Plutarch, then, and fleep,
"And my good Seneca may keep
" Your Volumes clos'd for ever too,
" I have no further Ufe for you:
"For when I feel my Virtue fail,
"And my ambitious Thoughts prevail,
" I'll take a Turn among the Tombs,
" And fee whereto all Glory comes:
" There the vile Foot of ev'ry Clown
"Tramples the Sons of Honour down.
" Beggars with awful Afhes fport,
"And tread the Cafars in the Dirt." -

Freedom.
1697.
I.

TEMPT me no more. My Soul can ne'er comport With the gay Slaveries of a Court:
I've an Averfion to thofe Charms,
And hug dear Liberty in both mine Arms,

Go, Vaffal-Souls, go, cringe and wait, And dance Attendance at Honorio's Gate, Then run in Troops before him to compofe his State;
Move as he moves, and when he loiters, ftand;
You're but the Shadows of a Man.
Bend when he fpeaks ; and kifs the Ground:
Go, catch th' Impertinence of Sound:
Adore the Follies of the Great;
Wait 'till he fmiles: But lo, the Idol frown'd And drove them to their Fate.

## II.

Thus bafe-born Minds: But as for Me , I can and will be free:
Like a ftrong Mountain, or fome ftately Tree, My Soul grows firm upright,
And as I ftand and as I go, It keeps my Body fo ;
No, I can never part with my Creation-Right.
Let Slaves and Affes floop and bow,
I cannot make this Iron Knee
Bend to a meaner Power than that which form'd it free.

## III.

Thus my bold Harp profufely play'd
Pindarical; then on a branchy Shade
I hung my Harp aloft, myfelf beneath it laid.
Nature that liften'd to my Strain,
Refum'd the Theme, and acted it again.
Sudden rofe a whirling Wind
Swelling like Honorio proud,
Around the Straws and Feathers croud,
Types of a flavih Mind;

Upwards the formy Forces rife,
The Duft flies up and climbs the Skies, And as the Tempeft fell th' obedient Vapours funk: Again it roars with bellowing Sound,

The meaner Plants that grew around, The Willow and the Afp trembl'd and kifs'd the Ground':

Hard by there food the Iron Trunk
Of an old Oak, and all the Storm defy'd;
In vain the Winds'their Forces try'd.
In vain they roar'd ; the Iron Oak
Bow'd only to the heavenly Thunder's Stroke.



On Mr LOCKE's Annotations upon Several Parts of the New Testament, left bebind bim at bis Death.

## I.

TH U S Reafon learns by flow Degrees; What Faith reveals; but fill complains Of intellectual Pains,
And Darknefs from the too exuberant Light.
The Blaze of thofe bright Myfteries
Pour'd all at once on Nature's Eyes
Offend and cloud her feeble Sight.

## II.

Reafon could fcarce contain to fee 'Th' Almighty One, th' Eternal Three,
Or bear the Infant Deity;

182 LYR1C POEMS, Book II.
Scarce could her Pride defcend to own
Her Maker ftooping from his Throne,
And dreft in Glories fo unknown,
A ranfom'd World, a bleeding God,
And Heav'n appeas'd with flowing Blood,
Were Themes too painful to be undertood.

## III.

Faith, thou bright Cherub, fpeak, and fay
Did ever Mind of Mortal Race
Coft thee more Toil, or larger Grace,
To melt and bend it to obey.
${ }^{3}$ Twas hard to make fo rich a Soul fubmit,
And lay her fhining Honours at thy fovereign Feet.

> IV.

Sifter of Faith, fair Charity,
Shew me the wond'rous Man on high,
Tell how he fees the Godhead Three in One:
The bright Conviction fills his Eye,
His nobleft Powers in deep Proftration lie
At the myfterious Throne.
" Forgive, he cries, ye Saints below,
" The wav'ring and the cold Affent
"I gave to Themes divinely true;
© Can you admit the Bleffed to repent?
"Eternal Darknefs vail the Lines
" Of that unhappy Book,
©6 Where glimmering Reafon with falfe Luftre fhines,
" Where the mere mortal Pen miftook "What the celeftial meant!"

See Mr Locke's Annotations on Rom. iii. 25. and Paraphrafe on Rom: ix. 5, which has inclined fome Reader3 to doubt whether he
believed the Deity and Satisfaction of Christ. Therefore in the fourth Stanza I invoke Cbarity, that by her Help I may find him out in Heaven, fince his Notes on 2 Cor. v. ult. and fome other Places, gives me Reafon to believe he was no Socinian, though he has darkened the Glory of the Gofpe!, and debafed Chriftiantity, in the Book which he calls the Reajonableness of it, and in fome of his other Works.

## 

## True Ricbes.

IAM not concern'd to know What To-morrow Fate will do:
'Tis enough that I can fay,
l've poffeft myfelf To-day:
Then if haply Midnight-Death
Seize my Flefh, and ftop my Breath,
Yet To-morrow I fhall be
Heir to the beft Part of Me.
Glittering Stones, and golden Things,
Wealth and Honours that have Wings,
Ever fluttering to be gone
I could never call my own:
Riches that the World beftows,
She can take, and I can lofe ;
But the Treafures that are mine
Lie afar beyond her Line.
When I view my fpacious Sout,
And furvey myfelf awhole,
And enjoy myfelf alone,
I'm a Kingdom of my own;
Ive a mighty Part within That the World hath never feen, Rich as Eden's happy Ground, And with choicer Plenty crown'd. Here on all he fair flhining Boughs Knowledge fair and ufelefs grows;
On the fame young flow'ry Tree
All the Seafons you may fee;
Notions in the Bloom of Light, Juft difclofing to the Sight; Here are Thoughts of larger Growth, Rip'ning into folid Truth; Fruits refin'd, of noble Tafte ; Seraphs feed on fuch Repart. Here in a green and fhady Grove:
Streams of Pleafure mix with Love:
There beneath the fmiling Skies
Hills of Contemplation rife ;
Now upon fome fhining Top
Angels light, and call me up;
I rejoice to raire my Feet,
Both rejoice when there we meet.

There are endlefs Beauties more:
Earth hath no Refemblance for;
Nothing like them round the Pole,
Nothing can defrribe the Soul:
${ }^{\prime}$ Tis a Region half unknown,
That has Treafures of its own,
More remote from public View
Than the Bowels of Peru.
Broader 'tis, and brighter far,
Than the golden Indies are ;

Ships that trace the wat'ry Stage Cannot coaft it in an Age; Harts, or Horfes, flrong and fleet, Had they Wings to help their Feet, Could not run it half Way o'er In ten thoufand Days or more.

Yet the filly wandering Mind, Loth to be too much confin'd, Roves and takes her daily Tours, Coafting round the narrow Shores, Narrow Shores of Flefh and Senfe, Picking Shells and Pebbles thence;
Or fhe fits at Fancy's Door, Calling Shapes and Shadows to her, Foreign Vifits ftill receiving, And $t$ ' herfelf a Stranger living,
Never, never would the buy Indian Duft, or Tyrian Dye, Never trade abroad for more, If fhe faw her native Store, If her inward Worth were known She might ever live alone.


The Adventurous Mufe.
I.

CAN 1 A takes her Morning Flight
With an inimitable Wing:
'Thro' rifing Deluges of dawning Light
She cleaves her wond'rous Way,
She tunes immortal Anthems to the growing Day;
Nor * Rapin gives her Rules to fly, nor $\dagger$ Purcell Notes to fing.

## II.

She nor enquires, nor knows, nor fears
Where lie the pointed Rocks, or where th' ingulphing Sand,
Climbing the liquid Mountains of the Skies,
She meets defcending Angels as fhe flies,
Nor alks them where their Country lies, Or where the Sea-marks ftand.
Touch'd with an empyreal Ray
She fprings, unerring, upward to eternal Day,
Spreads her white Sails aloft, and fteers,
With bold and fafe Attempt to the celeftial Land.

## III,

Whilf little Skiffs along the mortal Shores
With humble Toil in Order creep,
Coafting in Sight of one another's Oars,
Nor venture thro' the boundlefs Deep.
Such low pretending Souls are they
Who dwell inclos'd in folid Orbs of Skull ;
Plodding along their fober Way,
The Snail o'ertakes them in their wildef Play,
While the poor Labourers fweat to be correctly dull.
IV.

Give me the Chariot whofe diviner Wheels
Mark their own Rout, and unconfin'd
Bound o'er the everlating Hills,
And lofe the Clouds below, and leave the Stars behind;
Give me the Mufe whofe generous Force,

[^8]
## Impatient of the Reins,

Purfues an unattempted Courfe, Breaks all the Criticks Iron Chains, And bears to Paradife the raptur'd Mind.
V.

There Milton dwells: The Mortal fung
Themes not prefum'd by mortal Tongue ;
New Terrors, or new Glories, fhine
In every Page, and flying Scenes divine
Surprize the wond'ring Senfe, and draw our Souls along.
Behold his Mufe fent out $t$ ' explore
The unapparent Deep where Waves of Cbaos roar,
And Realms of Night unknown before.
She trac'd a glorious Path unknown,
Thro' Fields of heavenly War, and Seraphs overthrown,
Where his advent'rous Genius led :
Sovereign fhe fram'd a Model of her own, Nor thank'd the Living nor the Dead.
The noble Hater of degenerate Rhime
Shook off the Chains, and built his Verfe fublime,
A Monument too high for coupled Souls to climb a
He mourn'd the Garden loft below;
(Earth is the Scene for tuneful Woe)
Now Blifs beats high in all his Veins,
Now the loft $E d e n$ he regains,
Keeps his own Air, and triumphs in unrival'd Strains:

## VI.

Immortal Bard! Thus thy own Rapbael fings,
And knows no Rule but native Fire :
All Heav'n fits filent while to his fovereign Strings
He talks unutterable Things;

## With Graces infinite his untaught Fingers rove

Acrofs the golden Lyre :
From every Note Devotion fprings, Rapture, and Harmony, and Love,

O'erfpread the lift'ning Choir.

## T 0 <br> Mr NICHOLAS CLARK.

The Complaint.

## 1.

'TWAS in a Vale where Ofiers grow

By murm'ring Streams we told our woe, And mingled all our Cares:
Friendhip fat pleas'd in both our Eyes,
In both the weeping Dews arife, And drop alternate Tears.
II.

The vigorous Monarch of the Day
Now mounting half his Morning Way
Shone with a fainter Bright :
Still fick'ning, and decaying ftill,
Dimly he wander'd up the Hill
With his expiring Light.

## III.

In dark Eclipfe his Chariot roll'd,
The Queen of Night obfcur'd his Gold
Behind her fable Wheels;

Nature grew fad to lofe the Day, The flow'ry Vales in Mourning lay, In Mourning ftood the Hills.
IV.

Such are our Sorrows, C L A R K, I cry'd, Clouds of the Brain grow black, and hide Our dark'ned Souls behind ;
In the young Morning of our Years Diftempering Fogs have climb'd the Spheres, And choke the lab'ring Mind.
V.

Lo, the gay Planet rears his Head, And overlooks the lofty Shade,

New-bright'ning all the Skies:
But fay, dear Part'ner of my Moan, When will our long Eclipfe be gone, Or when our Suns arife ?
VI.

In vain are potent Herbs apply'd, Harmonious Sounds in vain have try'd To make the Darknefs fly:
But Drugs would raife the Dead as foor,
Or clatt'ring Brafs relieve the Moon, When fainting in the Sky.

## VII.

Some friendly Spirit from above, Born of the Light, and nurt with Love, Affift our feebler Fires:
Force thefe invading Glooms away; Souls fhould be feen quite thro' their Clay,

Bright as your heav'nly Choirs.

## VIII.

But if the Fogs muft damp the Flame,
Gently, kind Death, diffolve our Frame,
Releare the Prifoner, Mind:
Our Souls fhall mount, at thy Difcharge, To their bright Source, and fline at large

Nor clouded, nor confin'd.

The Aglietions of a Friend.

## I.

NOW let my Cares all bury'd lie, My Griefs for ever dumb :
Your Sorrows fwell my Heart fo high, They leave my own no room.
II.

Sicknefs and Pains are quite forgot,
The Spleen itfelf is gone ;
Plung'd in your Woes I feel them not, Or feel them all in one.

## III.

Infinite Grief puts Senfe to Flight,
And all the Soul invades:
So the broad Gloom of fpreađing Night Devours the Evening Shades.
IV.

Thus am I born to be unbleft This Sympathy of Woe,
Drives my own Tyrants from my Breaft T' admit a foreign Foe.

Sorrows in long Succeffion reign;
Their Iron Rod I feel:
Friendfhip has only chang'd the Chain, But I'm the Pris'ner ftill.
VI.

Why was this Life for Mifery made?
Or why drawn out fo long?
Is there no room amongft the Dead?
Or is a Wretch too young ? VII.

Move fafter on great Nature's Wheel, Be kind, ye rolling Powers,
Hurl my Days headlong down the Hill With undiftinguif'd Hours.
VIII.

Be dufky, all my rifing Suns, Nor fmile upon a Slave :
Darknefs, and Death, make hafte at once To hide me in the Grave.

โญTజTM


The Reverse: or, Tbe Comforts of a Friend.
I.

THUS Nature tun'd her mournful Tongue,
'Till Grace lift up her Head, Revers'd the Sorrow and the Song, And fmiling, thus the faid:

## II.

Were Kindred Spirits born for Cares?
Muft every Grief be mine?
Is there a Sympathy in Tears, Yet Joys refufe to join?

## III.

Forbid it, Heav'n, and raife my Love,
And make our Joys the fame:
So Blifs and Friendfhip 'join'd above
Mix an immortal Flame.
IV.

Sorrows are loft in vaft Delight
That brightens all the Soul,
As Deluges of dawning Light
O'erwhelm the dufky Pole.
V.

Pleafures in long Succeffion reign, And all my Powers employ;
Friendhip but fhifts the pleafing Scene, And frefh repeats the Joy.
VI.

Life has a foft and filver Thread,
Nor is it drawn too long;
Yet when my vafter Hopes perfuade, I'm willing to be gone.
VII.

Faft as ye pleafe roll down the Hill, And hafte away, my Years;
Or I can wait my Father'r Will, And dwell beneath the Spheres.

Rife glorious, every future Sun, Gild all my following Days,
But make the taft dear Moment known By well-dittinguifh'd Rays.

## 

To the Right Honourable

## $\mathcal{J} O H N$, Lord $C U \mathcal{T} T$.

At the Siege
of Nagpur.

## Tie Hardy Soldier.

I.

OWHY is Man fo thoughtlefs grown ? Why guilty Souls in hate to die?
" Vent'ring the Leap to Worlds unknown,
"Heedlefs to Arms and Blood they fly.

> II.
"A Are Lives but worth a Soldier's Pay?
" Why will ye join foch wide Extremes,
" And fake immortal Souls in play
"At desperate Chance, and bloody Games ?
III.
" Valour's a noble Turn of Thought,
"Whole pardon'd Guilt forbids her Fears:
" Calmly the meets the deadly Shot,
" Secure of Life above the Stars.

194 LYRIC POEMS, Book II. IV.
" But Frenzy dares eternal Fate,
" And fpurr'd with Honour's airy Dreams,
" Flies to attack th' infernal Gate,
" And force a Paffage to the Flames."
V
Thus hov'ring o'er NAMUR IA's Plains, Sung heav'nly Love in Gabriel's Form :
Young THRASO felt the moving Strains,
And vow'd to pray before the Storm.
VI

Anon the thundering Trumpet calls; " Vows are but Wind," the Hero cries; Then fwears by Heav'n, and fcales the Walls, Drops in the Ditch, defpairs and dies.

20 N

Eurning Several Poems of Ovid, Martial, Oldham, Diyden, ixc.

$$
\text { I. } \quad 1708
$$

IJudge the Mufe of lewd Deifre; Her Sons to Darknefs, and her Works to Fire. In vain the Flatteries of their Wit
Now with a melting Strain, now with an heavenly Flight,
Woald tempt my Virtue to approve
Thofe gaudy Tinders of a lawlefs Love.
So Harlots drefs: They can appear
Sweet, modeft, cool, divinely fair,
'To charm a Cato's Eye ; but all within, Stench, Impudence and Fire, and ugly raging Sin.

## II.

Die Flora, die in endlefs Shame,
Thou Proftitute of blackef Fame,
Stript of thy falfe Array.
Ovid, and all ye wilder Pens
Of modern Luft who gild our Scenes,
Poifon the Britifa Stage, and paint Damnation gay,
Attend your Miitrefs to the Dead;
When Flora dies, her Imps fhould wait upon her Shade:
III.

* Strepbon, of noble Biood and Mind, (For ever fhine his Name!)
As Death approach'd, his Soul refin'd,
And gave his loofer Sonnets to the Flame.
" Burn, burn, he cry'd with facred Rage,
"Hell is the Due of every Page,
"Hell be the Fate. (But O induigent Heav'n!
"So vile the Mufe, and yet the Man forgiv'n!)
" Burn on my Songs : For not the filver Thames
" Nor $\mathcal{T}$ yber with his yellow Streams
" In endlefs Currents rolling to the Main,
"Can e'er dilute the Poifon, or wafh out the Stain."
So Mo, es by divine Command
Forbid the lep'rous Houfe to fand
When deep the fatal Spot was grown,
"Break down the Timber, and dig up the Stone."

[^9]
## т o <br> Mrs B. $B E N D I S H$. Againf Tears.

1699.

I.

MAD AM, perfuade me Tears are good To wafh our mortal Cares away;
Thefe Eyes fhall weep a fudden Flood, And ftream into a briny Sea.
II.

Or if thefe Orbs are hard and dry, (Thefe Orbs that never ufe to rain)
Some Star direct me where to buy
One fov'reign Drop for all my Pain.
III.

Were both the golden Indies mine, I'd give both Indies for a Tear :
I'd barter all but what's divine :
Nor flall I think the Bargain dear.
IV
But Tears, alas! are trifling Things,
They rather feed than heal our Woe :
From trickling Eyes new Sorrow fpringe,
As Weeds in rainy Seafons grow.
V.

Thus Weeping urges Weeping on:
In vain our Miferies hope Relief,
For one Drop calls another down,
'Till we are drown'd in Seas of Grief.

Then let thefe ufelefs Streams be ftaid, Wear native Courage on your Face: Thefe valgar Things were never made For Souls of a fuperior Race.
Vi!.

If 'tis a rugged Path you go,
And thoufand Foes your Steps furround, Tread the Thorns down, charge thro' the Foe:
The hardeft Fight is higheft crown'd.


Few Happy Matcbes.
I. Auguf, 1701,

SAY, mighty Love, and teach my Song,
To whom thy fweeteft Joys belong,
And who the happy Pairs
Whofe yielding Hearts, and joining Hands,
Find Bleflings twifted with their Bands,
To foften all their Cares.

## II.

Not the wild Herd of Nymphs and Swains
That thoughtlefs fly into the Chains,
As Cuftom leads the Way:
If there be Blifs without Defign,
Ivies and Oaks may grow and twine,
And be as bleft as they.
L 3

## III.

Not fordid Souls of earthy Mold Who drawn by Kindred Charms of Gold To dull Embraces move :
So two rich Mountains of Peru
May rufh to wealthy Marriage too, And make a World of Love.

$$
1 \mathrm{~V} .
$$

Not the mad Tribe that Hcll infpires
With wanton Flames; thofe raging Fires The purer Blifs deftroy:
On Etna's Top let Furies wed, $^{2}$ And Sheets of Light'ning drefs the Bed T' improve the burning Joy.
V.

Not the dull Pairs whofe marble Forms
None of the melting Paffions warms,
Can mingle Hearts and Hands:
Logs of green Wood that quench the Coals Are marry'd juft like Stoic Souls, With Ofiers for their Bands.
VI.

Nct Minds of melancholy Strain, Still filent, or that fill complain, Can the dear Bondage blefs:
As well may heav'nly Concerts fpring From two old Lutes with ne'er a String, Or none befide the Bafs.

## VII.

Nor can the foft Enchantments hold
Two jarring Souls of angry Mold,
The Rugged and the Keen:

Samplon's young Foxes might as well
In Bands of cheerful Wedlock dwell, With Firebrands ty'd between.
VIII.

Nor let the cruel Fetters bind
A gentle to a favage Mind,
For Love abhors the Sight :
Loofe the fierce Tyger from the Deer,
For native Rage and native Fear
Rife and forbid Delight.
IX.

Two kindeft Souls alone mut meet,
'Tis Friendfhip makes the Bondage fweet,
And feeds their mutual Loves:
Bright Venus on her rolling Throne
Is drawn by gentleft Birds alone
And Cupids yoke the Doves.


$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { T o } \\
\text { DAVID POLHILL, Efq; } \\
\text { An EPISTIE. } \\
\text { I. } \\
\text { ETcember } 1702, \\
\text { ETelefs Souls to Woods retreat; } \\
\text { When Virtue bids him dare be great. }
\end{gathered}
$$

L 4

Nor Rent *, nor Sufex ${ }^{*}$, fhould have Charms,
While Liberty, with loud Alarms,
Calls you to Counfels and to Arms.
III.

Leruis, by fawning Slaves ador'd,
Bids you receive + a bafe-born Lord;
Awake your Cares! awake your Sword!
IV.

Factions amongf the $\ddagger$ Britons rife,
And warring Tongues, and wild Surmife, And burning Zeal without her Eyes.

$$
\mathrm{V} .
$$

A Vote decides the blind Debate; Refolv'd, "'Tis of diviner Weight, "To fave the Steeple, than the State."
VI.

The § bold Machine is form'd and join'd To fretch the Confcience, and to bind The native Freedom of the Mind.
VII.

Your Grandfire Shades with jealous Eye Frown down to fee their Offspring lie Caielefs, and let their Country die.
VIII.

If $\|$ Trevia fear to let you fand Againt the Gaul with Spear in Hand, At leaft ${ }^{* *}$ Petition for the Land.

* His Country-Seat and Dwelling. $\quad$ The Pretender proz claimed King in France. $\ddagger$ The Parliament. § The Bill againft Occafional Conformity, 1702. $\|$ Mrs Polkill of the Family of the Lord Trevor. ** Mr Polbill was one of thofe five zealous Gentieman who prefented the famous Kenti/b Petition to the Parliament, in the Reign of King William, to haften their Supplies in order to fupgort the King in his War with France.


> Tle celebrated Vietory of the Poles over Ofmanthe Turkifh Emperor in the Dacian Battle.

Traיㄱated fiom Cafinire, B. IV. Od. 4. with large Auditions:
$G^{A D O R}$ the old, the wealthy and the ftrong; Cheerful in Years (nor of the Heroic Mufe Unknowing, nor unknown) held fair Poffeffions Where flows the fruitful Danube: Seventy Springs Smil'd on his Seed, and feventy Harveft-Moons Fill'd his wide Granaries with autumnal Joy: Still he refum'd the Toil : and Fame reports, While he broke up new Ground, and tir'd his Plough
In grafly Furrows, the torn Earth difclos'd Helmets and Swords (bright Furniture of War Sleeping in Ruft) and Heaps of mighty Bones. The Sun defcending to the Weftern Deep Bid him lie down and reft ; he loos'd the Yoke, Yet held his wearied Oxen from their Food With charming Numbers, and uncommon Song.

Go, Fellow-Labourers, you may rove fecure, Or feed befide me ; tafte the Greens and Boughs That you have long forgot ; crop the fweet Herb And graze in Safety, while the Vietor-Pole Leans on his Spear, and breathes; yet ftill his Eye

Jealous and fierce. How large, old Soldier, fay,
How fair a Harveft of the flaughter'd $\mathcal{T u r k s}^{\prime}$
Strew'd the Moldavian Fields? What mighty Piles
Of vaft Deftruction, and of Thracian Dead
Fill and amaze my Eyes? Broad Bucklers lie
(A vain Defence) fpread o'er the pathlefs Hills,
And Coats of fcaly Steel, and hard Habergeon,
Deep-bruis'd and empty of Mabometan Limbs.
'This the fierce Saracen wore, (for when a Boy,
I was their Captive, and remind their Drefs:)
Here the Polonians dreadful march'd along
In auguft Port, and regular Array,
Led on to Conqueft: Here the $\mathcal{T}_{u r k i ß}$ Chief Prefumptuous trod, and in rude Order rang'd His long Battalions, while his populous Towns
Pour'd out frefh Troops perpetual, dreft in Arms, Horrent in Mail, and gay in fpangled Pride.

O the dire Image of the bloody Fight
Thefe Eyes have feen, when the capacious Plain
Was throng'd with Dacian Spears; when polifh'd Helms
And convex Gold blaz'd thick againft the Sun
Reftoring all his Beams! but frowning War All gloomy, like a gather'd Tempeft, food Wavering, and doubtful where to bend its Fall.

The Storm of miffive Steel delay'd awhile
By wife Command; fledg'd Arrows on the Nerve;
And Scymiter and Sabre bore the Sheath
Reluctant ; 'till the hollow brazen Clouds
Had bellow'd from each Quarter of the Field
Loud Thunder, and difgorg'd their fulph'rous Fire.
Then Banners wav'd, and Arms were mix'd with Arms;

Then Javelins anfwer'd Javelins as they fled, For both fled hiffing Death: With adverfe Edge The crooked Fauchions met; and hideous Noife From clafhing Shields, thro' the long Ranks of War, Clang'd horrible. A thoufand Iron Storms Roar diverfe: And in harh Confufion drown The Trumpet's filver Sound. O rude Effort Of Harmony! Not all the frozen Stores Of the cold North when pour'd in rattling Hail Lafh with fuch Madnefs the Norwegian Plains, Or fo torment the Ear. Scarce founds fo far The direful Fragor, when fome Southern Blaft Tears from the Alps a Ridge of knotty Oaks Deep fang'd, and ancient Tenants of the Rock: The maffy Fragment, many a Rood in Length, With hideous Clafh, rolls down the rugged Cliff.
Refiftlefs, plunging in the fubject Lake
Como, or Lugaine ; th' afflicted Waters roar, And various Thunder all the Valley fills, Such was the Noife of War: The troubled Air Complains aloud, and propagates the Din To neighbouring Regions; Rocks and lofty Hills Beat the impetuous Echoes round the Sky.

Uproar, Revenge, and Rage, and Hate appear In all their murderous Forms; and Flame and Blood And Sweat and Duft array the broad Campaign In Horror: Hafty Feet, and fparkling Eyes,
And all the favage Paffions of the Soul
Engage in the warm Bufinefs of the Day.
Here mingling Hands, but with no friendly Gripe, Join in the Fight; and Breafts in clofe Embrace,
But mortal, as the Iron Arms of Death.

Here Words auftere, of perilous Command, And Valour fwift $t$ ' obey; bold Feats of Arms
Dreadful to fee, and glorious to relate,
Shine thro' the Field with more furprizing Brightnefs
Than glittering Helms or Spears. What loud Applaufe
(Bert Meed of warlike Toil) what manly Shouts,
And Yells unmanly thro' the Battle ring!
And fudden Wrath dies into endlefs Flame.

Long did the Fate of War hang dubious. Here Stood the more num'rous $\tau u r k$, the valiant Pole Fought here ; more dreadful, tho' with leffer Wings.

But what the Dabees or the Coward Soul
Of a Cydonian, what the fearful Crouds
Of bafe Cilicians 'fcaping from the Slaughter,
Or Partbian Beafts, with all their racing Riders,
What could they mean againft th' intrepid Breaft
Of the purfuing Foe? Th' impetuous Poles,
Rufh here, and here the Litbuanian Horfe
Drive down upon them like a double Bolt
Of kindled Thunder raging thro' the Sky
On founding Wheels; or as fome mighty Flood
Rolls his two Torrents down a dreadful Steep.
Precipitant, and bears along the Stream
Rocks, Woods and Trees, with all the grazing Herd,
And tumbles lofty Forefts headlong to the Plain.
The bold Boruffan fmoaking from afar
Moves like a Tempeft in a dufky Cloud,
And imitates th' Artillery of Heaven,
The Light'ning and the Roar. Amazing Scene !

What Showers of mortal Hail, what flaky Fires Burf from the Darknefs! while their Cohorts firm Met the like Thunder, and an equal Storm, From hoftile Troops, but with a braver Mind. Undaunted Bofoms tempt the Edge of War, And rufh on the fharp Point; while baleful Mifchiefs, Deaths, and bright Dangers flew acrofs the Field Thick and continual, and a thoufand Souls
Fled murmuring thro' their Wounds. I ftood aloof, For 'twas unfafe to come within the Wind Of Ruffan Banners, when with whizzing Sound, Eager of Glory, and profure of Life, They bore down fearlefs on the charging Foes, And drove them backward. Then the $\mathcal{T}_{u r k i} \Omega$ Moons,
Wander'd in Difarray. A dark Eclipfe
Hung on the filver Crefcent, boding Night, Long Night, to all her Sons: at length difrob'd The Standards fell ; the barbarous Enfigns torn Fled with the Wind, the Sport of angry Heav'n: And a large Cloud of Infantry and Horie Scattering in wild Diforder, fpread the Plain.

Not Noife, nor Number, nor the brawny Limb, Nor high-built Size prevails: 'Tis Courage fights, 'Tis Courage conquers. So whole Forets fall (A fpacious Ruin) by one fingle Ax, And Steel weil-fharp'ned : So a generous Pair Of young-wing'd Eaglets fright a thoufand Doves.

Vaft was the Slaughter, and the flow'ry Green Drank deep of flowing Crimfon. Veteran Bands Here made their laft Campaign. Here haughty Chiefs Stretch'd on the Bed of purple Honour lie

Supine, nor dream of Battle's hard Event,
Opprefs'd with Iron Slumbers, and long Night.
Their Ghofts indignant to the nether World
Fled, but attended well: for at their Side
Some faithful J̛anizaries ftrew'd the Field,
Fall'n in juft Ranks or Wedges, Lunes or Squares,
Firm as they flood ; to the Warjovian Troops,
A nobler Toil, and Triumph worth their Fight.
But the broad Sabre and keen Poll-Ax flew
With fpeedy Terror thro' the feeble: Herd,
And made rude Havock and irregular Spoil
Amongft the vulgar Bands that own'd the Name
Of Mabomet. The wild Arabians fled
In fwift Affight a thoufand different Ways
'Thro' Brakes and Thorns, and climb'd the craggy Mountains
Bellowing; yet hafty Fate o'ertook the Cry, And Folijh Hunters clave the timorous Deer.

Thus the dire Profpect diftant fill'd my Soul
With Awe ; till the laft Relics of the War
The thin Edonians, flying had difclos'd
The ghafly Plain: I took a nearer View,
Unfeemly to the Sight, nor to the Smell
Grateful. What Loads of mangled Flefh and Limbs
(A difmal Carnage!) bath'd in reeking Gore
Lay welt'ring on the Ground; while flitting Life
Convuls'd the Nerves ftill fhivering, nor had loft
All Tafte of Pain: Here an old Tbracian lies
Deform'd with Years, and Scars, and groans aloud.
Torn with frefh Wounds; but inward Vitals firm
Forbid the Soul's Remove, and chain it down
By the hard Laws of Nature, to fuftain

Long Torment: His wide Eye-balls roll: His Teeth Gnafhing with Anguif, chide his ling'ring Fate. Emblazon'd Armour fpoke his high Command Amongtt the neighbouring Dead; they round their Lord Lay proftrate ; fome in Flight ignobly flain, Some to the Skies their Faces upwards turn'd Still brave, and proud to die fo near their Prince.

I mov'd not far, and lo, at manly Length Two beauteous Youths of richeft Ott'man Blood Extended on the Field: in Friendfhip join'd, Nor Fate divides them: Hardy Warriors both ; Both faithful; drown'd in Show'rs of Darts they fell, Each with his Shield fpread o'er his Lover's Heart, In vain : For on thofe Orbs of friendly Brafs Stood Groves of Javelins ; fome, alas, too deep Were planted there, and thro' their lovely Bofoms Made painful Avenues for cruel Death. O my dear native Land, forgive the Tear I dropt on their wan Cheeks, when ftrong Compafion Forc'd from my melting Eyes the briny Dew, And paid a Sacrifice to hoftile Virtue.
Dacia, forgive the Sigh that wifh'd the Souls Of thore fair Infidels fome humble Place An.ong the Bleft. "Sleep, fieep, ye haplefs Pair, " Gently, I cry'd, worthy of better Fate,
"And better Faith." Hard by the General lay
Of Saracen Defcent, a griziy Form
Breathlefs, yet Pride fat pale upon his Front
In Difappointment, with a furly Brow
Louring in Death, and vext; his rigid Jaws
Foaming with Blood bite hard the Polibs Spear,
In that dead Vifage my Remembrance reads

> Rafh Caraccas: In vain the boafting Slave Promis'd and footh'd the Sultan threat'ning fierce
> With royal Suppers and triumphant Fare Spread wide beneath Warforian Silk and Gold;
> See on the naked Ground all cold he lies
> Beneath the damp wide Cov'ring of the Air
> Forgetful of his Word. How Heaven confounds
> Infulting Hopes! with what an awful Smile
> Laughs at the Proud, that loofen all the Reins
> To their unbounded Wifhes, and leads on
> Their blind Ambition to a Chameful End!

But whither am I borne? This Thought of Arms
Fires me in vain to fing to fenfelefs Bulls
What generous Horfe hould hear: Break off, my Song,
My barbarous Mufe be ftill: Immortal Deeds
Muft not be thus profan'd in ruftic Verfe :
'The martial Trumpet, and the following Age,
And growing Fame, fhall loud rehearfe the Fight
In Sounds of Glory. Lo, the Evening Star
Shines o'er the Weftern Hill ; my Oxen, come,
The well-known Star invites the Labourer home.



To
$\mathrm{Mr} H E N R \Upsilon B E N D I S H$.
Dear Sir, Aug. 24, 1705 .

THE following Song was yours when firft compofed: The Mufe then defcribed the general Fate of Mankind, that is, to be ill-matched ; and now fhe rejoices that you have efcaped the common Mifchief, and that your Soul has found its own Mate. Let this Ode then congratulate you Both. Grow mutually in more compleat Likenefs and Love: Perfevere and be happy.

I perfuade myfelf you will accept from the Prefs what the Pen more privately infcribed to you long ago ; and I am in no Pain left you fhould take Offence at the fabulous Drefs of this Poem: Nor would weaker Minds be fcandalized at it, if they would give themfelves leave to reflect how many divine Truths are fpoken by the holy Writers in Vifions and Images, Parables and Dreams: Nor are my wifer Friends afhamed to defend it, fince the Narrative is grave, and the Moral fo juft and obvious.

多万NTS

> The Indian Pbilofopber.

Sept. 3, 1701.
I.

WHY fhould our Joys transform to Pain ? Why gentle Hymen's filken Chain A Plague of Iron prove?

BE NDISH, 'tis ftrange the Charm that binds Millions of Hands, fhould leave their Minds

At fuch a Loofe from Love.

## II.

In vain I fought the wond'rous Caufe, Rang'd the wide Fields of Nature's Laws,

And urg'd the Schools in vain ;
Then deep in Thought, within my Breaft
My Soul retir'd, and Slumber drefs'd
A bright inftructive Scene.

## III.

O'er the broad Lands, and "crofs the Tide, On Fancy's airy Horfe I ride,
(Sweet Rapture of the Mind!)
${ }^{\text {'Till }}$ on the Banks of Ganges Flood,
In a tall ancient Grove I food
For facred Ufe defign'd.

## IV.

Hard by a venerable Prieft,
Ris'n with his god, the Sun, from Reft,
Awoke his Morning Song;
Thrice he conjur'd the murm'ring Stream;
The Birth of Souls was all his Theme,
And half divine his Tongue.

## V.

"He fang th' Eternal rolling Flame,
" That vital Mafs, that fill the fame
"Does all our Minds compofe:
" But fhap'd in twice ten thoufand Frames ;
"Thence diff'ring Souls of diff'ring Names,

- And jarring Tempets rofe.
VI.
" The mighty Power that form'd the Mind
" One Mould for every Two defign'd, "And blefs'd the new-born Pair:
"This be a Match for this:" (he faid)
"Then down he fent the Souls he made, " To feek them Bodies here:
VII.
" But parting from their warm Abode
" They loft their Fellows on the Road, "And never join'd their Hands:
" Ah cruel Chance and croffing Fates !
" Our Eaftern Souls have dropt their Mates "On Europe's barbarous Lands. VIII.
" Happy the Youth that finds the Bride
"Whofe Birth is to his own ally'd, "The fweeteft Joy of Life:
" But oh the Crouds of wretched Souls
"Fetter'd to Minds of different Moulds, " And chain'd t' eternal Strife !"

> IX.

Thus fang the wond'rous Indian Bard;
My Soul with vaft Attention heard, While Ganges ceas'd to flow:
"Sure then (I cry'd) might I but fee
"That gentle Nymph that twinn'd with me, " I may be happy too.
X.
"Some courteous Angel, tell me where,
". What diftant Lands this unknown Fair, $\because$ Or diftant Seas detain ?
" Swift as the Wheel of Nature rolls
"I'd fly, to meet, and mingle Souls, "And wear the joyful Chain."


The Happy Man.

## I.

CERENE as Light, is MYRON's Soul, And active as the Sun, yet feady as the Pole:
In manly Beauty thines his Face;
Every Mufe, and every Grace, Makes his Heart and Tongue their Seat, His Heart profufely good, his Tongue divinely fweet. $M Y R O N$, the Wonder of our Eyes, Behold his Manhood fcarce begun! Behold his Race of Virtue run! Behold the Goal of Glory won!
Nor Fame denies the Merit, nor with-holds the Prize; Her filver Trumpets his Renown proclaim :

The Lands where Learning never flew, Which neither Rome nor Athens knew, Surly Japan and rich Peru,
In barbarous Songs, pronounce the Britiß Hero's Name.
" Airy Blifs (the Hero cry'd)
${ }^{6}$ May feed the Tympany of Pride ;
"But healthy Souls were never found
$\therefore$ To live on Emptinefs and Sound.",

## II.

Lo, at his honourable Feet
Fame's bright Attendant, Wealth, appears;
She comes to pay Obedience meet,
Providing Joys for future Years ;
Bleffings with lavifh Hand fhe pours
Gather'd from the Indian Coaft ;
Not Danae's Lap could equal Treafures boaft,
When Gove came down in golden Show'rs.
He look'd and turn'd his Eyes away,
With high Difdain I heard him fay,
"Blifs is not made of glittering Clay."

## 111.

Now Pomp and Grandeur court his Head
With 'Scutcheons, Arms, and Enfigns fpread:
Gay Magnificence and State,
Guards, and Chariots, at his Gate,
And Slaves in endlefs Order round his Table wait:
They learn the Dictates of his Eyes,
And now they fall, and now they rife,
Watch every Motion of their Lord,
Hang on his Lips with moft impatient Zeal, With fwif: Ambition feize th' unfinih'd Word, And the Command fulfil.
Tir'd with the Train that Grandeur brings,
He dropt a Tear, and pity'd Kings:
Then flying from the noify Throng,
Seeks the Diverfion of a Song.

## IV.

Music defcending on a filent Cloud, Tun'd all her Strings with endlefs Art ; By flow Degrees from foft to loud Changing the rofe: The Harp and Flute Harmonious join, the Hero to falute, And make a Captive of his Heart.
Fruits, and rich Wine, and Scenes of lawlefs Love
Each with utmoft Luxury flrove
To treat their Favourite beft;
But founding Strings, and Fruits, and Wine,
And lawlefs Love, in vain combine
To make his Virtue fleep, or lull his Soul to reft.
V.

He faw the tedious Round, and, with a Sigh, Pronounc'd the World but Vanity. " In Crouds of Pleafure ftill I find " A painful Solitude of Mind.
" A Vacancy within which Senfe can ne'er fupply;
" Hence, and be gone, ye flatt'ring Snares,
"Ye vulgar Charms of Eyes and Ears,
"Ye unperforming Promifers!
"Be all my bafer Paffions dead,
"A Ad bafe Defires, by Nature made "For Animals and Boys:
" Man has a Relifh more refin'd,
"Souls are for focial Blifs defign'd,
". Give me a Bleffing fit to match my Mind,
"A Kindred-Soul to double and to hare my Joys."

## VI.

MrRRHA appear'd: Serene ber Soul And active as the Sun, yet fteady as the Pole:

In fofter Beauties fhone ber Face;
Every Mufe, and every Grace,
Made her Heart and Tongue their Seat, Her Heart profufely good, ber Tongue divinely fweet:

MYRRHA the Wonder of his Eyes;
His Heart recoil'd with fweet Surprize,
With Joys unknown before :
His Soul difolv'd in pleafing Pain,
Flow'd to his Eyes, and look'd again,
And could endure no more.
" Enough!" (th' mpatient Hero cries, And feiz'd her to his Breaft)
" I feek no more below the Skies, " J give my Slaves the relt."

To
DAVID POLHILI, Efq;
An Anfwer to an infamous Satire, called, $A d$ vice to a Painter; written by a namelefs Author, againft King William III. of glorious Memory, 169 .

S I R, HEN you put this Satire into my Hand, you gave me the Occafion of employing my Pen to anfiver fo detefable a Writing; which might be done much more effectually by your known Zeal for the Intereft of his Majefty, your Counfels and Courage employed in the Defence of your King and Country. And fince you provoked me to write, you will accept of thefe Efforts of my Loyalty to the beft of Kings, addreffed to one of the moft zealous of his Subjects, by

SIR,
Your moft obedient Servant,
I. $W$.


$$
P A R \tau \mathrm{I} .
$$

AN D muft the Hero, that redeem'd our Land, Here in the Front of Vice and Scandal fland? The Man of wond'rous Soul, that fcorn'd his Eafe, Tempting the Winters and the faithlefs Seas, And paid an annual Tribute of his Life To guard his Eugland from the Irißh Knife, And crufh the French Dragoon? Muft WILLIAM's Name, That brighteft Star that gilds the Wings of Fame, WILL I A $M$ the Brave, the Pious, and the Juft, Adorn thefe gloomy Scenes of Tyranny and Luft ?

POLHILL L, my Blood boils high, my Spirits flame ; $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Can your Zeal fleep? Or are your Paffions tame? } \\ \text { Nor call Revenge and Darknefs on the Poet's Name? }\end{array}\right\}$ Why fmoke the Skies not? Why no Thunders roll? Nor kindling Light'nings blaft his guilty Soul ?

Audacious Wretch! to Itab a Monarch's Fame, And fire his Subjects with a Rebel-Flame; To call the Painter to his black Defigns, To draw our Guardian's Face in hellifh Lines: Painter, beware! the Monarch can be fhown Under no Shape but Angels, or his own, GABRIEL, or WILLIAM, on the Britif, Throne. $\}$

O! could my Thought but grafp the vaft Defign, And Words with infinite Ideas join, I'd roufe Apelles fiom his Iron Sleep, And bid him trace the Warrior o'er the Deep: Trace him, Apelles, o'er the Belgian Plain Fierce, how he climbs the Mountains of the Slain, Seattering juft Vengeance thro' the red Campaign. Then dafh the Canvas with a flying Stroke, 'Till it be loft in Clouds of Fire and Smoke, And fay, ' Iwas thus the Conqueror thro' the Squadrons broke.
Mark him again emerging from the Cloud, Far from his Troops; there like a Rock he ftood His Country's fingle Barrier in a Sea of Blood. Calmly he leaves the Pleafures of a Throne, And his MAR1A weeping; whilt alone He wards the Fate of Nations, and provokes his own: But Heav'n fecures its Champion; o'er the Field Paint hov'ring Angels; tho' they fly conceal'd, Each intercepts a Death, and wears it on his Shield.

Now, noble Pencil, lead him to our Ife, Mark how the Skies with joyful Luftre fmile,

## 218

 LYRIC POEMS,Then imitate the Glory ; on the Strand Spread half the Nation, longing 'till he land. Wafh off the Blood, and take a peaceful Teint, All red the Warrior, white the Ruler paint; Abroad a Hero, and at Home a Saint.
Throne him on high upon a fhining Seat,
Luft and Profanenefs dying at his Feet,
While round his Head the Laurel and the Olive meet,
The Crowns of War and Peace; and may they blow
With flow'ry Bleffings ever on his Brow.
At his right Hand pile up the Engliß乃 Laws
In facred Volumes; thence the Monarch draws
His wife and jult Commands
Rife, ye old Sages of the Britiß Ine,
On the fair Tablet caft a reverend Smile,
And blefs the Piece; there Statutes are your own,
That fway the Cottage, and direft the Throne;
People and Prince are one in WIL LIAMy's Name,
Their Joys, their Dangers, and their Laws the fame.
Let Liberty, and Right, with Plumes difplay'd, Clap their glad Wings around their Guardian's Head, Religion o'er the reft her ftarry Pinions fpread. Religion guards him ; round th' imperial Queen Place waiting Virtues, each of heav'nly Mein; Learn their bright Air, and paint it from his Eyes; The Juft, the Bold, the Temperate, and the Wife Dwell in his Looks; majeftic, but ferene; Sweet, with no Fondnefs; cheerful, but not vain : Bright, without Terror; great, without Difdain. His Soul infpires us what his Lips command, And fpreads his brave Example thro' the Land:

Not fo the former Reigns; Bend down his Ear to each aflicted Cry, Let Beams of Grace dart gently from his Eye ; But the bright Treafures of his facred Breait Are too divine, too vaft to be expreft:
Colours muft fail where Words and Numbers faint, And leave the Hero's Heart for Thought alone to paint.

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$$
P A R \quad \tau \quad I .
$$

N O W, Mufe, purfue the Satirift again, Wipe off the Blots of his invenom'd Pen;
Hark, how he bids the fervile Painter draw, In monftrous Shapes the Patrons of our Law; At one flight Dafh he cancels every Name From the white Rolls of Honefty and Fame: This fcribling Wretch marks all he meets for Knave, Shoots fudden Bolts promifcuous at the Bafe and Brave, And with unpardonable Malice fheds Poifon and Spite on undiftinguilh'd Heads. Painter, forbear ; or if thy bolder Hand Dares to attempt the Villains of the Land, Draw firft this Poet, like fome baleful Star, With filent Influence fhedding Civil War; Or factious Trumpeter, whofe magic Soind Calls off the Subjects to the hoftile Ground, And fcatters hellih Feuds the Nation round. Thefe are the Imps of Hell, that curfed Tribe That firt create the Plague, and then the Pain defcribe.

Draw next above the great Ones of our Ine, Still from the Good diftinguifhing the Vile; Seat 'em in Pomp, in Grandeur, and Command, Peeling the Subjects with a greedy Hand:
Paint forth the Knaves that have the Nation fold,
And tinge their greedy Looks with fordid Gold.
Mark what a fulfin Faction undermines
The pious Monarch's generous Defigns, Spoil their own native Land as Vipers do, Vipers that tear their Mother's Bowels through. Let great Naffau, beneath a careful Crown, Mournful in Majefly, look gently down, Mingling foft Pity with an awful Frown : He grieve9 to fee how long in vain he frove To make us bleft, how vain his Labours prove To fave the ftubborn Land he condefcends to love.


To the Difconlented and Unquiet.
Imitated partly from Cafimire, B.IV. OJ. is:
ARIA, there's nothing here that's free
From wearifome Anxiety:
And the whole Round of mortal Joys,
With fhort Poffeffion tires and cloys:
' $T$ is a dull Circle that we tread, Juft from the Window to the Bed,

We rife to fee and to be feen,
Gaze on the World a-while, and then We yawn, and ftretch to fleep again.
But $\mathrm{FANCy}_{\mathrm{A}}$, that uneafy Gueft, Still holds a Lodging in our Breaft;
She finds or frames Vexations fill,
Herfelf the greateft Plague we feel. We take ftrange Pleafure in our Pain, And make a Mountain of a Grain, Affume the Load, and pant and fweat Beneath th' imaginary Weight.
With our dear Selves we live at Strife,
While the moft conftant Scenes of Life
From peevih Humours are not free,
Still we affect Variety:
Rather than pafs an eafy Day,
We fret and chide the Hours away,
Grow weary of this circling Sun,
And vex that he fhould ever run
The fame old Track; and fill, and ftill
Rife red behind yon Eaftern Hill,
And chides the Moon that darts her Light
Thro' the fame Cafement every Night.
We fhift our Chambers and our Homes,
To dwell where Trouble never comes:
Sylvia has left the City Croud,
Againft the Court exclaims aloud, Flies to the Woods; a Hermit Saint! She loaths her Patches, Pins, and Paint, Dear Diamonds from her Neck are torn : But Humour, that eternal Thorn,

Sticks in her Heart: She's hurry'd ftill, 'Twixt her wild Paffions and her Will: Haunted and hagg'd where'er fhe roves, By purling Streams, and filent Groves,
Or with her Furies, or her Loves.
Then our own native Land we hate,
Too cold, too windy, or too wet;
Change the thick Climate, and repair
To France or Italy for Air ;
In vain we change, in vain we fly;
Go, Sylvia, mount the whirling Sky,
Or ride upon the feather'd Wind
In vain; if this difeafed Mind
Clings faft, and ftill fits clofe behind.
Faithful Difeafe, that never fails
Attendance at her Lady's Side,
Over the Defart or the Tide,
On rolling Wheels, or flying Sails.
Happy the Soul that Virtue fhows
To fix the Place of Her Repofe,
Needlefs to move; for fhe can dwell
In her old Grandfire's Hall as well.
Virtue that never loves to roam,
But fweetly hides herfelf at home ;
And eafy on a native Throne
Of humble Turf fits gently down.
Yet fhould tumultuous Storms arife, And mingle Earth, and Seas, and Skies, Should the Waves fiwell, and make her roll Acrofs the Line, or near the Pole,
Sacred to Virtue, \&c.

Still fhe's at Peace; for well the knows
To launch the Stream that Duty fhows,
And makes her Home where'er fhe goes.
Bear her, ye Seas, upon your Breaft,
Or waft her, Winds, from Eaft to Weft
On the foft Air: She cannot find
A Couch fo eafy as her Mind,
Nor breathe a Climate half fo kind.


T 0

## $\mathcal{J} H N H A R T O P P, E f ;$

No w
Sir $f O H N H A R T O P P$, Bart. Cafimire, Book I. Od. 4. imitated. Vive jucundre metuens juventa, \&c.
I.

LIVE, my dear HARTOPP, live To-Day, Nor let the Sun look down and fay,
" Inglorious here he lies:"
Shake off your Eafe, and fend your Name
To Immortality and Fame,
By ev'ry Hour that flies.

## II.

Youth's a foft Scene, but truit her not: Her airy Minutes fiwift as Thought,

Slide off the flipp'ry Sphere ;

Moons with theír Months make hafly Rounds,
The Sun has pafs'd his vernal Bounds, And whirls about the Year.

## III.

Let Folly drefs in green and red,
And gird her Wafte with flowing Gold;
Knit bluhing Rofes round her Head,
Alas! the gaudy Colours fade,
The Garment waxes old.
HARTOPP, mark the withering Rofe, And the pale Gold how dim it fhows!

## IV.

Bright and lafting Blifs below
Is all Romance and Dream;
Only the Joys celeftial flow
In an eternal Stream.
The Pleafures that the fmiling Day,
With large right Hand beftows,
Fally her left conveys away,
And fhuffles in our Woes.
So have I feen a Mother play,
And cheat her filly Child,
She gave and took a Toy away,
The Infant cry'd and fmil'd,

## V.

Airy Chance, and Iron Fate, Hurry and vex our mortal State,
And all the Race of Ills create;
Now fiery Joy, now fullen Grief,
Commands the Reins of human Life,
The Wheels impesuous roll ;

The harnefs'd Hours and Minutes ftrive, And Days with ftretching Pinions drive-

- down fiercely on the Goal.
VI.

Not half fo faft the Galley flies
O'er the Venetian Sea,
When Sails, and Oars, and lab'ring Skies
Contend to make her Way.
Swift Wings for all the fying Hours
The God of Time prepares,
The reft lie ftill yet in their Neft
And grow for future Years.



## T 0 <br> THOMASGUNSTON, Efq;

Happy Solitude.
Cafimire, Book IV. Ode 12. imitated. Quid me latentem, \&ic.

1700,
J.

THE noify World complains of me
That I fhould fhun their Sight, and flee Vifits, and Crouds, and Company. GUNST O N, the Lark dwells in her Neft 'Till fhe afcend the Skies: And in my Clofet I could reft
'Till to the Heavens I rife.

## 226 LTRIG POEMS, BookII.

## II.

Yet they will urge, "This private Life
" Can never make you bleft,
" And twenty Doors are fill at flrife " 'T' engage you for a Gueft."'
Friend, mould the Towers of Windjor or Whiteball
Spread open their inviting Gates.
To make iny Entertainment gay;
I would obey the royal Call,
But thort fhould be my Stay,
Since a diviner Service waits
I' employ my Hours at home, and better fill the Day.

## III.

When I within my felf retreat, I hut my Doors againft the Great;
My bufy Eye balls inward roil,
And there with large Survey I fee All the wide Theatre of Me ,
And view the various Scenes of my retiring Soul; is
There I walk o'er the Mazes I have trod,
While Hope and Fear are in a doubtful Strife,
Whether this Opera of Life
Be ared well to gain the Plaudit of my God.

$$
1 \mathrm{~V} .
$$

There's a Day haft'ning, ('tis an awful Day!)
When the Great Sovereign fall at large review
All that we fpeak, and all we do,
The feveral Parts we act on this wide Stage of Clay:
Thefe he approves, and thofe he blames, is
And crowns perhaps a Porter, and a Prince he damns.
0 if the Judge from his tremendous Seat.
Shall not condemn what I have done,

I fhall be happy tho' unknown,
Nor need the gazing Rabble, nor the fhouting Street.
V.

I hate the Glory, Friend, that fprings
From vulgar Breath and empty Sound ;
Fame mounts her upward with a flatt'ring Gale
Upon her airy Wings,
'Till Envy fhoots, and Fame receives the Wound;
Then her flagging Pinions fail,
Down Glory falls and frikes the Ground,
And breaks her batter'd Limbs.
Rather let me be quite conceal'd from Fame s
How happy I fhould lie
In fweet Obfcurity,
Nor the loud World pronounce my little Name !
Here I could liv. and die alone;
Or if Society be due
To keep our Tafte of Pleafure new,
GUNSTO N, I'd live and die with you,
For both our Souls are one.
VI.

Here we could fit and pafs the pleafing Hour,
And pity Kingdoms and their Kings,
And fimile at all their fhining Things,
Their Toys of State, and Images of Power ;
Virtue fhould dwell within our Seat,
Virtue alone could make it fiweet,
Nor is herfelf fecure, but in a clofe Retreat.
While fhe withdravs from public Praife
Envy perhaps would ceafe to rail,
Esvy itfelf may innocently gaze
At Beauty in a Vail :

But if fhe once advance to Light, Her Charms are loft in Envy's Sight, And Virtue fands the Mark of univerfal Spight. 1791


T 0

## Э०HN HAR $O P P$, Efq; <br> N O w

Sir $\mathcal{I O H N H A R T O P P , ~ B a r t . ~}$ The Difdain.
1704.
I.

FI.ARTOPP, I love the Soul that dares Tread the Temptations of his $Y$ ears
Beneath his youthful Feet:
ELEETWOOD and all thy heavenly Liae
Look thro' the Stars, and fmile divine
Upon an Heir fo great.
Young HARTOP $P$ knows this noble 'Theme,
'That the wild Scenes of bufy Life,
The Noife, th' Amufements, and the Strife
Are but the Vifions of the Night, Gay Phantoms of delufive Light,

Or a vexatious Dream.
II.

Flef is the vileft and the leaft
Ingredient of our Frame :
We're born to live above the Beaft,
Or quit the manly Name.

Pleafures of Senfe we leave for Boys;
Be fhining Duft the Mifer's Food;
Let Fancy feed on Fame and Noife,
Souls muft purfue diviner Joys,
And feize th' immortal Good.



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\mathbf{T}
$$

MITIO, My FRIEND.

An EPISTLE.

FORGIVE me, MIT IO, that there fhould be any mortifying Lines in the following Poems infcribed to you, fo foon after your Entrance into that State which was defigned for the compleateft Happinefs on Earth: But you will quickly difcover, that the Mufe in the firf Poem only reprefents the Shades and dark Colours that Melancholy throws upon Love, and the focial Life. In the fecond, perhaps fhe indulges her own bright Ideas a little. Yet if the Accounts are but well balanced at laft, and Things fet in a due Light, I hope there is no Ground for Cenfure. Here you will find an Attempt made to talk of one of the moft important Concerns of human Nature in Verfe, and that with a Solemnity becoming the Argument. I have banifhed Grimace and Ridicule, that Perfons of the moft ferious Character may read without Offence. What was written feveral Years ago to yourfelf is now permitted to entertain the World; but you may affume it to yourfelf as a private Entertainment ftill, while you lie concealed behind a feigned Name.


The Mourning Piece.

LIFE's a long Tragedy: This Globe the Stage Well fix'd and well adorn'd with Atrong Machines, Gay Fields, and Skies, and Seas: The Actors many : The Plot immenfe: A Flight of Dæmons fit.
On every failing Cloud with fatal Purpofe;
And fhoot acrofs the Scenes ten thoufand Arrows
Perpetual and unfeen, headed with Pain, With Sorrow, Infamy, Difeafe and Death.
The pointed Plagues fly filent thro' the Air
Nor twangs the Bow, yet fure and deep the Wound.
Diant be acts her little Part alone, Nor wifhes an Affociate, Lo the glides 'Single thro' all the Storm, and more fecure; Lefs are her Dangers, and her Breaft receives The feweft Darts. "A But, O my lov'd Marilla, "My Sifter, once my Friend, (Dianthe cries)
"How much art thou expos'd $!$ Thy growing Soul
"Doubled in Wedlock, multiply'd in Children,
"Stands but the broader Mark for all the Mifchiefs
"That rove promifcuous o'er the mortal Stage:
"Children, thofe dear young Limbs, thofe tendereft Pieces
"Of your own Flefh, thofe little other Selves,
"How they dilate the Heart to wide Dimenfions,
"And foften every Fibre to improve
"The Mother's fad Capacity of Pain!
"I mourn Fidelio too; tho' Heaven has chofe
"A Favourite Mate for him, of all her Sex
" The Pride and Flower : How bleft the lovely Pair
" Beyond Expreffion, if well mingled Loves
" And Woes well mingled could improve our Blifs !
" Amidtt the rugged Cares of Life behold
" The Father and the Hufband ; flattering Names ${ }_{17 \mathrm{CHf}}$
" That fpread his Title, and enlarge his Share,
"Of common Wretchednefs. He fondly hopes
"To multiply his Joys, but every Hour
" Renews the Difappointment and the Smart.
"There's not a Wound afflicts the meaneft Joint ovio
"Of his fair Partner, or her Infant-Train,
" (Sweet Babes!) but pierces to his inmoft Soul.
"Strange is thy Power, O Love! what numerous Veins,
"And Arteries, and Arms, and Hands, and Eyes,
" Are link'd and faften'd to a Lover's Heart,
"By ftrong but fecret Strings! With vain Attempt
"We put the Stoic on, in vain we try
"To break the Ties of Nature and of Blood;
" Thofe hidden Threads maintain the dear Communion
6t Inviolably firm : their thrilling Motions
" Reciprocal give endlefs Sympathy
"In all the Bitters and the Sweets of Life.
"Thrice happy Man, if Pleafure only knew.
"Thefe Avenues of Love to reach our Souls,
"And Pain had never found 'em!"

Thus fang the tuneful Maid, fearful to try
The bold Experiment. Oft Dapbnis came,
And oft Narcijus, Rivals of her Heart,

Luring her Eyes with Trifles dipt in Gold, And the gay filken Bondage. Firm fhe food
And bold repuls'd the bright Temptation fill,
Nor put the Chains on; dangerous to try,
And hard to be diffolv'd. Yet rifing Tears
Sate on her Eye-lids, while her Numbers flow'd
Harmonious Sorrow ; and the pitying Drops
Stole down her Cheeks, to mourn the haplefs State
Of mortal Love. Love, thou beft Bleffing fent
To foften Life, and make our Iron Cares
Eafy: But thy own Cares of fofter Kind
Give fharper Wounds: They lodge too near the Heart,
Beat, like the Pulfe, perpetual, and create
A frange uneafy Senfe, a tempting Pain.
Say, my Companion M1T IO, fpeak fincere, (For thou art learned now) what anxious Thoughts,
What kind Perplexities tumultuous rife, If but the Abfence of a Day divide Thee from thy fair beloved! Vainly fmiles
The cheerful Sun, and Night with radiant Eyes
Twinkles in vain: The Region of thy Soul
Is Darknefs, 'till thy better Star appear.
Tell me, what Toil, what Torment to fuftain The rolling Burden of the tedious Hours? The tedious Hours are Ages. Fancy roves Reflefs in fond Enquiry, nor believes Cbarifa fafe: Charifa, in whofe Life Thy Life confitts, and in her Comfort thine.
Fear and Sarmife put on a thoufand Forms
Of dear Difquietude, and round thine Ears

Whifper ten thoufand Dangers, endlefs Woes, 'Till thy Frame fhudders at her fancy'd Death;
Then dies my MITIO, and his Blood creeps cold
Thro' every Vein. Speak, does the Stranger Mufe
Caft happy Gueffes at the unknown Paffion, Or has fhe fabled all ? Inform me, Friend, Are half thy Joys fincere? Thy Hopes fulfill'd,
Or fruftrate? Here commit thy fecret Griefs To faithful Ears, and be they bury'd here In Friendfhip and Oblivion ; left they fpoil Thy new-born Pleafures with diftafteful Gall. Nor let thine Eyes too greedily drink in The frightful Profpect, when untimely Death Shall make wild Inroads on a Parent's Heart, And his dear Offspring to the cruel Grave Are dragg'd in fad Succeffion, while his Soul Is torn away Piece-Meal : Thus dies the Wretch A various Death, and frequent, e'er he quit. The Theatre, and make his Exit final.

But if his deareft Half, his faithful Mate Survive, and in the fweetef faddeft Airs Of Love and Grief, approach with trembling Hand To clofe his fwimming Eyes, what double Pangs, What Racks, what Twinges rend his Heart-Strings off From the fair Bofom of that Fellow-Dove He leaves behind to mourn? What jealous Cares Hang on his parting Soul, to think his Love Expos'd to wild Oppreffion, and the Herd Of favage Men? So parts the dying Turtle With fobbing Accents, with fuch fad Regret
${ }^{2} 34$ LYRIC POEMS, BookII.
Leaves his kind feather'd Mate ? The Widotr-Bird Wanders in lonefome Shades, forgets her Food;
Forgets her Life; or falls a fpeedier Prey
To talon'd Faulcons, and the crooked Beak
Of Hawks athirft for Blood.


The Second PART: or, The brigbt Vijion.

THUS far the Mufe, in unaccuftom' $\phi$ Mood And Strains unpleafing to a Lover's Ear, Indulg'd a Glgom of Thought ; and thus fhe fang Partial ; for Melancholy's hatefal Form
Stood by in fable Robe: The penfive Mufe
Survey'd the darkfome Scenes of Life, and fought
Some bright relieving Glimpfe, fome cordial Ray
In the fair World of Love : But while fhe gaz'd
Delightful on the State of twin-born Souls
United, blefs'd, the cruel Shade apply'd:
A dark long Tube, and a falfe tinctur'd Glafs
Deceitful; blending Love and Life at once
In Darknefs, Chasos, and the common Mafs
Of Mifery: Now Urania feels the Cheat
And breaks the hated Optic in difdain. Swift vaniftes the fullen Form, and lo The Scenes thine bright with Blifs: Behold the Plaee Where Mifchiefs never fly, Cares never come With wrinkled Brow, nor Anguifh, nor Difeafe,

Nor Malice forky tongu'd. On this dear Spot MIT IO, my Love would fix and plant thy Station To act thy Part of Life, ferene and bleft With the fair Confort fitted to thy Heart.

Sure 'tis a Vifion of that happy Grove Where the firt Authors of our mournful Race Liv'd in fweet Partnerhip! one Hour they liv'd, But chang'd the tafted Blifs (imprudent Pair!) For Sin and Shame, and this vaft Wildernefs Of Briars, and nine hundred Years of Pain. The wifhing Mufe new-dreffes the fair Garden Amid this Defart-World, with budding Blifs, And Ever-Greens, and Balms, and flow'ry Beauties Without one dangerous Tree: There heavenly Dews Nightly defcending fhall impearl the Grafs And verdant Herbage ; Drops of Fragrancy
Sit trembling on the Spires: The fpicy Vapours
Rife with the Dawn, and thro' the Air diffus'd
Salute your waking Senfes with Perfume :
While vital Fruits with their ambrofial Juice
Renew Life's purple Flood and Fountain, pure
From vicious Taint; and with your Innocence
Immortalize the Structure of your Clay.
On this new Paradife the cloudlefs Skies
Shall fmile perpetual, while the Lamp of Day
With Flames unfully'd (as the fabled Torch
Of Hymen) meafures out your golden Hours Along his azure Road. The nuptial Moon
In milder Rays ferene, fhould nightly rife
Full orb'd (if Heaven and Nature will indulge

So fair an Emblem) big with filver Joys
And ftill forget her Wane. The feather'd Choir
Warbling their Maker's Praife on early Wing,
Or perch'd on Evening Bough, fhall join your Worhip, Join your fweet Vefpers, and the Morning Song.

O facred Symphony! Hark, thro the Grove
I hear the Sound Divine! I'm all Attention, All Ear, all Extafy ; unknown Delight!
And the fair Mufe proclaims the Heav'n below.
Not the feraphic Minds of high Degree
Difdain Converfe with Men: Again returning
I fee th' ethereal Hoft on downward Wing.
Lo, at the Eaftern Gate young Cherubs ftand
Guardians, commiffion'd to convey their Joys:
To earthly Lovers. Go, ye happy Pair,
Go tafte their Banquet, learn their nobler Pleafures Supernal, and from brutal Dregs refin'd.
Raphael fhall teach thee, Friend, exalted Thoughts
And intellectual Blifs. 'Twas Raphael taught
The Patriarch of our Progeny th' Affairs
Of Heaven: (So Milton fings, enlighten'd Bard !
Nor mifs'd his Eyes, when in fublimeft Strain
The Angel's great Narration he repeats
To Albion's Sons high favour'd) Thou fhalt learn
Celeftial Leffons from his awful Tongue;
And with foft Grace and interwoven Loves
(Grateful Digreffion) all his Words rehearfe
To thy Cbarifa's Ear, and charm her Soul.
Thus with divine Difcourfe, in fhady Bowers

Of Eden, our firt Father entertain'd Eve his fole Auditrefs; and deep Difpute With conjugal Careffes on her Lip
Solv'd eafy, and abftrufeft Thoughts reveal'd.
Now the Day wears apace, now MITIO comes From his bright Tutor, and finds out his Mate. Behold the dear Affociates feated low On humble Turf, with Rofe and Myrtle ftrow'd;
But high their Conference! how felf-fuffic'd
Lives their eternal Maker, girt around
With Glories; arm'd with Thunders; and his Throne
Mortal Accefs forbids, projecting far
Splendors unfufferable and radiant Death.
With Reverence and Abafement deep they fall
Before his fovereign Majefty, to pay
Due Worfhip: 'Then his Mercy on their Souls
Smiles with a gentler Ray, but fovereign Alll;
And leads their Meditation and Difcourfe
Long Ages backward, and acrofs the Seas
Te Betblebicon of Yudab: There the Son,
The filial Godhead, Character exprefs
Of Brightnefs inexpreffible, laid by
His beamy Robes, and made Defcent to Earth,
Sprung from the Sons of Adam he became
A fecond Father, ftudious to regain
Loft Paradife for Men, and purchafe Heav'n.
The Lovers with Endearment mutual thus Promifcuous talk'd, and Queftions intricate His manly Judgment ftill refolv'd, and ftill

Held her Attention fix'd: She mufing fat
On the fiweet mention of incarnate Love,
'Till Rapture wak'd her Voice to fofteft Strains.
" She fang the infant God; (myfterious Theme!)
"How vile his Birth-place, and his Cradle vile!
"The Ox and Afs his mean Companions; there
" In Habit vile the Shepherds flock around,
"Saluting the great Mother, and adore
"Ifrael's anointed King, the appointed Heir
"Of the Creation. How debas'd he lies
"Beneath his regal State; for thee, my MITIO,
"Debas'd in fervile Form ; but Angels ftood
" Miniftring round their Charge with folded Wings
" Obfequious, tho' unfeen; while lightfome Hours
"Fulfill'd the Day, and the grey Evening rofe.
"Then the fair Guardians hov'ring o'er his Head
"Wakeful all Night, drive the foul Spirits far,
" And with their fanning Pinions purge the Air
" From bufy Phantoms, from infectious Damps,
"And impure Taint; while their ambrofial Plumes
"A dewy Slumber on his Senfes fhed.
" Alternate Hymns the heavenly Watchers fung
" Melodious, foothing the furrounding Shades,
"And kept the Darknefs chafte and holy. Then
": Midnight was charm'd, and all her gazing Eyes
"Wonder'd to fee their mighty Maker fleep.
"Behold the Glooms difperfe, the rofy Morn
" Smiles in the Eaft with Eye-lids opening fair,
" But not fo fair as Thine; O I could fold Thee
" My young Almighty, my Creator-Babe,
"For ever in thefe Arms! for ever dwell
" Upon thy lovely Form with gazing Joy,
" And every Pulfe frould beat feraphic Love!
"Around my Seat fhall crouding Cherubs come
"With fwift Ambition, zealous to attend

- Their Prince, and form a Heay'n below the Sky.
"Forbear, Cbarifa, O forbear the Thought " Of female Fondnefs, and forgive the Man
". That interrupts fuch melting Harmony!"
Thus MITIO; and awakes her nobler Powers
To pay juft Worflip to the facred King,
fESUS, the God ; nor with Devotion pure Mix the Careffes of her fofter Sex;
(Vain Blandifhment!) "Come, turn thine Eyes afide
* From Betble'em, and climb up the doleful Steep
"Of bloody Calwary, where naked Scullis
" Pave the fad Road, and fright the Traveller.
" Can my Beloved bear to trace the Feet
" Of her Redeemer panting up the Hill
"Hard burden'd? Can thy Heart attend his Croif?"
"Nail'd to the cruel Wood he groans, he dies,"
"For thee he dies. Beneath thy Sins and mine
" (Horrible Load!) the finlefs Saviour groans,
: And in fierce Anguifh of his Soul expires.
"Adoring Angels pry with bending Head
" Searching the deep Contrivance, and admire
"This infinite Defign, Here Peace is made
": 'Twixt God the Sovereign, and the Rebel Man:
" Here Satan overthrown with all his Hofts
"In fecond Ruin rages 'and defpairs;
" Malice itfelf defpairs. 'The captive Prey

240 LYRIC POEMS, Book Il.
"Long held in Slavery hopes a fweet Releafe,
"And Adam's, ruin'd Offspring fhall revive
"Thus ranfom'd from the greedy Jaws of Death."

## The fair Difciple heard; her Paffions move

Harmonious to the great Difcourfe, and breathe
Refin'd Devotion; while new Smiles of Love
Repay her Teacher. Both with bended Knees
Read o'er the Covenant of eternal Life
Brought down to Men ; feal'd by the facred Three
In Heav'n; and feal'd on Earth with God's own Blood.
Here they unite their Names again, and fign
Thofe peaceful Articles. (Hail, bleft Co-heirs
Celeftial! Ye fhall grow to manly Age,
And Spite of Earth and Hell, in Seafon due
Poffefs the fair Inheritance above.)
With joyous Admiration they furvey
The Gofpel Treafures infinite, unfeen
By mortal Eye, by mortal Ear unheard,
And unconceiv'd by Thought: Riches divine
And Honours which the Almighty Father-God
Pour'd with immenfe Profufion on his Son, High-Treafurer of Heaven. The Son beftows The Life, the Love, the Bleffing, and the Joy
On Bankrupt Mortals who believe and love
His Name. "Then, my Charifa, all is thine,
" And thine, my M1T1O, the fair Saint replies.
" Life, Death, the World below, and Worlds on high,
" And Place, and Time, are ours; and Things to come,
"And paft, and prefent, for our Intereft ftands
"Firm in our myftic Head, the Title fure.
" 'Tis for our Health and fweet Refrefhment, (while
"We fojourn Strangers here) the fruitful Earth "Bears plenteous; and revolving Seafons fill "Drefs her vaft Globe in various Ornament. " For us this cheerful Sun and cheerful Light " Diurnal fhine. 'This blue Expanfe of Sky " Hangs, a rich Canopy above our Heads " Covering our Slumbers, all with ftarry Gold " Inwrought, when Night alternates her Return. " For us Time wears his Wings out: Nature keeps
" Her Wheels in Motion: And her Fabrick ftands.
" Glories beyond our Ken of mortal Sight
" Are now preparing, and a Manfion fair
" Awaits us, where the Saints unbody'd live.
" Spirits releas'd ftom Clay, and purg'd from Sin :
" Thither our Hearts with moft inceffant Wifh
" Panting afpire ; when fhall that deareft Hour
"Shine and releafe us hence, and bear us high,
" Bear us at once unfever'd to our better Home?"
O bleft connubial State! O happy Pair!
Envy'd by yet unfociated Souls
Who feek their faithful Twins! Your Pleafures rife Siweet as the Morn, advancing as the Day, Fervent as glorious Noon, ferenely calm As Summer-Evenings. The vile Sons of Earth
Groveling in Duft with all their noily Jars Reflefs, fhall interrupt your Joys no more Than barking Animals affright the Morn Sublime, and riding in her midnight Way, Friendihip and Love fhall undilinguifh'd reign
O'er all your Paffions with unrivaild Sway

Mutual and everlafting : Friend hip knows
No Property in Good, but all Things common
That each poffefles, as the Light or Air
In which we breathe and live: There's not one Thought
Can lurk in clofe referve, no Barriers fix'd,
But every Paffage open as the Day
To one another's Breaft, and inmoft Mind.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Thus by Communion your Delight fhall grow, } \\ \text { Thus Streams of mingl'd Blifs fivell higher as they flow, }\end{array}\right\}$
Thus Angels mix their Flames, and more divinely grow.


## The Third PAR T: or,

## T'be Account balanced.

## I.

SHOULD fovereign Love before me ftand, With all his Train of Pomp and State,
And bid the daring Mufe relate
His Comforts and his Cares;
MIT 1O, I would not afk the Sand
For Metaphors to exprefs their Weight,
Nor borrow Numbers from the Stars.
Thy Cares and Comforts, fovereign Leve,
Vaftly outweigh the Sand below,
And to a larger Audit grow
Than all the Stars above.
Thy mighty Loffes and thy Gains
Are their own mutual Meafures;

Only the Man that knows thy Pains
Can reckon up thy Pleafures.

## II.

Say, Damon, fay, how bright the Scene,
Damon is half-divinely bleft, Leaning his Head on his Florella's Breaft Without a jealous Thought, or bufy Care between:

Then the fiweet Paffions mix and fhare ;
Florella tells thee all her Heart,
Nor can thy Soul's remoteft Part
Conceal a Thought or Wifh from the beloved Fair.
Say, what a Pitch thy Pleafures fly,
When Friendihip all fincere grows up to Ectacy Nor Self contracts the Blifs, nor Vice pollutes the Joy.

While thy dear Offspring round thee fit,
Or fporting innocently at thy Feet
Thy kindeft Thoughts engage:
Thofe little Images of Thee,
What pretty Toys of Youth they be,
And growing Props of Age!

## III.

But hort is earthly Blifs! The changing Wind
Blows from the fickly South, and brings
Malignant Fevers on its fultry Wings,
Relentlefs Death fits cclofe behind:
Now gafping Infants, and a Wife in Tears,
With piercing Groans falutes his Ears,
Thro' every Vein the thrilling Torments roll;
While Sweet and Bitter are at Strife
In thofe dear Miferies of Life,
Thofe tendereft Pieces of his bleiding Soul,
${ }^{2} 44$ LYRIC POEMS, Bcok II.
The pleafing Senfe of Love awhile
Mixt with the Heart-ake may the Pain beguile, And make a feeble Fight:
'Till Sorrows like a gloomy Deluge rife,
Then every fmiling Paffion dies,
And Hope alone with wakeful Eyes,
Darkling and folitary waits the flow returning Light.
IV.

Here then let my Ambition reft, May I be moderately bleft
When I the Laws of Love obey :
Let but my Pleafure and my Pain
In equal Balance ever reign,
a Or mount by Turns and fink again,
And fhare juft Meafures of alternate Sway.
So Damon lives, and ne'er complains;
Scarce can we hope diviner Scenes On this dull Stage of Clay:
The Tribes beneath the Northern Bear Submit to Darknefs half the Year,

Since half the Year is. Day.

On the Death of the Duke of Gloucefter, juft after Mr Dryden. 1700.
An EPIGRAM.

DR $r D E N$ is dead, $D R Y D E N$ alone could fing The full-grown Glories of a future King, Now GLOSTER dies: Thus leffer Heroes live Ey that immornal Breath that Poets give ;

And fcarce furvive the Mufe: But WILLIAM ftands, Nor alks his Honours from the Poet's Hands.
WILLIAM fhall thine without a $D R Y D E N$ 's Praife, His Laurels are not grafted on the Bays.

## 

## An Epigram of Martial to Cirinus.

Sic Tua, Cirini, promas Epigrammaia vulgo Ut mecum pofis, \&ic.

Infcribed to Mr $\mathcal{H} O S$ SH HORT. IG94. Now Lor. 1 Bihop of Kilmore in Ireland.

CO fmooth your Numbers, Friend, your Verfe fo fiweet, So fharp the Jeft, and yet the Turn fo neat, That with her Martial Rome would place Cirine, Rome would prefer your Sinfe and Thiought to mine. Yet modeft you deciine the public Stage, To fix your Friend alone amidft th' applauding Age :
So Maro did ; the mighty Maro fings In vaft heroic Notes of vaft heroic Things, And leaves the Ode to dance upon his Flaccus Strings. He fcorn'd to daunt the dear Horatian Lyre, Tho' his brave Genius ffafh'd Pindaric Fire, And at his Will could filence all the Lyric Quire. So to his Varius he refign'd the Praife Of the proud Bufkin and the tragic Bays, When he could thunder with a loftier Vein, And fing of Gods and Heroes in a bolder Strain,

A handfome Treat, a Piece of Gold, or fo, And Compliments will every Friend befow ;

### 24.6 LYRIC POEMS, BookII.

Rarely a Virgil, a Cirine we meet, Who lays his Laurels at inferior Feet, And yields the tendereft Point of Honour, Wir.

## ช

## E PISTOLA.

Fratri fuo dilecto R.W. F.W. S.P.D.

RUR S U M tuas, amande Frater, accepi Literas, codem fortafsè momento, quo mex ad te pervenerunt; idemque qui te feribentem vidit Dies, meum ad Epiftolare munus excitavit Calamum ; non Inane eft inter nos Fraternum Nomen, unicus enim Spiritus nos intùs animat, agitque, \& Concordes in ambobus efficit motus: O utinam crefcat indiès, \& vigefcat mutua Charitas; faxit Deus, ut Amor fui noftra incendat \& defercet pectora, tunc ctenim \& alternis puræ Amicitiæ flammis erga nos invicem Divinum in modum ardebimus; Contemplemur jesum noftrum, Coelefle illud \& adorandum Exemplar Charitatis. Ille eft

Q U I quondam æterno delapfus ab 厄there Vultus Induit Humanos, ut poffet Corpore noftras. (Heu miferas) fufferre vices; fponforis obivit Munia, \& in fefe Tabulce maledicta Minacis Trantulit, \& fceleris pœnas hominifque reatum.

Ecce jacet defertus humi, diffufus in herbam Integer, innocuas verfus fua fidera Palmas. Et placidum attolens vultum, nec ad ofcula Patris Amplexus folitofve ; Artus nudatus amictu Sidereos, \& fponte finum patefactus ad Iras

Numinis armati．Pater，hic infige ＊fagittas， ＂Hæc，ait，iratum forbebunt Pectora ferrum， ＂Abluat 不thereus mortalia Crimina Sanguis．＂

Dixit，\＆horrendùm fremuêre tonitrua Cali
Infenfufque Deus；（quem jam pofuiffe paternum Mufa queri vellet nomen，fed \＆ipfa fragores Ad tantos pavefacta filet，）Jam diffilit 厄ther， Pandunturque fores，ubi duro Carcere regnat， $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{RA}}$ ，\＆Pœnarum Thefauros mille coercet， Inde ruunt gravidi vefano Sulphure Nimbi， Centuplicifque volant contorta volumina Flammæ In Caput immeritum ；diro hic fub Pondere prefius． Reftat，compreflos dumque ardens explicat artus $\dagger$ Purpureo velles tinctæ fudore madefcunt． Nec tamen infando Vindex Regina labori Segniùs incumbit，fed laffos increpat Ignes Acritèr，\＆fomno languentem fufcitat § Enfem． ＂Surge，age，Divinum pete Pectus，\＆imbue facro ＂Flumine mucronem；Vos hinc，mea 位icula，latè ＂Ferrea per totum difpergite tormina Christum， ＂Immenfum tolerare valet；ad pondera Pœnæ
＂Suftentanda hominem fuffulciet Incola Numen．
＂Et tu facra Decas Legum，Violata Tabella，
＂Ebibe vindictam ；vaftâ fatiabere cæde，
＂Mortalis Culpæ penfabit dedecus ingens
＂Permiftus Deitate Cruor．＂
Sic fata，immiti contorquet Vulnera dextrâ Dilaniatque finus ；fancti penetralia Cordis

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\text { N } 4
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＊Job iv．6．$\quad$ Luc．xxii．44．§ Zech，xiii，7．

Panduntur, favis avidus Dolor involat alis, Atque audax Mentem fcrutatur, \& Ilia mordet; Intereà Servator* ovat, Victorque Doloris Eminet, Illuftri $\dagger$ perfufus Membra Cruore, Exultatgue mifer feri; nam fortiùs illum Urget Patris Honos, \& non vincenda Voluptas
Servandi miferos Sontes; O nobilis Ardor Penaram! O quid non Mortalia Pectora cogis Durus Amor? Quid non Collettia?

At fubfidat Phantafia, vanefcant Imagines ; nefcio quo me proripuit amens Mufa: Volui quatuor lineas pedibus af. singere, se ecce! numeri crefcunt in immenfum ; dumque concitato Genio laxavi fræna, vereor ne juvenilis impetus Theologiam laferit, \& audax nimis Imaginatio. Heriallata eft ad me Epitola indicans Matrem meliufculè fe habere, licet ignis febrilis non prorfus deferuit martale cjas Domicilium. Plura volui, fed turgidi \& crefcentes verfus noluére plura, \& coarctârunt fcriptionis Limites. Vale amice, frater, \& in ftadio Pietatis \& Artis medice tirenuus decurre.

Datum à Mufreo meo Londini xvto Kalend. Febr
Anno Salutis ciorocxctit.

Fratris E. W. olim navigaturo.

IFELIX, pede profpero I Frater, Trabe pineâ
Sulces Æquora cærula
Pandas Carbafa flatibus.

* Cul. ii. 15 .
+ Luc, xxii. 44.

Qux tutò reditura fint.
Non te monftra Natantia
Ponti Carnivore Incolæ
Predentur Rate naufragâ.
Navis, Tu tibi creditum
Fratrem dimidum mei
Salvum per inhofpita
Ponti Regna, per avios
Traclus, \& liquidum Chaos.
Nec te forbeat horrida
Syrtis, nec Scopulus minax
Rumpat roboreum latus.
Captent mitia flamina
Antennæ ; \& Zephyri leves
Dent Portum placidum tibi.
Tu, qui flumina, qui vagos
Fluetus Oceani regis,
Et frevum Boream domas,
Da frati faciles vias,
Et fratem reducem fuis.


Ad Reverenduni Virum

## $D^{m}$ JOHANNEM PINHORNE,

Fidam Adolefon: mex Piæccptorem.
Pindarici Carminis Specinsen. $:$ ég.
I.

TT te, PINHORNI, Mufa Triantica Salutat, ardens difcipulam tuain

250 LYRIC POEMS, Book II.
Gratè fateri: nunc Athenas, Nunc Latias per amænitates
Tutò pererrans te recolit Ducem,
Te quondam teneros \& Ebraia per afpera greffus
Non durâ duxiffe manu.
Tuo patefcunt lumine Thefpii
Campi atque ad arcem Pieŕidẽn iter:
En altus affurgens Homerus Arma Deofque Virofque mifcens
Occupat Æthereum Parnaffi culmen : Homeri
Immenfos ftupeo manes
Te, Maro, dulcè canens fylvas, te bella fonantem Ardua, da veniam tenui venerare Camænâ:

Tuæque accipias, Thebane Vates, Debita Thura Lyræ.
Vobis, magna Trias! clariffima Nomina, femper Scrinia noftra patent, \& Pectora noftra patebunt, Quum mihi cunque levem concefferit otia \& horam

Divina Mofis pagina.

## II.

Flaccus ad hanc Triadem ponatur, at ipfa pudendas Deponat Veneres: venias, fed *purus ® injons $^{2}$
Ut te collaudem, dum fordes Eo mala luftra Ablutus, Venufine, canis ridefve. Recifæ Hâc lege accedant Satyræ Jovenalis, amari Terrores vitiorum. At longè cæcus abeffet Perfus, obfcurus Vates, nifi lumina circum-- fufa forent, Sphingifque ænigmata, Bonde fcidiffes.

* Heraf. L: b, I. Sat, 6.

Grande fonans Senecre fulmen, gradifque cothurni Pompa Sophoclei celfo ponantur eodem
Ordine, \& ambâbus fimul hos amplectar in ulnis.
Tutò, Poetæ, tutò habitabitis
Pictos abacos: improba Tinea
Obiit, nec audet fæva caftas
Attingere Blatta Camænas.
At tu renidens freda Epigrammatum
Farrago inertûm, ftercoris impii
Sentina fætens, Martialis,
In Barathrum relegandus imum
Aufuge, \& hinc tecum rapias Catullum
Infulfe mollem, naribus, auribus
Ingrata caftis carmina, \& improbi
Spurcos Najonis Amores.

## III.

Nobilis extremâ gradiens Caledonis ab orâ En Buchananus adeft. Divini Pfaltis Imago Fefrade falveto; potens feu Numinis lras Fulminibus mifcere, facro vel lumine Mentis

Fugare noctes, vel Cithare fono

## Sedare fluctus Pectoris

Tu mihi hærebis comes ambulanti,
Tu Domi aftabis focius Perennis,
Seu levi Menfæ fimul affidere
Dignabere, feu Leeticæ.
Mox recumbentis vigilans ad aurem
Aureos fuadebis inire fomnos
Sacra fopitis fuperinferens ob-
-livia curis,

Stet juxta * Cafinirus, huic nec parciùs Ignem
Natura indulfit nec Mufa armavit Alumnum

* Sarbivium rudiore Lyrâ.

Quanta Polonum levat aura Cygnum!
$\dagger$ Humana linquens (en fibi devii
Montes recedunt) luxuriantibus Spatiatur in aëre pennis.
Seu tu fortè virum tollis ad æthera,
Cognatofve Thronos \& patrium Polum
Vifurus confurgis ovans,
Vifum fatigas, aciemque fallis,
Dum tuum a longè fupeo volatum
O non imitabilis Ates.
IV.

Sarbivii ad nomen gelida incalet
Mufa, fimul totus fervefcere
Sentio, ftellatas levis induor
Alas \& tollor in altum.
Jam juga Zionis radens pede
Elato inter fidera vertice
Longè defpecto mortalia.
Quam juvat altifonis volitare per æthera pennis,
It ridere procul fallacia Gaudia sêcli
Terrelle Grandia inania,
Quæ mortale genus (heu male) deperit.
O curas hominum miferas! Cano,
Et miferas nugas Diademata!
Ventofx fortis Ludibrium.

* M. Cafimirus, Sarbierufi Poeta infignis Poionis.
+ Od. V. Lib. 2.

En mihi fubfidunt terrenæ a pectora Fæces, Geftit \& effrænis divinum effundere Carmen Mens afflata Deo

- at vos Heroes \& Arma

Et procul efte Dii, ludicra Numina. Quid mihi cum veftre pondere Lanceæ, Pallas! aut vefris, Diony/e, Thyrfis? Et Clava, \& Anguis, \& Leo, \& Hercules, Et brutum tonitru fictiii Patris,

Abitate a carmine nofiro.
V.

Te Deur Omnipotens! te noftra fonabit $\mathcal{Y}$ ESU Mufa, nec affueto cæleftes Barbiton ausûu Tentabit numeros. Vafti fine limite Numen \&t Immenfum fine lege $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{E} U \mathrm{M}}$ numeri fine lege fonabunt.

Sed Mufam magna pollicentem deffituit vigor ; Divino jubare perftringitur oculorum acies. En labafcit pennis, tremit artubus, ruit deorfum par imane Ætheris, jacet victa, obftupefcit, filet.

Ignofcas, Reverende Vir, vano conamini; fragmen hoc rude licet \&i impolitum requi boni confulas is gratitudinis jam diu debitæ in partem reponas.


Votum, Seu I'ita in torris beata.
Ad virum dignifimum
JOHANNEM HARTOPPIUM, Bart.
I.

1 ARTOPPI eximio ftemmate nobilis Venâque Ingenii divite, fi roges

Quem mea Mufa beat,
Ille mihi felix ter \& ampliùs,
Et fimiles fuperis annos agit
Qui fibi fufficiens lemper adeft fibi.
Hunc longè a curis mortalibus
Inter agros, fylvafque filentes
Se Mufifque fuis tranquillâ in pace fruentem Sol orens videt $\&$ recumbens.

## II

Non fuæ Vulgi favor infolentis (Plaufus infani tumidus popelli)
Mentis ad facram penetrabit arcem, Feriat licèt Æthera clamor. Nec Gaza flammans divitis Indire, Nec, Tage veftre fulgor Arenulæ Ducent ab obícurâ quiete Ad laquear radiantis Aulx.

## III.

O fi daretur ftamina proprii Tractare fufi pollice proprio, Atque meum mihi fingere fatum;
Candidus vitæ color innocentis
Fila nativo decoraret Albo
Non Tyriâ vitiata conchâ.
Non aurum, non gemma nitens, dec purpura tela
Intertexta forent invidiofa meæ.
Longè a Triumphis, \& fonitu Tubæ
Longè remotos tranfigerem dies:
Abftate fafces (fplendida Vanitas)
Et vos abflate, Coronæ.

Pro meo teço Cafa fit, falubres Captet Auroras, procul Urbis atro Diftet a fumo, fugiatque longè

Dura Pthifis mala, dura Tuffis.
Difplicet Byrfa \& fremitu molefto
Turba Mercantûm ; gratiùs alvear
Demulcet aures murmure, gratius
Fons falientis aquæ.
V.

Litigiofa fori me terrent jurgia, lenes Ad fylvas properans rixofas execror artes Eminus in tuto a Linguis --

Blandimenta artis fimul æquus odi, Valete, Cives, \& amæna fraudis

Verba; proh Mores! \& inane facri
Nomen Amici!

## VI.

'Tuque qua nofris inimica Mufis
Felle facratum vitias amorem, Abfis æternùm, Diva libidinis

Et Pharetrate Puer!
Hinc, hinc, Cupido, longius avola;
Nil mihi cum foedis, Puer, ignibus;
Æthereâ fervent face pectora,
Sacra mihi Venus eft Urania,
Et juvenis Feffeus Amor mihi.

## VII.

Coelefte carmen (nec taceat lyra
Teflea) lætis auribus infonet,
Nec Wat fianis è medullis,

Ulla dies rapiet vel hora.
Sacri Libelli delicix mex,
Et vos, Sodales, femper amabiles,
Nunc fimul adfitis, nunc vicifim,
Et fallite tædia vitæ.

$T 0$
Mrs $S I N G E R$, ( Now Mrs R O WE)

On the Sight of fome of ber divine Poems, never printed.
fulj 19, 1 гс6.

ON the fair Banks of gentle Thames
I tun'd my Harp; nor did celeftial Themes
Refufe to dance upon my Strings, There beneath the Evening Sky
I fung my Cares anteep, and rais'd my Winhes kigh To everlafting Things.
Sudden from Albion's Weftern Coaft
Harmonious Notes come gliding by,
The neighbouring Shepherds knew the filver Sound ;
"r 'Tis PHI LO ME L A's Voice," the neighb'ring Shepherds cry ;
At once my Strings all filent lie,
At once my fainting Mufe was lof,

In the fuperior Sweetness drown'd.
In vain I bid my tuneful Pow'rs unite;
My Soul retir'd, and left my Tongue,
I was all Ear, and PHILOMELA's Song
Was all divine Delight.

## II.

Now be my Harp for ever dumb,
My Mule attempt no more. 'Twas long ago
I bid adieu to mortal Things,
To Grecian Tales, and Wars of Rome,
'Twas long ago I broke all but th' immortal Strings :
Now thole immortal Strings have no Employ,
Since a fair Angel dyvells below,
To tune the Notes of Heaven, and propagate the Joy.
Let all my Powers with Awe profound
While PHILOMELA figs,
Attend the Rapture of the Sound,
And my Devotion rife on her Seraphic Wings.

The End of the Second Book.
$25^{8}$ LYRIC POEMS, BookIII.


## HOR 厌 Y R I C 産.



## B O O K III.

Sacred to the Memory of the Dead.


> An EPITAPH on

King $W I L L . I A M$ III. Of glorious Memory: Who died March the 8th, 1701.
I.

BENEATH thefe Honours of a Tomb, Greatness in humble Ruin lies:
(How Earth confines in narrow Room What Heroes leave beneath the Skies!)
II.

Preferve, O venerable Pile, Inviolate thy facred Trüt;
To thy cold Arms the BRIT IS H Ifie, Weeping, commits her richeft Duft.

## III.

Ye gentlef Minifters of Fare, Attend the Monarch as he lies,'
And bid the fofteft Slumbers wait With filken Cords to bind his Eyes.
IV.

Reft his dear Sword beneath his Head; Round him his faithful Arms fhall ftand: Fix his bright Ensigns on his Bed, The Guards and Honours of our Land.
V.

Ye Sifter-Arts of Paint and Verse, Place $A L B I O N$ fainting by his Side, Her Groans arifing o'er the Hearse, And BELGIA finking when he dy'd.
VI.

High o'er the Grave Religion fet In folemn Gold ; pronounce the Ground Sacred, to bar unhallow'd Feet,
And plant her guardian Virtues round.

## VII.

Fair Liberty in Sables dreft,
Write his lov'd Name upon his Urn,
William, "The Scourge of Tyrants past,
"And Awe of Princes yet unborn.".

## VIII.

Sweet Peace his facred Relics keep, With Olives blooming round her Head, And ftretch her Wings acrofs the Deep To blefs the Nations with the Shade.

260 LYRIC POEMS, BookiII.
IX.

Stand on the Pile, immortal Fame,
Broad Stars adorn thy brighteft Robe,
Thy thoufand Voices found his Name

- In filver Accents round the Globe.


## X.

Flattery fhall faint beneath the Sound,
While hoary Truth infpires the Song;
Envy grow pale and bite the Ground,
And $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{lan}} \mathrm{mer}$ gnaw her forky Tongue. IX.

Night and the Grave remove your Gloom;
Darknefs becomes the vulgar Dead;
But Glory bids the royal Tomb
Difdain the Horrors of a Shade.

## XII.

Glory with all her Lamps fhall burn, And watch the Warrior's fleeping Clay,
'Till the laft Trumpet rouze his Urn
To aid the Triumphs of the Day.

On the Sudden Death of
Mrs $M A R Y$ PEACOCK.
An Eilegiac Song Sent in a Letter of Condolance 10 Mr N. P. Merchant at Amfterdam.

> I.

HAR K! She bids all her Friends adieu; Some Angel calls her to the Spheres;
Our Eyes the radiant Saint purfue.
Thro' liquid Telefcopes of Tears.

## II.

Farewel, bright Soul, a fhort Farewel, 'Till we fhall meet again above In the fweet Groves where Pleafures dwell, And Trees of Life bear Fruits of Love:

## III.

There Glory fits on every Face, There Friendifhip fmiles in ev'ry Eye, There fhall our Tongues relate the Grace That led us homeward to the Sky.

## IV.

O'er all the Names of Cifist our King Shall our harmonious Voices rove,
Our Harps fhall found from every String The Wonders of his bleeding Love.

$$
V .
$$

Come, fovereign Lord, dear Saviour, come, Remove thefe feparating Days, Send thy bright Wheels to fetch us home : That golden Hour, how long it ftays!

## VI.

How long muft we lie ling'ring here, While Saints around us take their Flight?
Smiling, they quit this duky Sphere And mount the Hills of heavenly Light.
VII.

Sweet Soul, we leave thee to thy Reft, Enjoy thy $\mathcal{F} E S U S$ and thy God, Till we, from Bands of Clay releaft, Spring out and climb the thining Road.

262 LYRIC POEMS, Book III. VIII.

While the dear Duft fhe leaves behind Sleeps in thy Bofom, facred Tomb ! Soft be her Bed, her Slumbers kind, And all her Dreams of Joy to come.


EPITAPHIU M Viri Venergaitis
Dom. N. M A T HER,
Carmine Lapidario confcriptum.

## M. S.

Reverendi admodum Viri
$N A \mathcal{T} H A N E L I S M A T H E R I$.
QUOD mori potuit hic fubtus depofitum eft, Si quæris, Hofpes, Quantus \& Qualis fuit, Fidus enarrabit Lapis.

Nomen à Familiâ duxit
Sanctioribus ftudiis \& Evangelio devotâ,
Et per utramque Angliam celebri,
Americanam fc. atque Europaam.
Et hic quoque in fancti Minifterii Spem eductus
Non fallacem:
Et hunc utraque novit Anglia
Doctum \& Docentem.
Corpore fuit procero, Fcrmâ placidè verendâ ;

To the Memory of tise Dead.
At fupra Corpus \& Formam fublinè eminuerunt.
Indoles ingenium, atque Eruditio:
Supra hrec Pietas, \& (fi fas dicere)
Supra Pietatem Modeftia,
Cæteras enim Dotes obumbravit.
Quoties in rebus Divinis peragendis
Divinitus afflate mentis Specimina
Praftantiora edidit,
Toties Hominem fedulus occuluit
Ut folus confpiceretur Deus :
Voluit totas latere, nec potuit;
Heu quantum tamen fui nos latet!
Et majorem Laudis Partem fepulchrale Marmor
Invito obruit filentio.
Gratiam FESUCHRISTI falutiferam
Quam abundè haufit ipfe, aliis propinavit,
Puram ab humanâ frece.
Veritatis Evangelicæ decus ingens,
Et ingens Propugnaculum.
Concionatur gravis Afpectu, Geftu, Voce ; Cui nec aderat Pompa Oratoria,

Nec deerat;
Flofculos Rhetorices fupervacaneos fecit
Rerum dicendarum Majeftas, \& Deus præfens.
Hinc Arma Militiæ fuæ non infelicia,
Hinc toties fugatus Satanas,
Et hinc Victoriz
Ab Inferorum Portis toties reportatæ.
Solers ille ferreis Inpiorum Animis infigere
Altum \& Salutare Vulnus:
Vulneratas idem tractare leniter folers,
$26_{4}$ LYRIC POEMS, BookIII.
Et Medelam adhibere magis. falutarem. Ex defæcato Cordis Fonte
Divinis Eloquiis affatim fcatebant Labia, Etiam in familiari Contubernio:
Spirabat ipfe undique Cæleftes fuavitates, Quafi Oleo Lætitiæ femper recèns delibutus, Et femper fupra Socios;
Gratumque dilectifimi fui $\mathcal{F} E S U$ Odorem Quaquaversùs \& latè diffudit. Dolores tolerans fupra fide $n$,压rumnxque heu quam affidua!
Invicto Animo, Viçtrice Patientiâ
Varias Curarum Moles pertulit
Et in Stadio \& in Metâ Vita :
Quam ubi propinquam vidit,
Plerophoriâ fidei quafí Currâ alato vectus Properè \& exultìm attigit.
Natus eft in Agro Lancaftrienfz $22^{\circ}$ Martii, 1630.
Inter Nov-Anglos Theologix Tyrocinia fecit.
Paftorali Munere diu Dublinii in Hibernia functus, Tandem (ut femper) Providentiam fecutus Ducem, Cætui fidelium apud Londinenfis prepofitus eft,

Quos Doctrinâ, Precibus, \& Vitâ beavit;
Ah brevi!
Corpore folutus $26^{\circ}$ fulii, 1697. Ftat. 67.
Ecclefiis Mærorem, Theologis Exemplar reliquit,
Probis Piifque omnibus
Infandum fai defiderium :
Dum pulvis CHR ISTO charus hic dulcè dormit
Expectans Stellam matutinam.

To the Reverend

## Mr $\mathcal{M} O H N$ SHOWER.

On the Death of his Daughter
$\operatorname{Mrs} A N N E W A R N E R$.
Reverend and dear Sir,
HOW great foever was my Senfe of your Lofs, yet I did not think myfelf fit to offer any Lines of Comfort: your own Meditations can furnifh you with many a delightful Truth in the Midft of fo heavy a Sorrow ; for the Covenant of Grace has Brightnefs enough in it to gild the moft gloomy Providence : and to that fiveet Covenant your Soul is no Stranger. My own Thoughts were much impreffed with the Tidings of your Daughter's Death ; and though I made many a Reflection on the Vanity of Mankind in its beft Eftate, yet I muft acknowledge that my Temper leads me moft to the pleafant Scenes of Heaven, and that future World of Bleffednefs. When I recollect the Memory of my Friends that are dead, I frequently rove into the World of Spirits, and fearch them out there: Thus I endeavoured to trace Mrs Warner; and the fe Thoughts crouding faft upon me, I fet them down for my own Entertainment. The Verfe breaks off abruptly, becaufe I had no Defign to write a finifhed Elegy; and befides, when I was fallen upon the dark Side of Death, I had no mind to tarry there. If the Lines I have be fo happy as to entertain you a little, and divert your Grief, the Time fpent in compofing them flall not be reckoned annong my loft Hours, and the Review will be more pleafing to,

> S I R,

[^10]

An Elegiac Thought on Mrs Anne Warner, who died of the Small Pox, December 18, 1707, at One of the Clock in the Morning; a ferw Days after the Birtb and Death of ber firft Cbild.

AWAKE, my Mufe, range the wide World of Souls, And feek $V E R N E R A$ fled; with upward Aim Direct thy Wing ; for fhe was born from Heaven, Fulfill'd her Vifit, and return'd on high.

The Midnight Watch of Angels that patrole
The Briti/b Sky, have notic'd her Afcent Near the meridian Star; purfue the Track To the bright Confines of immortal Day And Paradife, her Home. Say, my Urania, (For nothing 'fcapes thy Search, nor canft thou mifs So fair a Spirit) fay, beneath what Shade Of Amarant, or cheerful Ever-Green She fits, recounting to her Kindred-Minds Angelic or humane, her mortal Toil, And travels thro' this howling Wildernefs : By what divine Protections the efcap'd Thofe deadly Snares when Youth and Satan leagu'd In Combination to affail her Virtue; (Snares fet to murder Souls) but Heav'n fecur'd The favourite Nymph, and taught her Vifory.

Or does the feek, or has fhe found her Babe Amongft the Infant Nation of the Bieft, And clafp'd it to her Soul, to fatiate there The young maternal Paffion, and abfolve The unfulfill'd Embrace? Thrice happy Child That faw the Light, and turn'd its Eyes afide From our dim Regions to th' eternal Sun, And led the Parent's Way to Glory! There Thou art for ever hers, with Powers enlarg'd For Love reciprocal and fweet Converfe.

Behold her Anceftors (a pious Race)
Rang'd in fair Order, at her Sight rejoice And fing her Welcome. She along their Seats Gliding falutes them all with Honours due Such as are paid in Heaven : at laft fhe finds A Manfion fafhion'd of diftinguifh'd Light. But vacant: "This (with fure Prefage fhe cries)
" Awaits my Father; when will he arrive?
" How long, alas, how long!" (Then calls her Mate)
" Die, thou dear Partner of my mortal Cares,
"Die, and partake miy Blifs; we are for ever One."
Ah me! where roves my Fancy! What kind Dreams
Croud with fweet Violence on my waking Mind!
Perhaps Illufions all! Inform me, Mufe,
Choofes the rather to retire apart
To recollect her difipated Powers,
And call her Thoughts her own: So lately freed From Earth's vain Scenes, gay Vifits, Gratulations; From ${ }^{\circ}$ Hymen's hurrying and tumultuous Joys,

## 268 L YRIC POEMS, Book III.

And Fears, and Pangs, fierce Pangs that wrought her Death. Tell me on what fublimer Theme fhe dwells
In Contemplation, with unerring Clue
Infinite Truth purfuing. (When, my Soul,
O when fhall thy Releafe from cumb'rous Flefh
Pafs the Great Seal of Heaven? What happy Hour
Shall give thy Thoughts a Loofe to foar and trace
The intellectual World? Divine Delight!
$V E R N E R A$ 's lov'd Employ !) Perhaps fhe fings
To fome new golden Harp th' almighty Deeds,
The Nanes, the Honours of her Saviour God,
His Crofs, his Grave, his Viatory, and his Crown:
Oh could I imitate th' exalted Notes, And riortal Ears could bear them! -

Or lies fhe now before th' eternal Throne Proftrate in humble Form, with deep Devotion O'erwhelm'd, and Self-Abafement at the Sight Of the uncover'd Godhead Face to Face? Seraphic Crowns pay Homage at his Feet, And Hers amonglt them, not of dimmer Ore, Nor fet with meaner Gems: But vain Ambition, And Emulation vain, and fond Conceit, And Pride for ever banifh'd flies the Place, Curs'd Pride, the Drefs of Hell. Tell me, Urania, How her Joys heighten, and her golden Hours Circle in Love. O ftamp upon my Soul. Some blifsful Image of the fair Deceas'd To call my Paffions and my Eyes afide From the dear breathlefs Clay, diftreffing Sight! I look and mourn and gaze with greedy View
Of melancholy Fondnefs: Tears bedewing That Form fo late defir'd, fo late belov'd,

Now Ioathrome and unlovely. Bafe Difeafe, That leagu'd with Nature's fharpeit Pains, and fpoil'd So fweet a Structure! The im poifoning Taint O'erfpreads the Building wrought with Skill divine, And ruins the rich Temple to the Dult !

Was this the Countenance, where the World admir'd Features of Wit and Virtue? This the Face Where Love triumph'd? And-Beauty on thefe Cheeks, As on a Throne, beneath her radiant Eyes Was feated to Advantage ; mild, ferene, Reflecting rofy Light? So fits the Sun (Fair Eye of Heav'n!) upon a crimfon Cloud Near the Horizon, and with gentle Ray Smiles lovely round the Sky, 'till rifing Fogs, Portending Night, with foul and heavy Wing Involve the golden Star, and fink him down Opprefs'd with Darknefs.

On the Deatb of an aged axd bonoured Relative, Mrs M. W. July 13, 1693.
1.

IKN OW the Kindred-Mind. 'Tis the, 'tis fhe; Among the heav'nly Forms I fee
The Kindred-Mind from flehhly Bondage free;
O how unlike the Thing was lately feen
Groaning and panting on the Bed,
With ghafly Air, and languih'd Head,
Life on this Side, there the Dead, While the delaying Flefh lay fhivering between.

Long did the earthy Houfe reftrain
In toilfome Slavery that ethereal Gueft ;
Prifon'd her round in Walls of Pain,
And twifted Cramps and Aches with her Chain;
' Fill by the Weight of num'rous Days oppreft
The earthly Houre began to reel,
The Pillars trembled, and the Building fell;
The captive Soul became her own again:
'I ir'd with the Sorrows and the Cares,
A tedious Train of fourfcore Years,
The Pris'ner fmil'd to be releait,
She felt her Feiters loofe, and mounted to her Refl,

## III.

Gaze on, my Soul, and let a perfect View Paint her Idea all anew;
Rafe out thofe melancholy Shapes of Woe
That hang around thy Memory, and becloud it fo.
Come Fancy, come, with Effences refin'd,
With youthful green, and fpotlefs white;
Deep be the Tincture, and the Colours bright
T' exprefs the Beauties of a naked Mind.
Irovide no Glooms to form a Shade ;
All Things above of vary'd Light are made,
Nor can the heav'nly Piece require a mortal Aid.
But if the Features too divine
Beyond the Pow'r of Fancy fhine,
Conceal th' inimitable Strokes behind a graceful Shrine.
IV.

Defrribe the Saint from Head to Feet,
Nake all the Lines in juft Proportion meet;
But let her Pofture be
Filling a Chair of high Degree ;

Obferve how near it ftands to the almighty Seat.
Paint the new Graces of her Eyes;
Frefh in her Looks let fprightly Youth arife,
And Joys unknown below the Skies.
Virtue that lives conceal'd below,
And to the Breaft confin'd,
Sits here triumphant on the Brow,
And breaks with radiant Glories through
The Features of the Mind.
Exprefs her Paffion ftill the fame,
But more divinely fweet;
Love has an everlafting Flame, And makes the Work complete.
V.

The Painter Mufe with glancing Eye Obferv'd a manly Spirit nigh* That Death had long disjoin'd :
" In the fair Tablet they fhall ftand
" United by a happier Band:"
She faid, and fix'd her Sight, and drew the manly Mind,
Recount the Years, my Song, (a mournful Round!)
Since he was feen on Earth no more:
He fought in lower Seas and drown'd ;
But Victory and Peace he found
On the fuperior Shore.
There now his tuneful Breath in facred Songs Employs the European and the Eafern Tongues.

[^11]$$
0.4
$$

272 LYRIC POEMS, Book III.
Let th' awful Truncheon and the Flute,
The Pencil and the well-known Lute,
Powerful Numbers, charming Wit,
And every Art and Science meet,
And bring their Laurels to his Hand, or lay them at his Feet.
VI.
'Tis done. What Beams of Glory fall
(Rich Varnih of immortal Art)
To gild the bright Original!
'Tis done. The Mufe has now perform'd her Part, Bring down the Piece, Urania, from above,

And let my Honour and my Love Drefs it with Chains of Gold to hang upon my Heart.


## A

FUNERALPOEM On the Death of
THOMAS GUNSTON, Efq;
Prefented to the
Right Honourable the Lady $A B N E Y$, Lady-Mayoress of London.

MADAM,

MAD I been a common Mourner at the Funeral of the dear Gentleman deceafed, I fhould have laboured after more of Art in the following Compofition, to fupply the Defect of Nature, and to feign a Sorrow; but the uncommon Condefcenfion of his Friendfhip to me, the inward Efteem I pay his Memory, and the vaft and
tender Senfe I have of the Lofs, make all the Methods of Art needlefs, whilf natural Grief fupplies more than all:

I had refolved indeed to lament in Sighs and Silence, and frequently checked the too forward Mufe: But the Importunity was not to be refifted; long Lines of Sorrow flowed in upon me ere I was aware, whilf I took many a folitary Walk in the Garden adjoining to his Seat at Neauington; nor could I free myfelf from the Croud of melancholy Ideas. Your Ladyfhip, will find throughout the Poem, that the fair and unfinifhed Building which he had juft raifed for himfelf, gave almoft all the Turn of Mourning to my Thoughts; for 1 purfue no other Topic of Elegy than what my Paffion and my Senfes led me to.

The Poem roves, as my Eyes and Grief did, from one Part of the Fabric to the other: It rifes from the Foundation, falutes the Walls, the Doors, and the Windows, drops a Tear upon the Roof, and climbs the Turret, that pleafant Retreat, where I promifed myfelf many fiveet Hours of his Converfation ; there my Song wanders amongt the delightful Subjects divine and moral, which ufed to entertain our happy Leifure ; and thence defeends to the Fields and the fhady Walks, where I fo often enjoyed his pleafing Difcourfe ; my Sorrows diffufe themf.lves there without a Limit: I had quite forgotten all Scheme and Method of Writing, till I correct myfelf, and rife to the Turret again to liment that defolate Seat: Now if the Critics laugh at the Folly of the Mufe for taking too much Notice of the golden Ball, let them confider that the meaneft Thing that belonged to fo valuable a Perfon, fill gave fome freth and doleful Reflections: And I tranfcribe Nature without Rule, and reprefent: Friendfhip in a mourning Drefs, abandoned to the deepelt Sorrow, and with a Negligence becoming Woe unfeigned. .

274 LYRIC POEMS, Book II1.
Had I defigned a compleat Elegy, Madam, on your deareft Brother, and intended it for public View, I fhould have followed the ufual Forms of Poetry, fo far at leaft, as to fpend fome Pages in the Character and Praifes of the Deceafed, and thence have taken Occafion to call Mankind to complain aloud of the univerfal and unfpeakable Lofs: But I wrote merely for myfelf as a Friend of the Dead, and to eafe my full Soul by breathing out my own Complaints ; I knew his Character and Virtues fo well, that there was no need to mention them while I talked only with myfelf; for the Image of them was ever prefent with me, which kept the Pain at the Heart intenfe and lively, and my Tears flowing with my Verfe.

Perhaps your Ladyfhip will expect fome divine Thoughts and facred Meditations, mingled with a Subject fo folemn as this is: Had I formed a Defign of offering it to your Hands, I had compofed a more Chriftian Poem ; but it was Grief purely natural for a Death fo furprizing that drew all the Strokes of it, and therefore my Reflections are chiefly of a moral Strain. Such as it is your Ladyihip requires a Copy of it ; but let it not touch your Soul too tenderly, nor renew your own Mournings. Receive it, Madam, as an Offering of Love and Tears at the Tomb of a departed Friend, and let it abide with you as a Witnefs of that affectionate Refpect and Honour that I bore him; all which, as your Ladyfhip's moft rightful Due, both by Merit and by Succeffion, is now humbly offercd, by,

M A D A M,

Your Ladyhip's moft hearty
and obedient Servant,

> 1. 'WATTS.

To the dear Memory of my honoured Friend,

## THOMAS GUNSTON, Efq;

Who died Nov. II, I700, when be bad.juf finißed bis Seat at Newington.

OF blafted Hopes, and of fhort withering Joys, Sing, heavenly Mufe. Try thine ethereal Voice In funeral Numbers and a doleful Song; GUNSTON the Juft, the Generous, and the Young, GUNSTO $N$ the Friend is dead. O empty Name Of earthly Blifs! 'tis all an airy Dream, All a vain Thought! Our foaring Fancies rife On treacherous Wings! And Hopes that touch the Skies Drag but a longer Ruin thro' the downward Air, And plunge the falling Joy fill deeper in Defpair.

How did our Souls ftand flatter'd and prepar'd To fhout him welcome to the Seat he rear'd! There the dear Man fhould fee his Hopes complete, Smiling, and tafting ev'ry lawful Sweet That Pcace and Plenty brings, while numerous Years Circling delightful play'd around the Spheres: Revolving Suns fhould fill renew his Strength, And draw the uncommon Thread to an unufual Length, But hafty Fate thrufts her dead Shears between, Cuts the young Life off, and fhuts up the Scene.

276 LYRIC POEMS, Book III.
Thus airy Pleasure dances in our Eyes, And fpreads alfe Images in fair Difguife, T' allure our Souls, 'till juft within our Arms The Vifion dies, and all the painted Charms Flee quick away from the purfuing Sight, 'Till they are loft in Shades, and mingle with the Night.

Mufe, ftretch thy Wings, and thy fad Journey bend To the fair $\mathrm{FAbric}_{\mathrm{A}}$ that thy dying Friend Built namelefs: 'Twill fuggeft a thoufand Things. Mournful and foft as my Urania fings.

How did he lay the deep Foundations ftrong, Marking the Bounds, and rear the Walls along Solid and lafting; there a numerous Train Of happy GUNSTONS might in Pleafure reign,
While Nations perifh, and long Ages run, Nations unborn, and Ages unbegun:
Not Time itfelf fhould wafte the bleft Eftate, Nor the tenth Race rebuild the ancient Seat. How fond our Fancies are! The Founder dies
Childlefs; his Sifters weep and clofe his Eyes, And wait upon his Hearfe with never-ceafing Cries.
Lofty and flow it moves to meet the Tomb, While weighty Sorrow nods on every Plume;
A thoufand Groans his dear Remains convey To his cold Lodging in a Bed of Clay,
His Country's facred 'Tears well watering all the Way.
See the dull Wheels roll on the fable Load;
But no dear Son to tread the mournful Road,
And fondly kind drop his young Sorrows there,
The Father's Urn bedewing with a filial Tear.

O had he left us One behind, to play
Wanton about the painted Hall, and fay,
" This was my Father's," with impatient Joy In my fond Arms I'd clafp the fmiling Boy, And call him my young Friend: But awful Fate Defign'd the mighty Stroke as lafting as 'twas great.

And muft this Building then, this coftly Frame Stand here for Strangers? Muft fome unknown Name Poffefs thefe Rooms, the Labours of my Friend ? Why were thefe Walls rais'd for this haplefs End? Why thefe Apartments all adorn'd fo gay? Why his rich Fancy lavih'd thus away? Mufe, view the Paintings, how the hovering Light Plays o'er the Colours in a wanton Flight, And mingled Shades wrought in by foft Degrees, Give a fiweet Foil to all the charming Piece; But Night, eternal Night, hangs black around The difmal Chambers of the hollow Ground, And folid Shades unmingled round his Bed Stand hideous: Earthy Fogs embrace his Head, And noifome Vapours glide along his Face Rifing perpetual. Mufe, forfake the Place, Flee the raw Damps of the unwholefome Clay, Look to his airy fpacious Hall, and fay, " How has he chang'd it for a lonefome Cave, " Confin'd and crouded in a narrow Grave."

Th' unhappy Houfe looks defolate and mourns, And ev'ry Door groans doleful as it turns ; The Pillars languifh ; and each lofty Wall Stately in Grief, laments the Mafter's Fall.

## 278 LYRIC POEMS, Book III.

In Drops of briny Dew ; the Fabric bears
His faint Refemblance, and renews my Tears.
Solid and fquare it rifes from below;
A noble Air without a gaudy Show
Reigns thro' the Model, and adorns the Whole,
Manly and plain. Such was the Builder's Soul.
O how I love to view the fately Frame,
That dear Memorial of the beft lov'd Name!
Then could I wifh for fome prodigious Cave
Vaft as his Seat, and filent as his Grave,
Where the tall Shades fretch to the hideous Roof,
Forbid the Day, and guard the Sun-Beams off;
Thither, my willing Feet, Mould ye be drawn
At the grey Twilight, and the early Dawn.
There fiweetly fad fhould my foft Minutes roll,
Numb'ring the Sorrows of my drooping Soul.
But thefe are airy Thoughts! Subftantial Grief
Grows by thofe Objects that fhould yield Relief;
Fond of my Woes I heave my Eyes around,
My Grief from ev'ry Profpect courts a Wound;
Views the green Gardens, views the fmiling Skies,
Still my Heart finks, and fill my Cares arife;
My wand'ring Feet round the fair Manfion rove,
And there to footh my Sorrows I indulge my Love.
Oft have I laid the awful Calvin by,
And the fiweet Corwley, with impatient Eye
To fee thofe Walls, pay the fad Vifit there,
And drop the Tribute of an hourly Tear:
Still I behold fome melancholy Scene,
With many a penfive Thought, and many a Sigh between.

Two Days ago we took the Evening Air, J, and my Grief, and my Urania there ; Say, my Urania, how the Weftern Sun Broke from black Clouds, and in full Glory fhone Gilding the Roof, then dropt into the Sea, And fudden Night devour'd the fiweet Remains of Day. Thus the bright Youth juft rear'd his fhining Head From obfcure Shades of Life, and funk among the Dead. The rifing Sun adorn'd with all his Light Smiles on thefe Walls again: But endlefs Night Reigns uncontrol'd where the dear GUNSTON lies, He's fet for ever, and muft never rife. Then why thefe Beams, unfeafonable Star, Thefe lightfome Smiles defcending from afar, To greet a mourning Houfe? In vain the Day Breaks thro' the Windows with a joyful Ray, And marks a fhining Path along the Floors Bounding the Evening and the Morning Hours; In vain it bounds 'em : while vaft Emptinefs And hollow Silence reigns thro' all the Place, Nor heeds the cheerful Change of Nature's Face. Yet Nature's Wheels will on without Control, The Sun will rife, the tuneful Spheres will roll, And the two nightly Bears walk round and watch the Pole. $\int$

[^12]
## 280 LYRIC POEMS, BookIII.

O'er the broad Roof they fly their Circuit fill, Thus Days before they did, and Days to come they will; But the black Cloud that fhadows o'er his Eyes,
Hangs there unmoveable, and never flies :
Fain would I bid the envious Gloom be gone; Ah fruitlefs Wiih! how are his Curtains drawn For a long Evening that defpairs the Dawn!

Mufe, view the $\mathcal{T}$ urret: Juft beneath the Skies
Lonefome it flands, and fixes my fad Eyes,
As it would afk a Tear. O facred Seat
Sacred to Friendihip! O divine Retreat!
Here did I hope my happy Hours $t$ ' employ,
And fed beforehand on the promis'd Joy,
When weary of the noify Town, my Friend
From mortal Cares retiring, fhould afcend.
And lead me thither. We alone wou'd fit
Free and fecure of all intruding Feet:
Our Thoughts fhould ftretch their longeft Wings, and rife, Nor bound their Soarings by the lower Skies:
Our Tongues fhould aim at everlafting Themes,
And fpeak what Mortals dare, of all the Names
Of boundlefs Joys and Glories, Thrones and Seats Built high in Heaven for Souls: We'd trace the Streets Of golden Pavement, walk each bliffful Field, And climb and tafte the Fruits the fpicy Mountains yield : Then would we fwear to keep the facred Road, And walk right upwards to that bleft Abode; We'd charge our parting Spirits there to meet, There Hand in Hand approach th' almighty Seat, And bend our Heads adoring at our Maker's Feet.

Thus fhould we mount on bold advent'rous Wings In high Difcourfe, and dwell on heav'nly Things, While the pleas'd Hours in fweet Succefiion move, And Minutes meafur'd as they are above, By ever-circling Joys, and ever-hining Love.

Anon our Thoughts fhould lower their lofty Flight, Sink by Degrees, and take a pleafing Sight, A large round Profpect of the fpreading Plain, The wealthy River, and his winding Train, The fmoaky City, and the bufy Men.
How we fhould fmile to fee degenerate Worms
Lavifh their Lives, and fight for airy Forms Of painted Honour, Dreams of empty Sound 'Till Envy rife, and fhoot a fecret Wound At fwelling Glory, frait the Bubble breaks, And the Scenes vanifh, as the Man awakes; Then the tall Titles infolent and proud Sink to the Duft and mingle with the Croud.

Man is a reftefs Thing: Still vain and wild, Lives beyond fixty, nor outgrows the Child : His hurrying Lufts ftill break the facred Bound To feek newv Pleafures on forbidden Ground, And buy them all too dear. Unthinking Fool, For a fhort dying Joy to fell a deathlefs Soul! 'Tis but a Grain of Sweetnefs they can fow, And reap the long fad Harveft of immortal Woe.

Another Tribe toil in a different Strife, And banifh all the lawful Sweets of Life,

282 LYRIC POEMS, Book III.
To fweat and dig for Gold, to hoard the Ore, Hide the dear Duft yet darker than before, And never dare to ufe a Grain of all the Store.

Happy the Man that knows the Value juft Of earthly Things, nor is enflav'd to Duft. 'Tis a rich Gift the Skies but rarely fend
To fav'rite Souls. Then happy thou, my Friend,
For thou hadft learnt to manage and command
The Wealth that Heav'n beftow'd with lib'ral Hand:
Hence this fair Structure rofe ; and hence this Seat
Made to invite my not unwilling Feet:
In vain was made! For we fhall never meet,
And fmile, and love, and blefs each other here,
The envious Tomb forbids thy Face t' appear,
Detains thee, GUNSTON, from my longing Eyes, And all my Hopes lie bury'd, where my GUNSTO $N$ lies.

Come hither, all ye tendereft Souls, that know
The Heights of Fondnefs, and the Depths of Woe, Young Mothers, who your darling Babes have found Untimely murder'd with a ghaftly Wound ; Ye frighted Nymphs, who on the Bridal Bed
Clafp'd in your Arms your Lovers cold and dead, Come ; in the Pomp of all your wild Defpair, With flowing Eye-lids, and diforder'd Hair, Death in your Looks ; come, mingle Grief with me ${ }_{3}$. And drown your little Streams in my unbounded Sea,

You facred Mourners of a nobler Mold,
Born for a Friend, whofe dear Embraces hold
Beyond all Nature's Ties ; you that have known Two happy Souls made intimately One,

And felt a parting Stroke: 'Tis you muft tell The Smart, the Twinges, and the Racks I feel; This Soul of mine that dreadful Wound has borne, Off from its Side its deareft Half is torn, The reft lies bleeding, and but lives to mourn. Oh infinite Diftrefs! Such raging Grief Should command Pity, and defpair Relief. Paffion, methinks, fhould rife from all my Groans, Give Senfe to Rocks, and Sympathy to Stones.

Ye duiky $W_{\text {oods }}$ and echoing Hills around, Repeat my Cries with a pe:petual Sound: Be all ye flow'ry Vales with Thorns o'ergrown, Affift my Sorrows, and declare your own ; Alas! Your Lord is dead. The humble Plain Muft ne'er receive his courteous Feet again : Mourn ye gay fmiling Meadows, and be feen In wintry Robes, inftead of youthful green ; And bid the Brook, that ftill runs warbling by, Move filent on, and weep his ufelefs Channel dry. Hither methinks the lowing Herd fhould come, And moaning Turtles murmur o'er his Tomb: The Oak fhall wither, and the curling Vine Weep his young Life out, while his Arms entwine Their amorous Folds, and mix his bleeding Soul with $\}$
mine.
Ye ftately Elms, in your long Order mourn *, Strip off your Pride to drefs your Mafter's Urn: Here gently drop your Leaves inftead of Tears: Ye Elms, the reverend Growth of ancient Years,

[^13]
## 284 L 1 RIC POEMS, Book III.

Stand tall and naked to the bluftering Rage
Of the mad Winds; thus it becomes your Age
To fhew your Sorrows. Often ye have feen
Our Head reclin'd upon the rifing Green ;
Beneath your facred Shade diffus'd we lay,
Here Friendship reign'd with an unbounded Sway:
Hither our Souls their conttant Off'rings brought,
The Burdens of the Breaft, and Labours of the Thought;
Our opening Bofoms on the confcious Ground Spread all the Sorrows and the Joys we found, And mingled every Care; nor was it known
Which of the Pains or Pleafures were our own :
Then with an equal Hand and honeft Soul
We fhare the Heap, yet both poffefs the Whole,
And all the Paffions there thro' both our Bofoms roll.
By turns we comfort, and by turns complain, And bear and eafe by turns the Sympathy of Pain.

Friendshif! Myiterious Thing, what magic Pow'rs
Support thy Sway, and charm thefe Minds of ours ?
Bound to thy Foot we boaft our Birth-right fill, And dream of Freedom when we've loft our Will,
And chang'd away our Souls : At thy Command
We fnatch new Miferies from a foreign Hand, To call them ours; and thoughtlefs of our Eafe, Plague the dear Self that we were born to pleafe. Thou Tyrannefs of Minds, whofe cruel Throne Heaps on poor Mortals Sorrows not their own: As though our Mother Nature could no more Find Woes fufficient for each Son fhe bore, Friend/hip divides the Shares, and lengthensout the Store.

Yet are we fond of thine imperious Reign, Proud of thy Slavery, wanton in our Pain, And chide the courteous Hand when Death diffolves the Chain.

Virtue, forgive the Thought! The raving Mufe Wild and defpairing knows not what fhe does, Grows mad in Grief, and in her favage Hours Affronts the Name fhe loves and the adores. She is thy Vot'refs too; and at thy Shrine, O facred Friendship, offer'd Songs divine, Whillt GUNSTON liv'd, and both our Souls were thine. Here to thefe Shades at folemn Hours we came, To pay Devotion with a mutual Flame, Partners in Blifs. Sweet Luxury of the Mind! And fiweet the Aids of Senfe! Each ruder Wind Slept in its Caverns, while an Evening Breeze Fann'd the Leaves gently, fporting thro' the Trees; The Linnet and the Lark their Vefpers fung, And Clouds of Crimfon o'er th' Horizon hung ; The flow-declining Sun with floping Wheels Sunk down the golden Day behind the Weftern Hills.

Mourn, ye young Gardens, ye unfinifh'd Gates, Ye green Inclofures, and ye growing Sweets Lament, for ye our Midnight Hours have known, And watch'd us walking by the filent Moon In Conference divine, while heavenly Fire Kindling our Breatts did all our Thoughts infpire With Joys almoft immortal ; then our Zeal Blaz'd and burnt high to reach th' ethereal Hill, And Love refin'd, like that above the Poles, Threw both our Arms round one another's Souls.

286 LYRIC POEMS, BookIII.
In Rapture and Embraces. Oh forbear, Forbear, my Song! This is too much to hear, Too dreadful to repeat ; fuch Joys as thefe Fled from the Earth for ever!

Oh for a general Grief! Let all Things fhare
Our Woes, that knew our Loves: The neighbouring Air
Let it be laden with immortal Sighs,
And tell the Gales, that every Breath that flies
Over thefe Fields fhould murmur and complain, And kifs the fading Grafs, and propagate the Pain.
Weep all ye Buildings, and ye Groves around
For ever weep: This is an endlefs Wound,
Vaft and incurable. Ye Buildings knew
His filver Tongue, ye Groves have heard it too:
At that dear Sound no more fhall ye rejoice,
And I no more mult hear the charming Voice:
Woe to my drooping Soul! That heav'nly Brenth
That could fpeak Life lies now congeal'd in Death;
While on his folded Lips all cold and pale
Eternal Chains and heavy Silence dwell.
Yet my fond Hope would hear him fpeak again,
Once more at leaft, one gentle Word, and then GUNSTO N aloud I call: In vain I cry
GUNSTO N aloud; for he muft ne'er reply.
In vain I mourn, and drop thefe funeral Tears,
Death and the Grave have neither Eyes nor Ears:
Wand'ring I tune my Sorrows to the Groves,
And vent my fwelling Griefs, and tell the Winds our Loves:
While the dear Youth fleeps faft, and hears them not:
He hath forgot me: In the lonefome Vault

Mindlefs of WATTS and Friendfhip cold he lies, Deaf and unthinking Clay.

But whither am, I led? This artlefs Grief Hurries the Mule on, obftinate and deaf To all the nicer Rules, and bears her down From the tall Fabric to the neighbouring Ground : The pleafing Hours, the happy Moments paft In thefe fweet Fields reviving on my Tafte Snatch me away refiflefs with impetuous Hafte. Spread thy firong Pinions once again, my Song, And reach the Turret thou haft left fo long: O'er the wide Roof its lofty Head it rears, Long waiting our Converfe ; but only hears The noify Tumults of the Realms on high; The Wirds falute it whiftling as they fly, Or jarring round the Windows : Rattling Showers Lafh the fair Sides; above loud Thunder roars; But ftill the Mafter fleeps; nor hears the Voice Of facred Friendflip, nor the Tempelt's Noife : An iron Slumber fits on every Senfe, In vain the heavenly Thunders flrive to roufe it thence.

One Labour more, my Mufe, the golden Sphere Seems to demand: See thro' the dufky Air Downward it fhines upon the rifing Moon ; And, as fhe labours up to reach her Noon, Purfues her Orb with repercuffive Light, And ftreaming Gold repays the paler Beams of Night: But not one Ray can reach the darkfome Grave, Or pierce the folid Gloom that fills the Cave

288 LYRIC POEMS, BookIII.
Where GUNSTON divells in Death. Behold it flames
Like fome new Meteor with dififfive Beams
Thro' the Mid-Heaven, and overcomes the Stars ;
"So fhines thy GUNSTON's Soul above the Spheres,"
Raphael replies, and wipes away my Fears.
"We faw the Flefh fink down with clofing Eyes,
" We heard thy Grief $\mathbb{f k r i e k}$ out, "He dies, he dies,"
" Miftaken Grief! T'o call the Flefh the Friend!
" On our fair Wings did the bright Youth afcend,
" All Heav'n embrac'd him with immortal Love,
" And fung his Welcome to the Courts above.
" Gentle Itburiel led him round the Skies,
" The Buildings ftruck him with immenfe Surprife;
"- The Spires all radiant, and the Manfions bright,
"The Roofs high vaulted with ethereal Light:
"Beauty and Strength on the tall Bulwarks fat
" In heavenly Diamond; and for every Gate
" On golden Hinges a broad Ruby turns,
" Guards off the Foe, and as it moves it burns;
" Millions of Glories reign thro' every Part ;
" Infinite Power, and uncreated Art
" Stand here difplay'd, and to the Strainger fhow
" How it out-hines the nobleft Seats below.
" The Stranger fed his gazing Pow'rs awhile
"Tranfported: Then, with a regardlefs Smile,
" Glanc'd his Eye downward thro' the cryfal Floor,
" And took eternal Leave of what he built before."
Now, fair Urania, leave the doleful Strain;
Raphael commands: Afume thy Joys again.

In everlafting Numbers fing, and fay, " GUNSTON has mov'd his Dwelling to the Realms of Day ;
"GUNSTON the Friend lives fill: And give thy Groans away."


## An ELEGY on <br> $\mathrm{Mr} \tau H O M A S G O U G E$.

 ToMr ARTHURSHALLET, Mercht. Worthy SIR,

THE Subject of the following Elegy was high in your Elteem, and enjoyed a large Share of your Affeetions. Scarce doth his Memory need the Affiftance of the Mure to make it perpetual ; but when fhe can at once pay her Honours to the venerable Dead, and by this Addrefs acknowledge the Favours the has received from the Living, it is a double Pleafure to,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { S I R, } \\
& \text { Your obliged humble Servant, }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { I. } W A \mathcal{T} \mathcal{T} S
$$



To the Memory of the
Rev $\operatorname{Mr}$ THOMAS GOUGE,


## I.

Y E Virgin Souls, whofe fweet Complaint * Could teach Eupbrates not to flow,
Could Sion's Ruin fo divinely paint,
Array'd in Beauty and in Woe:
Awake, ye Virgin Souls, to mourn,
And with your tuneful Sorrows drefs a Prophet's Urn:
O could my Lips or flowing Eyes
But imitate fuch charming Grief, I'd teach the Seas, and teach the Skies Wailings, and Sobs, and Sympathies,
Nor fhould the Stones or Rocks be deaf;
Rocks fhall have Eyes, and Stones have Ears
While GOUGE's Death is mourn'd in Melody and Tears.

## II.

Heav'n was impatient of our Crimes, And fent his Minifter of Death
To fcourge the bold Rebellion of the Times,
And to demand our Prophet's Breath ;
He came commiffion'd for the Fates
4 Of awful $M E A D$, and charming $B A T E S$;

* Páln cxxxvii, Lam. i. 2, 3 .

There he effay'd the Vengeance firt,
Then took a difmal Aim, and brought great. GOUGE to Duft.

## III.

Great GOUGE to Duft how doleful is the Sound !
How vaft the Stroke is! and how wide the Wound!
Oh painful Stroke! diftreffing Death !
A Wound unmeafurably wide ;
No vulgar Mortal dy'd
When he refign'd his Breath.
The Mufe that mourns a Nation's Fall,
Should wait at GOUG E's Funeral,
Should mingle Majefty and Groans,
Such as fhe fings to finking Thrones,
And in deep founding Numbers tell, How Sion trembled, when this Pillar fell.

Sion grows weak, and England poor, Nature herfelf, with all her Store,
Can furnifh fuch a Pomp for Death no more.

## IV.

The reverend Man let all Things mourn ;
Sure he was fome ethereal Mind,
Fated in Flefh to be confin'd,
And order'd to be bors.
His Soul was of th' angelic Frame,
The fame Ingredients, and the Mold the fame, When the Creator makes a Minifter of Flame,

He was all form'd of heav'nly Things, Mortals, believe what my Urania fings, For fhe has feen him rife upon his flamy Wings.

## V.

How would he mount, how would he fly
Up thro' the Ocean of the Sky,
Tow'rd the celeftial Coaft!
With what amazing Swiftnefs foar
'Till Earth's dark Ball was feen no more, And all its Mountains loft
Scarce could the Mufe purfue him with her Sight :
But, Angels, you cin tell,
For oft you meet his wond'rous Flight,
And knew the Stranger well;
Say, how he paft the radiant Spheres
And vifited your happy Seats,
And trac'd the well-known Turnings of the golden Streets,
And walk'd among the Stars.
VI.

Tell how he climb'd the everlafting Hills
Surveying all the Realms above,
Borne on a ftrong-wing'd Faith, and on the fiery Wheels Of an immortal Love.
'Twas there he took a glorions Sight
Of the Inheritance of Saints in Light,
And read their Title in their Saviour's Right.
How oft the humble Scholar came,
And to your Songs he rais'd his Ears
To learn the unutterable Name,
To view th' eternal Bafe that bears
The new Creation's Frame.
The Countenance of God he faw,
Full of Mercy; full of Awe,
The Glories of his Pow's, and Glories of his Grace:

There he beheld the wond'rous Springs Of thofe celeftial facred Things, The peaceful Gofpel, and the fiery Law

In that majeftic Face.
That Face did all his gazing Powers employ
With moft profound Abafement and exalted Joy.
The Rolls of Fate were half unfeal'd,
He ftood adoring by;
The Volumes open'd to his Eye,
And fiweet Intelligence he held
With all his fhining Kindred of the Sky.

## VII.

Ye Seraphs that furround the Throne, Tell how his Name was thro' the Palace known, How warm his Zeal was, and how like your own! Speak it aloud, let half the Nation hear,

And bold Blafphemers fhrink and fear *:
Impudent Tongues, to blaft a Prophet's Name!
'The Poifon fure was fetch'd from Hell, Where the old Blafphemers dwell, To taint the pureft Duft, and blot the whitef Fame. Impudent Tongues! You fhould be darted thro',

Nail'd to your own black Mouths and lie
Ufelefs and dead till Slander die,
'Till Slander die with you.

## VHII.

"We faw him, fay th' ethereal Throng,
"We faw his warm Devotions rife,
"We heard the Fervor of his Cries,
" And mix'd his Praifes with our Song:
P 3

* Thiugh he was fo great and good a Man he did not tfare e Cenfurs.
" We knew the fecret Flights of his retiring Hours,
" Nightly he wak'd his inward Powers,
" Young Irael rofe to wrefle with his God,
" And with unconquer'd Force fcal'd the celeftial Towers,
" To reach the Blefling down for thofe that fought his "Blood.
" Oft we beheld the Thunderer's Hand
" Rais'd high to crufh the factious Foe ;
" As oft we faw the rolling Vengeance fland
" Doubtful t' obey the dread Command,
". While his afcending Pray'r upheld the falling Blow." IX.

Draw the paft Scenes of thy Delight,
My Mufe, and bring the wond'rous Man to fight.
Place him furrounded as he food
With pious Crouds, while from his Tongue
A Stream of Harmony ran foft along,
And every Ear drank in the flowing Good:
Softly it ran its filver Way,
'Till warm Devotion rais'd the Current frong:
Then fervid Zeal on the fweet Deluge rode,
Life, Love and Glory, Grace and Joy,
Divinely roll'd promifcuous on the Torrent Flood,
And bore our raptur'd Senfe away, and Thoughts and Souls to God.
O might we dwell for ever there !
No more return to breathe this groffer Air, This Atmofphere of Sin, Calamity and Care.
X.

But heavenly Scenes foon leave the Sight
While we belong to Clay;
Paffons of Terror and Delight,
Demand alternate Sway.

Behold the Man, whofe awful Voice Could well proclaim the fiery Law, Kindle the Flames that Mojes faw, And fwell the Trumpet's warlike Noife. He fands the Herald of the threat'ning Skies, Lo, on his reverend Brow the Frowns divinely rife, All Sinai's Thunder on his Tongue, and Light'ning in his Eyes.
Round the high Roof the Curfes flew
Diftinguifhing each guilty Head, Far from th' unequal War the Atheift fled,

His kindled Arrows ftill purfue, His Arrows ftrike the Atheift thro', And o'er his inmoft Powers a fhuddering Horror fpread. The Marble Heart groans with an inward Wound:

Blafpheming Souls of harden'd Steel Shriek out amaz'd at the new Pangs they feel,

And dread the Echoes of the Sound.
The lofty Wretch arm'd and array'd In gaudy Pride finks down his impious Head, Plunges in dark Defpair, and mingles with the Dead.

## XI.

Now, Mufe, affume a fofter Strain,
Now footh the Sinner's raging Smart, Borrow of GOUGE the wond'rous Art
To calm the furging Confcience, and afluage the $P_{\text {ain }}$;
He from a bleeding God derives
Life for the Souls that Guilt had fain,
And ftrait the dying Rebel lives,
The Dead arife again;
The opening Skies almoft obey
His powerful Song ; a heavenly Ray
$296 L \mathcal{L}$ L C POEMS, BookIII.
Awakes Defpair to Light, and theds a cheerful Day.
His wond'rous Voice rolls back the Spheres,
Recals the Scenes of ancient Years,
To make the Saviour known;
Sweetly the flying Charmer roves
Thro' all his Labours and his Loves,
The Anguifh of his Crofs, and Triumphs of his Throne.

## XII.

Come, he invites our Feet to try
The fteep Afcent of Calvary,
And fets the fatal Tree before our Eye:
See here celeftial Sorrow reigns;
Rude Nails and ragged Thorns lay by,
Ting'd with the Crimfon of redeeming Veins.
In wond'rous Words he fung the vital Flood
Where all our Sins were drown'd,
Words fit to heal and fit to wound,
Sharp as the Spear, and balmy as the Blood.
In his Difcourfe divine
Afrefh the purple Fountain flow'd;
Our falling Tears kept fympathetic Time,
And trickled to the Ground,
While every Accent gave a doleful Sound,
Sad as the breaking Heart-Strings of th' expiring God.

## XIII.

Down to the Manfions of the Dead,
With trembling Joy our Souls are led,
The Captives of his Tongue;
There the dear Prince of Light reclines his Head
Darknefs and Shacles among.

With pleafing Horror we furvey
The Caverns of the Tomb,
Where the belov'd Redeemer lay, And thed a fweet Perfume.
Hark, the old Earthquake roars again
In GOUGE's Voice, and breaks the Chain Of heavy Death, and rends the Tombs;

The rifing God! he comes, he comes With Throngs of waking Saints, a long triumphing Traia.

## XIV.

See the bright Squadrons of the Sky,
Downward on Wings of Joy and Hatte they fly, Meet their returning Sovereign, and attend him high.

A fhining Car the Conqueror fills,
Form'd of a golden Cloud;
Slowly the Pomp moves up the azure Hills,
Old Satan foams and yells aloud,
And gnaws th'eternal Brafs that binds him to the Wheels.
The opening Gates of Blifs receive their King,
The Father-God fmiles on his Son,
Pays him the Honours he has won, The lofty Thrones adore, and little Cherubs fing. Behold him on his native Throne,
Glory fits faft upon his Head;
Drefs'd in new Light, and beany Robes, His Hand rolls on the Seafons, and the fining Globes, And fiways the living Worlds, and Regions of the Dead.
XV.

GOUGE was his Envoy to this Realm below Vaft was his Truft, and great his Skill,

298 L TRIC POEMS, BookIII.
Bright the Credentials he could fhow,
And thoufands own'd the Seal.
His hallowed Lips could well impart
The Grace, the Promife, and Command:
He knew the Pity of IMMANUE L's Heart, And Terrors of $\mathcal{F} E$ HOVAH's Hand.
How did our Souls ftart out to hear The Embaffies of Love he bare, While every Ear in Rapture hung
Upon the charming Wonders of his Tongue.
Life's bufy Cares a facred Silence bound,
Attention ftood with all her Powers,
With fixed Eyes and Awe profound,
Chain'd to the Pleafure of the Sound,
Nor knew the flying Hours.

## XVI.

But O my everlafting Grief!
Heaven has recall'd his Envoy from our Eyes,
Hence Deluges of Sorrow rife,
Nor hope th' impoffible Relief,
Ye Remnants of the facred Tribe
Who feel the Lofs, come fhare the Smart,
And mix your Groans with mine :
Where is the Tongue that can defcribe
Infinite Things with equal Art,
Or Language fo divine?
Our Paffions want the heavenly Flame,
Almighty Love breathes faintly in our Songs, And awful Threat'nings languifh on our Tongues ;
$H O W E$ is a great but fingle Name:
Amid!t the Croud he fands alone;

## To the Memory of the Dead.

Stands yet, but with his ftarry Pinions on, Dreft for the Flight, and ready to be gone, Eternal God, command his Stay, Stretch the dear Months of his Delay ; O we could wifh his Age were one immortal Day! But when the flaming Chariot's come, And fhining Guards, t' attend thy Prophet home, Amidft a thoufand iveeping Eyes, Send an Eli乃ba down, a Soul of equal Size, Or burn this worthlefs Globe, and take us to the Skies.

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[^0]:    - Boileau.
    § Rapin.

[^1]:    * Solomon's Song was muih more in ufe among Preachers and Writers of D.vinity when thefe Puems were written than it is now. 3736.

[^2]:    220

[^3]:    * The eftablified Church of Englande
    § The Proteftant Difienters.

[^4]:    * The Proteftant Diffenters.
    $\dagger$ The Pretender:
    || She made Cbarles the Emperor's fecond Son King of Spain, whe is now Emperor of Germany.

[^5]:    * Member of Parliament for a Port in sufien.

[^6]:    * The Gofpel,

[^7]:    * Itcuriel is the Name of an Angel in Miliori's Paradife Lifo.

[^8]:    * A Frencb Critic.
    + An Englif Mafter of Mufic.

[^9]:    * Eirl of Roibuper.

[^10]:    Disenber 22, 1;07.

    Your affectionate humble Servant,

[^11]:    * My Grandfather, Mr Tbomas Wat/s, had fuch Acquaintanse with the Mathemaics, Painting, Mufic, and Poefy, \&c. as gave him confiderable Efteem among his Contemporaries. He was Commander of a Ship of War 1656 , and by blowing up of the Ship in the Dutco War he was drowned in his Youth.

[^12]:    See while I fpeak, high on her fable Wheel Old Night advancing climbs the Eaftern Hill: Troops of dark Clouds prepare her Way ; behold, How their brown Pinions edg'd with Evening Gold Spread fhadowing o'er the Houfe, and glide away Slowly purfuing the declining Day:

[^13]:    * There wasa long Row of tall Elms then ftanding where fume Years after the lower Garden was made.

